THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.
RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.
☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 2 cents; delivered by carriers (per week) 15 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00, postage pre-paid.
☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.
The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $1 75; in Clubs of Twenty and over $1 25; postage pre-paid; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club. The money must always accompany the Order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.
☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.
☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 28, 1876. NO. 173.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—Newspaper Decisions.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.
2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.
☞ REMITTANCES must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the Money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.
☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.
☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial

WILL REMOVE TO THE

IRON BUILDING,

NO. 70 FIFTH AVENUE,

About April 1st, 1876,

Where we will be happy to see all our Old Friends and Patrons.

The Commercial Print'ng Co.

FIRST EDITION.

HARRISBURG.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

Centennial Appropriation Bill Defeated.

Adjournment for State Convention.

pecial Dispatch to the Commercial.

HARRISBURG, PA., March 27, 1876.

SENATE.

The Senate met at eight o'clock P. M.

Mr. Busy endeavored to have taken up ie bill giving pensions to soldiers in the lexican war, but was ruled out of order ecause the general appropriation bill had ot been reported from the House.

The bill submitted the following, which as agreed to:

Resolved, That the Senate should adurn from one o'clock to-morrow until hursday morning at ten o'clock.

The Senate finally passed on third readg the bill making an appropriation of teen thousand dollars for an educational splay at the Centennial Exposition, and erect a suitable school house or other ilding for the purpose.

The supplementary act appropriating 0,000 for the erection of buildings for ate purposes at the Centennial Exhibion, and to defray the expenses thereof, as defeated, yeas 19, nays 11, the constitional majority having failed to vote in e affirmative.

Seeing their dilemma, the friends of the ll, namely: Messrs. Anderson, Crawrd, Cooper and Butterfield changed eir votes so as to be able to move reconderation at some future time, and thus low the bill to have another chance of ssage. It is believed that on the return many members who are absent, the ll will finally pass.

Doctor Wood opposed the bill in a ngthly speech, while Mr. Davis warmly vocated its passage.

The Governor sent the following apintments of notaries public to the Senate r confirmation: John A. Ley, Allegheny ty; Isaac Brown, Corry, Erie county.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House met at 7:30. Mr. Huhn submitted the following, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That when this House adjourns Tuesday at 1 P. M., it adjourns to meet ain on Thursday morning at ten.

Mr. Gunster submitted the following, hich was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Chairman of the mmittee on Ways and Means be and is ereby requested to report to this House e probable amount of revenue, together th the sources of the same, for the prest year, and that the Chairman of e Committee on Appropriations be d is hereby requested to report this House the probable amount expenditures, including a detailed atement of the appropriations asked for different institutions, and that said reorts be made at as early a day as possie.

It was moved to reconsider the above te by which the House adjourns from e P. M. to-morrow until Thursday mornng next, which was not agreed to, yeas 39, ys 86.

Jeter Shidle was substituted in place of aff, who has resigned, on the committee investigate the Pittsburgh municipal ater bond and Penn avenue affairs.

The general insurance bill occupied the ouse, by special order, this evening. veral amendments were adopted, aking the bill reciprocal with the legistion of other States, and perfects it.

Mr. Morgan, (Lawrence), offered an endment which was adopted, provid g that this act shall not apply to benefial societies, whether issuing policies ntaining a guaranteed sum of insurance not.

Mr. Long also offered an amendment, hich was adopted, permitting payment stock notes in five annual payments, inead of two. The bill passed second ading.

Adjourned.

enry Holloway Vindicated at Indianapolis.

NDIANAPOLIS, March 27.—The case of the ited States against Henry Holloway, Supertendent of the Indianapolis postoffice, who is indicted for using his influence with the stmaster to appoint W. C. Mason repairer of il bags at this place, suddenly terminated is morning. After the examination of Maeneral Brown, Assistant District Attorney, rd, that the Government had been aware for onths of the weakness of the case, in that it d only been presented to the court owing to e peculiar circumstances surrounding it, hich were the high standing of the parties plicated, and the fear of charges of favorsm, the case was not presented for trial. dge Gresham directed the jury to find for e defendant, which they did, without leav their seats. The vindication of Mr. Hollonaty was complete, and he was immediately rrounded and congratulated by the large owd in attendance.

sumption of Work in the Anthracite Region.

OTTSVILLE, March 27.—Of forty collieries ned and operated by the Philadelphia and ading Coal and Iron Company, twenty-five sumed work this morning. Recent heavy ins will interfere with the work to a small tent for several days. In the vicinity of enandoah all went to work, except at the obinoor and Turkey run mines, where, bese of a reduction of contract work, some the miners struck. This afternoon these on will decide whether the strike shall be ntinued.

The Whisky Trials.

HICAGO, March 25.—In the case of Pahlman Rush, distillers, this morning, the defense roduced a large number of prominent citins of Chicago who have known the defendts intimately. Their testimony showed that th of the defendants are men of high busiss standing in the community. Mr. Repp, e bookkeeper of Pahlman & Rush, testified at he never knew of any illegalities of which e defendants were accused being practised the firm, and denied that he had ever asted in affixing stamps which had been used. veral witnesses for the Government had tified that he had done this.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

robabilities for To-Day—Rain and severe al storms, variable winds, shifting to rtherly and westerly, falling followed by ing barometer, and colder, clearing weather ring the night.

dditional telegrams from Fort Fetterman that General Crook's victory over Crazy rse was a complete one, and that many of the ians who escaped must starve, as all their ovisions, ammunition, &c., was destroyed.

here was another snow storm at Omaha terday. Reports from the West say a connt succession of storms is prevailing, erything is overwhelmed with snow, and thermometer registers very low. The Union Pacific trains were delayed eight hours by w between Butler Creek and Rawlins, on nday night, and probably laid up for day.

Gold in Pittsburgh.

he names of those finding gold dollars in Gold Soap will soon be published.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

England.

LOSS OF THE EMIGRANT SHIP STRATHMORE.

LONDON, March 27.—The following details of the loss of the emigrant ship Strathmore, from this port for New Zealand, have been received: The Strathmore struck the rocks among the Crozet group of islands, South Pacific, on the 1st of July, at half-past four in the morning, and was wrecked immediately. Forty-four persons were drowned. The survivors saved nothing whatever, and were upon the rock for six months, subsisting on sea birds and their eggs. When they were rescued, they were much emaciated and almost naked. Five had died there from exposure and want. The Captain of the American whaler Young Phœnix rescued them, supplied them with clothing, and treated them with great kindness.

PROCEEDINGS OF PARLIAMENT.

In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Samuelson, member for Banbury, questioned the Government in regard to Mr. Cave's report on Egypt's present financial condition. Sir Stafford Northcote replied. He said since Mr. Cave's report was submitted to the Government, there was no reason to modify his previously expressed favorable opinion about Egyptian finances. Mr. Anderson, member for Glasgow, placed upon the notice paper a question respecting the absence of Her Majesty the Queen and Lord Derby during the Parliamentary session.

In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Plimsoll moved an amendment to the Merchant Shipping bill, providing that every British vessel, before sailing from a port of the United Kingdom, must have a certificate of sea worthiness. The Government opposed the amendment on the ground that it lessened the responsibility of ship owners. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 247 to 110.

LONDON, March 27.—In the House of Lords to-day, the Earl of Shaftsburg gave notice that if the Royal title bill should pass to second reading, he would move an address praying the Queen to assume a title more in accordance with the national history and the loyalty of her subjects than the title of Empress.

On the Stock Exchange this evening foreign securities closed dull and English railways firm.

NEWS FROM COLONEL GORDON.

LONDON, March 27.—The *Times* to-day has a special from Cairo, stating that letters have been received there from Colonel Gordon, dated at Fatico on the 3d of February. The expedition were all well. Colonel Gordon announced that he was coming to Cairo, and expected to reach England in October.

DEPARTURE OF QUEEN VICTORIA AND PARTY.

LONDON, March 27.—Queen Victoria and Princess Beatrice leave Windsor at 3:40 this afternoon for Portsmouth. They go to Cherbourg to-morrow in the yacht Victoria. Albert, Earl of Derby, Secretary of State, will accompany Her Majesty throughout the tour.

REVIEW OF THE GRAIN TRADE.

LONDON, March 27.—The *Mark Lane Express'* review of the grain trade the past week says: The tendency to improvement noticed last week has assumed the shape of a definite advance in prices, and the caution with which buyers operated lately has been succeeded by a feeling of greater confidence. This improvement is not confined to London, but is shared by all the large provincial and the majority of the Continental markets. Telegrams from Odessa report a good inquiry, with considerable shipments for Continental account. Finer weather at the end of the week had the effect of quieting the nearer foreign markets, as well as those of London and Liverpool, but we are inclined to think the lull is only temporary, in view of the probable shortness of stocks in France and Germany. Our own country markets continue scantily supplied by farmers at from two to four shillings per quarter higher. A greatly reduced quantity of English wheat, apparently, will be marketed during the next month or so. Feeding corn shared the revival of activity, and both barley and maize have risen. Flour has partaken of the improvement, and both here and abroad realizes higher prices.

RESIGNATION OF RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR—LIBERTY OF WORSHIP IN SPAIN DENOUNCED.

LONDON, March 28.—A *Times* special from Berlin states that Councilor Von Novikoff, who has been Ambassador of Russia at Vienna since 1870, has resigned in consequence of a misunderstanding with Count Andrassy, the Austrian Premier.

A Paris correspondent of the *Times* says a Papal brief addressed to the Archbishop of Toledo, denounces liberty of worship in Spain as loading the State with a great crime, and paving the way to the persecution of Catholicism.

OPPOSITION TO THE QUEEN'S NEW TITLE.

LONDON, March 27.—The *Standard* understands that there is to be no division on the second reading of the Royal Titles bill in the House of Lords. The leaders of the opposition are resolved to make a great effort to support Lord Shaftsbury's motion for an address to the Queen, praying her not to assume the title of Empress. Leading Liberals hold a meeting in St. James' Hall next Saturday to protest against the bill. A great meeting was held in Leicestershire last night, at which a resolution declaring against the assumption of the title of Empress was adopted.

The *Times* this morning gives prominence to the following: The Marquis of Huntingdon will ask Mr. Disraeli to devote one day to the discussion of Mr. Fawcett's motion for an address praying the Queen not to assume the title of Empress. It is expected that in the House of Lords the Duke of Buccleugh will second Lord Shaftsbury's motion.

Brazil.

THE VOYAGE OF THE EMPEROR.

RIO JANEIRO, March 27.—The Emperor of Brazil, who sailed yesterday for the United States, will not touch at Bahia on account of the quarantine existing there. He will, however, touch at Pernambuco and Para.

Austria.

MINISTER ORTH COMING HOME.

VIENNA, March 27.—The American Minister, Mr. Orth, is at present in Italy with his family. He will sail from Liverpool for New York some time in May. Mr. J. F. Delaplaine, Secretary of Legation, will act as Charge d'Affairs.

Turkey.

HERZEGOVINANS IN AUSTRIAN TERRITORY.

RAGUSA, March 27.—Ali Pasha, Governor of Herzegovina; Mustapha Pasha and Vassa Effendi, pacification commissioners, and Baron Rodick, Governor of Dalmatia, are here conferring about a method of dealing with the inhabitants of Herzegovina who have taken refuge in Austrian territory.

LONDON, March 27.—A *Times* special from Odessa says a million and a quarter is wanting to complete the payment of the Turkish coupon due in January last. The Ottoman Bank refuses further advances. The breach between the Government and the bank is daily widening.

Germany.

THE IMPERIAL REVENUE.

BERLIN, March 27.—The *Reichanzeiger* announces that the Imperial revenue for the year 1875 falls $2,800,090 short of what was anticipated. The savings effected, however, exceeded the estimate by $6,825,000, thus giving a surplus of over $4,000,000.

AN OFFICIAL DECLARATION FROM SERVIA.

VIENNA, March 27.—The *Political Correspondence* newspaper reports that the Servia Minister of Foreign Affairs has just made the following official declaration to Prince Urede, diplomatic agent of Austria at Belgrade: The Servian Government has no intention whatever of attacking Turkey or of impeding the work of pacification undertaken by the great Powers—a course which might subject Servia to collective proceedings on the part of the great Powers. Servia's military preparations are merely due to the completion of her military organization. It is stated that the mission of Petrovic, the Montenegrin foreign minister at Grapava, to induce the insurgents to stop fighting and prevent foreigners from joining them, has failed.

France.

THE ASSEMBLY.

VERSAILLES, March 27.—In the Chamber of Deputies the election of M. Haertjens, Bonapartist, was annulled by a vote of 288 to 168. M. Duportail, Radical, introduced a bill authorizing a special grant of $20,000 to meet the expense of sending French workmen to the Philadelphia Exhibition.

Marine News.

LONDON, March 27.—The steamships Italia and Parthia, from New York, has arrived out.

CASUALTIES.

A Collision in the Harbor of Rio Jeneiro.

NEW YORK, March 27.—A special from Rio Janeiro says that the steamship Hevetius, in which the Emperor and Empress of Brazil are coming to this country, while steaming out of the harbor of Rio Janeiro yesterday, came in collision with a Brazilian transport. The Hevetius being uninjured, proceeded on her voyage. The mishap caused, for a time, great excitement.

A Sea Captain and His Wife Drowned.

PORTLAND, ME., March 27.—The schooner Harriet Newell went ashore on Bluff Island, yesterday. The Captain and his wife were drowned.

Eight Persons Drowned.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., March 27.—The brig A. Porter went ashore on White Island yesterday. The Captain and seven men were drowned, the first mate being the only one saved.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Attempted to Murder His Ex-Wife.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 27.—William Redmond attempted to shoot his divorced wife this morning, and failing in this, then shot himself in the head. He may die.

A Murderer to be Hung.

BOSTON, March 27.—Thomas W. Piper, formerly sexton of the Warner street church, and convicted of the murder of Mabel Young in that building on the 3d of May last, was to-day sentenced to be hanged.

The Mississippi Impeachment Business.

JACKSON, MISS., March 27.—The House managers to-day filed two additional articles of impeachment against Governor Ames, to the effect that in consideration of $2,800 paid the Superintendent of the penitentiary and $200 paid to a member of the Legislature, the Governor pardoned one Alexander Smith, sentenced to the penitentiary for life for rape. Ames' counsel was allowed till Wednesday to make answer. Roger A. Pryor and Thomas J. Durant are the Governor's counsel.

Arrival of a Splendid Piano.

A magnificent grand Piano, of the famous Steinway manufacture, has just arrived from New York, where it was specially selected for one of our most distinguished lady pianistes. It is a truly choice instrument, such an one as only Steinway in his happiest inspirations can produce, and it is fully worthy of the fine performer for whom it was intended.

We speak of Mrs. Josiah Cohen, than whom the city contains no finer or more finished pianiste, and whose choice of the Steinway manufacture does as much credit to her artistic taste as it does honor to Steinway. It must be remembered that Mrs. Cohen has been importuned and approached by numerous music dealers and manufacturers, and that her preference for the Steinway was made in the face of the most extraordinary offers in the way of reduced prices, etc. But a Steinway was considered the only instrument suited to the proper interpretations of the classical masters. This superb instrument will remain on exhibition during this day at the music store of Kleber & Bro., from whom it was bought.

KENTUCKY ELECTION CASE.

Opinion by Chief Justice Waite—The Federal Election Law Held to be Unconstitutional.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Chief Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court in the Kentucky election case. It is very lengthy. After stating that the United States abandon the first and third counts, and expressly waive consideration of all claims not arising out of the enforcement of the Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution, the opinion details the provisions of the amendment, and says: "The power of Congress to legislate at all upon the subject of voting at State elections rests upon this amendment. The effect of article 1, section 4, of the Constitution in respect to elections for Senators and Representatives is not now under consideration. It has not been contended, nor can it be, that the amendment confers authority to impose a penalty for every wrongful refusal to receive the vote of a qualified elector at State elections. It is only when the wrongful refusal at such an election is because of race, color or previous condition of servitude that Congress can interfere and provide for its punishment. If, therefore, the third and fourth sections of the act are beyond that limit, they are unauthorized. The statute contemplates a most important change in the election laws. Previous to its adoption the States, as a general rule, regulated in their own way all details of all elections. They prescribed the qualifications of voters and the manner in which those offering to vote at an election should make known their qualifications to the officers in charge. This act interferes with this practice, and prescribes rules not provided by the laws of the States. It substitutes, under certain circumstances, a performance wrongfully prevented for the performance itself. If the elector makes and presents his affidavit in form and to the effect prescribed, the inspectors are to treat this as equivalent of the specified requirement of the State law. This is a radical change in practice, and the statute which creates it should be explicit in its terms. Nothing should be left to construction, if it can be avoided. The law ought not to be in such condition that an elector may act upon one idea of its meaning and the inspector upon another. The elector, under the provisions of the statute, is only required to state in his affidavit that he has been wrongfully prevented by the officer from qualifying. There are no words of limitation in this part of the section. In a case like this, if an affidavit is in the language of the statute, it ought to be sufficient both for the voter and the inspector. Laws which prohibit the doing of things and provide a punishment for their violation, should have no double meaning. A citizen should not unnecessarily be placed where, by the construction of a penal statute, he may be subjected to a prosecution for a false oath; and an inspector of elections should not be put in jeopardy because he, with equal honesty, entertains an opposite opinion. If this statute limits a wrongful act which will justify an affidavit as to discrimination on account of race, &c., then a citizen who makes an affidavit that he has been wrongfully prevented by the officer, which is true in the ordinary sense of that term, subjects himself to indictment and trial if not to conviction, because it is not true that he has been prevented by such a wrongful act as the statute contemplates; and if there is no such limitation, but any wrongful act of exclusion will justify the affidavit and give the right to vote without the actual performance of prerequisite, then the inspector who rejects the vote because he reads the law in its limited sense and thinks it is confined to a wrongful discrimination on account of race, &c., subjects himself to prosecution, if not to punishment, because he has misconstrued the law.

When we go beyond the third section and read the fourth, we find there no words of limitation, or reference even, that can be construed as manifesting an intention to confine its provisions to the terms of the Fifteenth Amendment. That section has for its object the punishment of all persons who, by force, bribery, &c., hinder, delay, &c., any person from qualifying or voting. In view of all these facts, we feel compelled to say that in our opinion the language of the third and fourth sections does not confine their operation to unlawful discriminations on account of race, &c. If Congress had power to provide generally for the punishment of those who unlawfully interfere to prevent the exercise of the elective franchise without regard to such discrimination, the language of these sections would be broad enough for that purpose.

It remains now to consider whether a statute so general as this in its provisions can be made available for the punishment of those who may be guilty of unlawful discriminations against citizens of the United States while exercising the elective franchise on account of their race, &c. There is no attempt in the sections now under consideration to provide specifically for such an offense. If the case is provided for at all, it is because it comes under the general prohibition against any wrongful act or unlawful obstruction in this particular. We are, therefore, called on to decide whether a penal statute enacted by Congress, with its limited powers, which provides in general language broad enough to cover wrongful acts without as well as within the constitutional jurisdiction, so as to make it operate only on that which Congress may rightfully prohibit and punish. For this purpose we must take these sections of the statutes as they are. We are not able to reject a part which is unconstitutional and retain the remainder because it is not possible to separate that which is unconstitutional, if there be any such, from that which is not. The proposed effect is not to be attained by striking out or disregarding words that are in the section, but by inserting those that are not now there. Each of the sections must stand as a whole or fail altogether. The language is plain. There is no room for construction, unless it is as to the effect of the Constitution. The question, then, to be determined is, whether we can introduce words of limitation into a penal statute so as to make it specific, when, as expressed, it is general only. It would certainly be dangerous if a Legislature could set a net large enough to catch all possible offenders, and leave it to the courts to step inside and say who could be rightfully detained and who should be set at large. This would to some extent substitute the judicial for the legislative department of the Government. The courts enforce the legislative will when ascertained, if within the constitutional grant of power. Within its legitimate sphere, Congress is supreme, and beyond the control of the courts; but if it steps outside of its constitutional limitation and attempts that which is beyond its reach, the courts are authorized to, and when called upon in due course of legal proceedings, must annul its encroachments upon the reserved power of the States and people. To limit this statute in the manner now asked for would be to make a new law, not to enforce an old one. This is no part of our duty. We must, therefore, decide that Congress has not as yet provided by appropriate legislation for the punishment of the offense charged in the indictment, and that the Circuit Court properly sustained the demurrers and gave judgment for the defendants. This makes it unnecessary to answer any of the other questions certified, since the law gives the presiding judge the casting vote in cases of division, and authorizes a judgment in accordance with his opinion. Rev. Stat., sec. 65. If we find that the judgment as rendered is correct, we need not do more than affirm, if, however, we reverse all the questions certified, which may be considered in the final determination of the case according to the opinion we expressed should be answered, the judgment of the Circuit is affirmed. Dissenting, Mr. Justice P. Hunt. Mr. Justice Clifford dissented from the opinion but concurred in the judgment.

THE FLOODS.

Mills Stopped in Massachusetts.

LAWRENCE, March 27.—Some 5,000 or 6,000 mill operatives here are idle to-day, owing to the stoppage of many of the mills in consequence of the unprecedented high water. All the mills along Speckel river are stopped. Serious damage has been done at several points, but fortunately the rivers are free from ice. The water on the Merrimac, this morning, was forty-one feet above the dam, and though the river had fallen four inches at noon, still higher water is predicted.

The Danger Line Almost Reached at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 27.—There is great alarm here of a disastrous overflow of the river, which is now within nine inches of the danger line and rising steadily. At Devil's Elbow, forty miles above here, it cut through the neck yesterday, shortening the river some fifteen or twenty miles. A steady rain was falling this morning, with good prospects of a continuance.

A Stampede in Cherry Valley.

WORCESTER, MASS., March 27.—The top of the Paxton dam down to the piling gave way this morning and caused a panic below. The manufacturers are removing their goods along the stream, and in the narrow gorge of Cherry Valley the citizens are removing their chattels and families to the hills. The stream runs into the Blackstone river through a series of reservoirs.

Damage by the Breaking of Mossy Pond Dam, at Clinton, Mass.

BOSTON, March 27.—Later advices from Clinton, Massachusetts, show that the damage occasioned by the giving way of the Mossy Pond dam was even greater than at first estimated, and that $200,000 will hardly cover it. It is not known that any lives were lost, but it is reported that two men are missing who are known to have been in one of the buildings destroyed. The scene to-day for a distance of two miles on the track of the waters recalls the terrible Mill river disaster. About two o'clock on Sunday it became evident that there was danger, and efforts were made to strengthen the dam with mattresses, bales of hay and small trees, but all efforts were unavailing. The dyke melted like snow, and at three o'clock the waters burst forth with a mighty rush, sweeping away everything in their path. Trees were twisted, snapped and uprooted; earth and boulders were torn from between the hills, leaving a rough gorge several rods in width, and after passing Fullerville down to the branch of Nashua river, the water had a scope of a large interval, and without further obstacle was carried off by the river. The summary of buildings destroyed includes the Clinton tannery, Fullerville Company's factory, comb factory and four other buildings. The principal losses are at Fullerville, which is now a complete ruin where was a thriving manufacturing settlement. The company occupied five buildings, hardly a vestige of which now remains.

Heavy Losses in Connecticut—Five Men Drowned.

BOSTON, March 27.—Details continue to be received of the losses by Saturday's storm. Dams continued breaking yesterday and to-day. The losses in the neighborhood of Clinton, Mass., aggregate $350,000, and about Norwich, Ct., the same amount. At Taftsville, Ct., five men were drowned by the washing away of a dam-embankment they were strengthening. The aggregate loss in New England is enormous.

Arrests in Louisiana for Intimidating an Officer.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—John A. Lamon, John A. Dougherty, Cornelius Carig, Andrew Jackson, Charles K. Davis, James McTea, Edward Wells, John Fisher, William G. Randolph and Dr. J. W. Dupree, citizens of East Baton Rouge, were arrested at the instance of Parish Judge George P. Davis, and brought to this city. They are charged with conspiracy and intimidation, in violation of article 5,518 of the Revised Statutes. Some months ago the parties above named attended a public meeting, the object of which was to secure the resignation of Parish Judge Davis. Davis resigned, but Kellogg did not appoint a successor, and Davis continued in office. About a month ago another meeting was held, and a committee appointed to notify Davis that the people would not longer be responsible for his protection. Davis then left the parish. It now appears that, besides being Parish Judge, Davis was clerk in the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue, and the parties were arrested charged with interfering with him in the discharge of his duties as a revenue clerk. The prisoners pleaded "not guilty," and were bailed in $5,000 each.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Washington's Delegation to Republican State Convention.

Pittsburgh Men to be Heard on Iron Tariff.

No Prospect of Passage of the Morrison Bill.

Looking After the Witkowski Indictments.

Theft of Pierrepoint's Confidential Circular.

BABCOCK TO HAVE A MILITARY TRIAL.

NO PROSPECT OF DANA'S CONFIRMATION.

Army Headquarters to be Returned to Washington.

Committee Nearly Ready for Impeachment of Belknap.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27, 1876.

Going to the Pennsylvania Convention.

Representatives Wallace, Ross and Freeman will leave to-morrow for the Republican Convention at Harrisburg, also the following delegates from the Pennsylvania Republican Association here: Henry C. Rogers, H. M. Myers, J. A. Doyle, R. E. Chapman and R. G. Colbaugh. The representatives are strongly for Blaine. It is intimated in well advised quarters here that Conkling will be the second choice of the delegates to the National Convention.

A Pittsburgh Delegation to be Heard.

James Park, Jr., and others from Pittsburgh, will appear before the Committee on Ways and Means to-morrow, against any change in the duties on iron. There are now serious doubts whether the bill will ever even pass the House. It certainly will not the Senate. The manufacturers of Pittsburgh have no occasion to fear this bill.

Gen. Negley

is in the city. It is intimated that he is looking after the two indictments pending against him in the Criminal Court of this District, and also some peculiar financial transactions.

Colored Man to Go to Cincinnati.

Ex-Mayor Sayles J. Bowen and A. M. Green, colored, were to-night elected delegates from this District to the Cincinnati Convention. The Board of Public Works party was extinguished.

Pierrepont's Confidential Circular.

In his examination, the Attorney General, before the Judiciary Committee to-day, justified his circular letter as a confidential communication to the District Attorney, believing that there was a danger that many guilty persons would escape with a lighter punishment than desirable. The evidence before the committee shows conclusively that Babcock purloined this letter, to be used in his own defense, and that he justifies his action by saying that a drowning man will sieze every chance to save himself. The developments in this case, it is believed, will certainly lead to a military trial of Babcock.

Dana's Nomination Considered in Executive Session.

The nomination of Dana as Minister to England was to-day considered in executive session. Boutwell and Dawes made speeches in his favor, and Cameron against him. Dawes admitted to-night that he could now see no chance of confirmation. Two-thirds of the Democrats will vote against him.

Army Headquarters to be Returned.

General Sherman said to-day that the new Secretary of War having expressed a wish that the headquarters of the army should be returned to Washington, he had assented to the change, if the embarrassments which had surrounded him before were remedied. It was decided that the General of the Army should exercise the prerogatives of his office without interference. Under Belknap, that enterprising functionary sent orders to the army, leaving the general to find them out as best he could. It is proposed to place the Adjutant General's office under the direction of the General.

Impeachment of Belknap.

The sub-Committee of the Judiciary completed their investigation to-night, and will report to the full committee to-morrow. The articles of impeachment of Belknap, it is now believed, will be read to-morrow or next day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27, 1876.

TEXAS PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL DISCUSSED IN SENATE COMMITTEE.

The Senate Committee on Pacific Railroads to-day discussed the Texas Pacific bill and other propositions in regard to the construction of a trans-continental railroad on or near the thirty-second parallel, but arrived at no conclusion, and postponed further consideration of the whole subject for two weeks.

THE HAMLIN POSTAL BILL REPORTED FAVORABLY.

The postage bill reported favorably from the Senate Postage Committee to-day is Hamlin's measure, amended so as to provide that the rate for third-class mail matter shall be one cent per ounce for any distance not exceeding one thousand miles, and two cents per ounce for distances over one thousand miles. The amended bill also provides that transient newspapers and magazines shall pay postage for any distance at the rate of one cent for every three ounces, and one cent for each two ounces or fractional part of two ounces additional.

FEDERAL ELECTION LAW AND ENFORCEMENT ACT DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

The Supreme Court to-day decided that the federal election law, under which certain white parties were indicted for interfering with the exercise of the suffrage of colored voters, is unconstitutional and void. It is understood the court in the Grant parish case will to-day decide the enforcement act unconstitutional, thus affirming the opinion of Justice Bradley in the court below.

COL. NEW'S RESIGNATION WITHHELD.

Colonel New has withheld for the present his resignation of the office of United States Treasurer. This he does at the request of the President and Secretary Bristow.

NEW COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

The Senate confirmed to-day the nomination of John A. Bentley, of Wisconsin, as Commissioner of Pensions, vice Charles R. Gill, resigned.

CHRISTIANCY'S SUBSTITUTE.

The following is the proposition offered by Mr. Christiancy and accepted by Mr. Morton as a substitute for the latter's resolution relating to affairs in Mississippi:

WHEREAS, It is alleged that the late election in Mississippi in 1875 for members of Congress and State officers and members of the Legislature was characterized by great fraud committed upon and violence exercised towards colored citizens of that State, and white citizens disposed to support their rights at the election, and especially that colored voters, on account of their color, race or previous condition of servitude, were by intimidation and force deterred from voting or compelled to vote contrary to their wishes for candidates and in support of parties to whom they were opposed, and their right to the free exercise of the elective franchise as secured by the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution thus practically denied and violated, and that such intimation has been since continued for the purpose of affecting future elections; and whereas, the people of all the United States have an interest in and a right to insist upon the enforcement of this constitutional amendment, and Congress having power to enforce it by appropriate legislation, cannot properly neglect the duty of providing the necessary legislation for this purpose; therefore,

Resolved, That a committee of five Senators be appointed by the chair to investigate the truth of these allegations, and to inquire how far these constitutional rights have in said election been violated by force, fraud or intimidation, and to inquire and report to the Senate, before the end of the present session, whether any, and if so what, further legislation is necessary to secure to said colored citizens the free enjoyment of their constitutional rights, and that said committee be empowered to visit said State, to send for persons and papers, to take testimony, and to use all necessary processes for these purposes.

TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

J. Thieron Montaubon, Minister of San Domingo to France, is dead.

The Vienna *Deutsche Zeitung* reports that five Russian correspondents have been expelled from Croatia.

J. A. Sargent, of Manchester, N. H., contradicts the published statement that he paid ex-Secretary Belknap $12,000 to obtain contracts, and pronounces the story unqualifiedly false.

Michael Edwards, Sr., died at Moundsville, W. Va., yesterday, in his one hundred and ninth year. Up to a very recent period he retained all his faculties perfectly and exhibited few indications and none of the infirmities of extreme old age.

That hog story about Secretary Bristow is reported by a *Courier-Journal* correspondent to have been related in jest to a representative of an Ohio journal, who was out looking up sensations. The man who told it is now surprised that his auditor believed the yarn.

W. H. Coffin, formerly acting Vice President of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, stated that the whole story of Senator Thurman's concern in an alleged conspiracy to pass two land grant bills through Congress in 1872 and 1873 for this road by improper means is a fabrication.

Rising Sun Flour

will please your particular customers.

GRANT PARISH CASE.

Important Decision by the United States Supreme Court—Discharge of the Defendants Ordered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—The decision of the Supreme Court in the Grant Parish case is very elaborate. It says: There is nothing to show that the elections voted at were any other than State elections, or that a conspiracy was formed on account of the race of the parties against whom the conspirators were to act. The charge, as made, is really of nothing more than a conspiracy to commit a breach of the peace within a State. Certainly it will not be claimed that the United States have the power or are required to do mere police duty in the States. If a State cannot protect itself against domestic violence, the United States may, upon the call of the executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened, lend their assistance for that purpose. This is a guaranty of the Constitution, article 4, section 4; but it applies to no case like this. We are, therefore, of opinion that the first, second, third, fourth, seventh, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth and fifteenth counts do not contain charges of a criminal nature made indictable under the laws of the United States, and that, consequently, they are not good and sufficient in law. They do not show that it was the intent of the defendants by their conspiracy to hinder or prevent the enjoyment of any right granted or secured by the Constitution.

We come now to consider the fifth and thirteenth and eighth and sixteenth counts, which may be brought together for that purpose. The intent charged in the fifth and thirteenth is to hinder and prevent parties in their respective exercise and enjoyment of the rights, privileges, immunities and protection granted and secured to them respectively as citizens of the United States and as citizens of said State of Louisiana, for the reason that they being then and there citizens of said State and of the United States, were persons of African descent and race and persons of color, and not white citizens thereof, and in the sixth to hinder and prevent them in their several and respective free exercise and enjoyment of every, each, all and singular, the several rights and privileges granted and secured to them by the Constitution and laws of the United States. The same general statement of rights to be interfered with is found in the fifth and thirteenth counts. According to the view we take of these counts, the question is not whether it is enough in general to describe a statutory offense in the language of the statute, but whether the offense has here been described at all. The statute provides for the punishment of those who conspire to injure, oppress, threaten or intimidate any citizen with intent to prevent or hinder his free exercise and enjoyment of any right or privilege granted or secured to him by the Constitution or laws of the United States. These counts in the indictment charge, in substance, that the intent in this case was to hinder and prevent these citizens in the free exercise and enjoyment of every, each, all and singular the rights granted them by the Constitution. The accused has the right to have a specification of the charge against him in this respect, in order that he may decide whether he should present his defence by motion to quash, demurrer or plea, and the court that it may determine whether the facts will sustain the indictment, so there the crime is made to consist in unlawful combination with an intent to prevent the enjoyment of any right granted by the Constitution, &c. All rights are not so granted or secured; whether one is so or not is a question of law to be decided by the Court, not the prosecutor. Therefore the indictment should state the particulars to inform the Court as well as the accused. It must be made to appear, that is to say, appear from the indictment without going further, that the acts charged will, if proven, support a conviction for the offense alleged. The conclusion is irresistible that these counts are too vague and general. They lack the certainty and precision required by the established rules of criminal pleading. It follows that they are not good and sufficient in law. They are so defective that no judgment of conviction should be pronounced on them. The order of the Circuit Court arresting judgment upon the verdict is, therefore, affirmed, and the cause remanded with instructions to discharge the defendants. Justice Clifford dissented from the opinion, but concurred in the judgment.

Reorganization in Columbus, O., Penitentiary.

COLUMBUS, O., March 27.—The new Board of Penitentiary Directors, after a prolonged session, have appointed John H. Grove, of Columbus, as Warden; Chas. Hamer, of Columbus, Clerk; Geo. S. Bell, of Columbus, Assistant Clerk; R. A. McIntyre, of Union county, Steward; R. R. Williams, of Cincinnati, Chaplain, and D. Holderman, of Columbus, as Physician.

In the House the Senate bill to re-enact the law allowing students to vote at places where they are attending school, was passed.

BANK ROBBERS FOILED.

The Value of a Plucky Cashier—The Story of the Daring Plot to Rob the National Bank of Chambersburg—Lying in Wait Nearly a Year—A Hand-to-Hand Contest—A Party of the Name of Johnson, from Pittsburgh, Implicated.

[Special Correspondence of the Philadelphia Times.]

CHAMBERSBURG, March 26.—A bold but unsuccessful attempt was made about nine o'clock last evening to rob the National Bank of Chambersburg. The particulars of the occurrence are as follows: About a year ago a man, giving his name as Ralph L. Rollins, came here and engaged rooms at the Washington House for himself, wife and an invalid brother-in-law. They remained at this house some four or five months, but for some reasons left and went to the National Hotel, where the party (with the exception of the brother-in-law) have remained ever since. The sick boy was sent home either in August or September last. Rollins represented himself to have been a General in the Southern army, that he resided in New Orleans, and his visit here was solely on account of the health of his brother-in-law, who was in the last stages of consumption. He and his wife were well educated and apparently very refined in their manners and customs. They succeeded in gaining the confidence of the first families of the town, among others that of George R. Messersmith, Esq., cashier of the National Bank, with whom they had become very intimate, scarcely a day passing without one or the other calling. Last evening about eight o'clock Mr. L. B. Kindline (who resides with Mr. Messersmith) answered the door-bell, and found Rollins, in company with another man, who was introduced as "his friend, Mr. Johnson." Rollins inquired if Mr. Messersmith was at home, and after being informed that he was not, remarked that they would probably call again during the evening. About nine o'clock Mr. Kindline again answered the bell and found the same parties in waiting. Knowing the intimacy that existed between them he at once escorted them to Mr. Messersmith's private office, in the rear of the banking-room. Rollins introduced his friend Johnson, and remarked that they had called to purchase Mr. Messersmith's farm. After a few moments' conversation on this subject, they asked permission to deposit an envelope containing $10,000 for safe keeping during the night. This was granted, and the vault opened to put it away. After discussing some questions in regard to issuing a draft, the signal was given by Rollins and both men seized Mr. M. and endeavored to gag him, flourishing a dagger and revolver in his face to intimidate him. In this, as in all their efforts, they were unsuccessful, for Mr. M. not only succeeded in removing the gag every time it was put on, but actually threw Johnson on the floor, and finally opened the door leading to the dining room and cried "Murder!" This alarmed the would-be robbers, who at once fled, taking with them a package containing $30,000. They ran to the front hall door, where they were met by Mr. Kindline, who declined opening it, although Rollins held a revolver at his breast, threatening to shoot if he did not. They then ran out the back way, but were here confronted by William Scott, a young colored man, who happened to be in the kitchen. Rollins and Johnson jumped from the balcony down eight or nine steps. In doing this Rollins fell and was at once seized by Scott, who held him until assistance arrived. The $30,000, together with two revolvers and a large knife, were taken from him, and he was at once placed in jail. Johnson succeeded in escaping for the time, reaching London about one o'clock. This morning he took the train for Martinsburg, but was recognized at Mercersburg by ex-Sheriff Greenewalt, who had gone there in search of him. He was brought here at noon, and in default of $30,000 was committed to await his trial. Johnson arrived here March 9, and registered at the National Hotel as being from Pittsburgh. He is an intelligent, fine-looking man, about thirty years of age, and does not look like the desperate man he certainly must be. Three different lots of burglars' tools, gowns, masks, etc., have been found in lots adjoining the bank property, showing conclusively that there were other parties outside who were interested in the job. The impression is that the plan was to gag the whole household, five in number, as that many gags have been found. It is altogether likely that other arrests may be made. The excitement in the town last night and to-day has been very great, indeed so high did it run last night that it looked as though lynch law might prevail in Rollins' case. The bank does not lose one cent, but on the other hand are ahead $85, this being the amount found in the package which they said contained $10,000. Mr. Messersmith, though somewhat shocked and bruised from the rough treatment received, is at his post to-day.

INDUSTRIAL AND BUSINESS NOTES.

The quantity of salt imported from Goderich and Kincardine, Canada, to the United States, in 1875, amounted to 24,000 tons, while the total exports of salt from the United States amounted to only a little over 4,000 tons.

The river has been at a good rafting stage for several days, and considerable lumber has passed this point, but not nearly the usual quantity. Two causes have operated to produce this result, viz: The low price of lumber during the last two years, and the want of snow to get in stock during the winter. But with the present run, with fair prices, this section will be materially benefited.—*Warren, Pa., Ledger.*

Rysdick's famous stallion, Hambletonian, died at Chester, New York, on Sunday night, aged about twenty-eight years. He was the sire of the most noted and valuable trotting stock in the country.

Buy White River

put up, now, in sealed bags. Best flour for the money in the United States.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL house of five or six rooms. Address, stating location and rent, A. M., this office.

WANTED—BOILERMAKERS—SOME first class Boilermakers. Apply immediately to CONNELLY BROS., Petrolia, Butler county, Pa.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO USE Abel's Vermin Exterminator. It has no equal for banishing Rats, Mice and Roaches. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED—AN OCCUPANT—FOR A good and large Front Room, furnished or unfurnished, with boarding, in house almost new, at No. 96 Wylie avenue. Inquire of MRS. A. STEELE.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE MAN—With some capital, to take the general agency for a staple article used by everybody. A permanent cash business in a monopoly. Address GREENWICH MANUF'G CO., 76 Reade street, N. Y.

WANTED—50 ENERGETIC MEN—TO attend stands of an improved novelty at the Centennial, for which liberal wages are offered. Address, with particulars and references, enclosing 50 cents for correspondence, with references, &c., G. T. LEFORT & CO., Brokers, No. 363 Bowery, New York.

WANTED—HOUSE—TO RENT OR purchase good House of 8 or 9 Rooms, with all modern conveniences; lot not less than 50 feet front and 100 to 150 feet deep, in good neighborhood; Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth or Twentieth wards preferred. Address, stating price, location and all particulars, H. S. M., Lock Box 242, Pittsburgh Postoffice. MWS

WANTED—SITUATION—AS GARDENER by an experienced man (single). Holds certificates of the highest order from highly respectable people, in whose employ he has been. He has grown the largest Hamburg grapes ever exhibited in this country. Address, GEORGE LAZENBY, Forty-eighth and Chestnut streets, West Philadelphia.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—AT ONCE.
1 of $3,000, 2 or 3 years.
2 of $5,000, 2 or 3 years each.
1 of $1,500, 3 years.
2 of $1,000, 2 or 3 years each.
3 of $500, 2 or 3 years each.
THOS. K. PETTY,
158 Fourth avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A MAN who for the past five years has been Manager and Bookkeeper for a manufacturer in this city. Is conversant with commercial transactions, accounting, merchandizing and several branches of manufacturing, having had twenty-five years of active and varied business experience. Best of reference as to ability and character. Main object is a connection with a good, reliable firm, commercial institution or railway office. Name and address can be obtained at this office, or address W., Commercial office.

WANTED—TO SELL—ONE THOUSAND Cook Stoves, the cheapest and best in the city. Every Stove warranted a first class baker. Call and examine at 317 Liberty street.

WANTED—PARTIES DESIRING A regular line of Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Washboards, Ringers, Sad Irons, Coal Buckets, Clothes Bars, Step Ladders, Tinware and everything needed in a kitchen, cheap for cash. Call at 317 Liberty street.

WANTED—TO SELL OR RENT—Very fine Residence on Greenfield avenue, ten minutes' walk from Laughlin's Station. The house contains 8 Rooms, with wide porch, full length of house, and porch in front of kitchen, and hall through center of house, cistern at door, with lawns, roads and walks, and plenty of flowers well laid out with 7 acres of ground, large orchards, with every variety of fruit trees, shrubbery, &c., with large stable, carriage house and hay loft; spring house, with excellent spring of soft water, and one of the finest views in the country. Will rent the house and board with tenant if desired. For further information inquire of WM. McKEE, 317 Liberty street.

WANTED—TO RENT—THAT DESIRABLE Bake House, with oven, formerly occupied by John Sheperd, at 317 Liberty street. Also, one second and third story large room, well lighted, suitable for commission or offices, or manufacturing light ware.

WANTED—TO SELL—A GOOD OPPORTUNITY for any person wanting to go into the Stove and Housefurnishing Business. Want to sell my entire large stock of Stoves, Grate Fronts, Fenders and Housefurnishing Goods, and good will of business and lease. Shelving, Safe and everything connected with the same. Having a large stock, bought for cash, and a good trade, I can offer extraordinary inducements, as I am not able to attend to this and my other business. Call and examine at 317 Liberty street.

WANTED TO SELL—50 BUILDING Lots on Greenfield avenue, five minutes' walk from Laughlin's Station, close to bridge across Four Mile Run, and adjoining new school house, at reasonable price and long payments. WM. McKEE, 317 Liberty street, or on premises. TUS

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A PARTNER—EITHER Active, Silent or Special, with a cash capital of $12,000 or $15,000, to invest in an old and well established Manufacturing Business. Will show good profits and good reasons for selling. Finance in good condition. Address, in real name, PIKE, Commercial office. TUS

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THREE SMALL HOUSES in the Twelfth ward, cheap. Address OWNER, Box 14, this office.

FOR SALE—LEATHER AND RUBBER Belting, Hose and Oils of every description, by THORP & CO., No. 144 Water street.

FOR SALE—BURIAL LOT—BEST LOCATION in Allegheny Cemetery; size, 12x15 feet, inclosed. For terms address Box 198 Cumberland, Md. WS

FOR SALE—ENGINE—A SMALL Second Hand Engine and Boiler will be sold very low. Apply to CULMER SPRING CO., corner Twenty-sixth and Liberty streets.

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 3 Portables, 6 second-hand Engine Lathes, 1 Planer. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON THE LINE of the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Roup's Station, 4 houses; also, 2 fine brick houses, near Dallas Station. The above property can be had cheap and on reasonable terms.

FOR SALE—A CARRIAGE—A TWO-HORSE Close Bodied Carriage in good order; it is large, strong and well calculated for livery purposes or family use; will be sold cheap. Inquire of J. K. MOORHEAD, 92 Diamond street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and good SECOND HAND BOILERS in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 12 Water street. R. MUNROE, Successor to WATSON & MUNROE.

FOR SALE—THE HAWKIN'S PATENT Improved Blower, for Rolling Mills, Forges, Furnaces, Planing Mills, &c. The best and cheapest made. Also, a full stock of Set and Cap Screws, Judson Governors, Belting and Manufacturers' Supplies, generally. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—RAILROAD CARS—NINE Gondola (eight wheel), four with Coke frames attached, at $125 each. Six Dump (side) Cars (four wheel) at $40 each, gauge 4 feet 8½ inches. Twenty-seven Ore Bank Cars, capacity two tons, gauge 33 inches, at $7 each. Address P. O. Box 262, Wheeling, W. Va.

FOR SALE—TROTTER—A VERY fine Bay Horse, sixteen hands high, sound in every way, and can trot fast, is now offered for sale by the owner. Is a fine stylish driver. Can be seen at the stables of PATTERSON BROS., No. 6 Seventh avenue, for a few days.

FOR SALE—NO. 243 ALLEGHENY avenue, Allegheny city. The House is nearly new, has 10 Rooms, is well planned and the neighborhood first-class. The Lot is 23 feet 9 inches by 140 feet deep to paved street or alley. Will be sold low and very accommodating terms. Apply to THOS. F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE—ONE of the finest business properties on Fifth avenue, between Smithfield and Market. Will sell at a low figure, and take in exchange a business property on Liberty street, Smithfield street or Wood street, north, say $20,000; about $25,000 cash and balance mortgage on the property, to suit buyer, with interest. Apply to THOMAS F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR SALE—ONE-FOURTH, ONE-HALF or all of the Garrett's Run Saw and Planing Mill Property, 1½ miles below Kittanning, on line of A. V. R. R. and Allegheny river. Mills new and machinery in good working order. Storehouse and warerooms, five tenant houses, blacksmith and wagonmaker shops, 12 acres of land, and good water power, if put to use. Apply to JOHN PATTERSON, on premises, Manorville P. O., Armstrong county, Pa.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—COTTAGE—Beautiful Suburban French Cottage, situate on Herron avenue, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa., containing 7 rooms, hall and pantry, with marble and iron mantles throughout the house; water and range in kitchen, all in complete order. Lot 60 by 155 feet deep to Anderson street; rent low to a good tenant; or, if sold, on easy terms. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 140 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. tf

FOR SALE—FLOUR & GRIST MILLS—in Wayne county, Indiana, 4 miles north of Richmond, on the middle branch of White Water; a good water power, three run of burrs, in the best of order, and as good a wheat country as there is in the State; good custom and a good trade established. One-half cash and the other half in good city property. For further information, at the mill, or by letter to the proprietor, OLIVER TRAMBLAY, Postoffice Box 969 Richmond, Indiana.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGINE, 16 INCHES in diameter, 30 inch stroke, on heavy iron bed plates, having McIntosh, Hemphill & Co. balance slide valves. Also, 2 Double Flued Boilers, 24 feet long each, 40 inches diameter, C. H. No. 1 iron. The above is all complete and in good running order, and nearly new. Also, 1 Pan, 9 feet diameter, and rollers for grinding fire clay, together with all machinery and moulds for making fire brick, together with a lot of shafting, pulleys and belting. Inquire of C. H. ARMSTRONG, Twenty-eighth and Liberty streets, or J. & J. B. MULHOLLAND, Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND BUSINESS of the "FIFTH AVENUE LIVERY STABLE," Nos. 312 and 314 Fifth avenue. Has splendid location on one of the main thoroughfares of the city; good boarding and undertaking trade; stabling for sixty horses; ample carriage room and feed loft. Undertaking room in connection with building. To parties who wish to embark in a lucrative business a desirable opportunity is offered. An examination of the premises is invited on the part of intending purchasers. For information in regard to amount of stock business done, terms, &c., apply to 281 and 283 LIBERTY STREET.

FOR SALE—107 ACRES OF LAND adjoining Beaver Falls Borough, Beaver county, Pa.; 70 acres improved, 37 acres in timber, all underlaid with 3 veins of coal, bank opened. The land lays partly level and part rolling; well watered by springs and running water; all fenced, partly rail and part board and post; good young bearing orchard of choice fruit. Improvements, a good two-story Brick Dwelling House of 5 rooms, kitchen and cellar, wash-house, &c., all in good order; a large bank barn, stable, corn-crib, sheds; a coal bank; few minutes' walk from Beaver Falls Station. School, churches, postoffice, stores, &c., all convenient. Will sell at a low price and easy payments. Send for a Descriptive List of Properties for sale at my office, and call on or address EDWARD WITTISH, Beaver Falls; or, every Tuesday at No. 57 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ TREASURER'S OFFICE MONONGAHELA WATER COMPANY.—A Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the paid up Capital Stock of this Company will be due and payable on or after April 1st.
By order of the Board of Directors.
H. STAMM, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, S. S., March 20, 1876.

WANTED—INFORMATION.

WANTED—INFORMATION—IF THE heirs of Frederick Murray, deceased, who was a Riverman at St. Louis, Mo., about thirty years ago, and supposed to have come from or near Pittsburgh, will address McE. F. POLLOCK, Attorney, 208 Pine, St. Louis, Mo., they will learn something to their advantage.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 10 Wood street. Inquire of J. ROBINSON, No. 27 Wood street. tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—FOUR-STORY Brick Building, No. 74 Wood street. Inquire of HAYS & GETTY, Market street, near Fourth. tf

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—FROM April 1, 1876, the Brick Warehouse, No. 8 Wood street. Inquire of S. McKEE & CO., No. 62 Water street.

FOR RENT—PARLORS—LARGE Double Parlors; also, large third-story front Room, well furnished, for lodgers. Apply 312 Penn avenue.

FOR RENT—LARGE STOREROOM—No. 14 Sixth street, at present occupied by the Wilson Sewing Machine Company. Apply to BISSELL & CO., 235 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—A FIRST class Warehouse, No. 193 Liberty street, above Sixth or St. Clair street; rent low. Inquire at 123 Liberty street, or C. H. LOVE, Fourth avenue.

FOR RENT—4 NICE DWELLINGS—ON Hiland avenue, East End; large grounds, with fruit trees, etc; rent very low. Inquire of LOCKHART & FREW, 174 Wood street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—TWO DWELLINGS of 5 rooms each, with finished attic and good cellar, both in good condition as to paint, paper, &c., on Center avenue. Rent low. Inquire at 154 Center avenue.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—OF SEVEN Rooms, at Homewood Station, Twenty-first ward, city. House newly repaired and complete. Rent very low to a good tenant. Inquire of J. A. HARBAUGH, Homewood Station, or A. C. ELLIS, 77 and 79 Market street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—FINE Offices and Dwelling House of 9 Rooms, at No. 168 Fourth avenue. Offices are suitable for Insurance, Real Estate and other business. Inquire of W. S. MILLER, 160 Fourth avenue.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—HOUSE No. 94 Washington street; formerly residence of Dr. G. L. McCook; easy of access; good location; well finished; rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of W. I. TROTH, at Safe Deposit Co., No. 83 Fourth avenue. tf

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 116 Second avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets; possession given April 1. Inquire of ROBERT C. ALBREE, No. 71 Wood street, corner Fourth avenue, or No. 84 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—A FINE Dwelling on Webster avenue, No. 325; 10 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, range, gas and marble mantles; lately occupied by Sheriff. For rent resonable to a suitable tenant. Inquire of SAMUEL BARCKLEY, No. 277 Webster avenue.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—SEWICKLEY Residence, within three minutes' walk of the station. Frame House, with 9 Rooms and Bath; Stable and Outhouses, elegant Lawn. Fruit of all kinds and Vegetable Garden. Also, a small Cottage, 5 Rooms, on adjoining lot. Inquire of ROBINSON BROS., Pittsburgh, or FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Allegheny.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—FINE DWELLING of 11 Rooms, Marble Mantles, Gas, Water and all modern improvements, situated on Forty-fifth street, one square above Butler street. There is a large Yard, with good Stable and Carriage House; Grape Vines and Fruit Trees in full bearing. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of Mr. RICHARDS, at Alderman Mitchell's office, Forty-second and Butler streets.

FOR RENT OR SALE—HOUSE—NEW two-story Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall; Water in Kitchen. Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c. Located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, near the proposed site for the new Incline Railway, Thirty-third ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—ONE 2-STORY Brick House of 11 Rooms and Cellar. Good Water at the door; good Brick Stable and Carriage House. Apple and Peach Orchard; also, a good Grapery and 10 Acres of Land. One mile from Bridgeville; also, one mile from Woodville, on Chartiers Railroad. A real Summer Resort. Inquire of Dr. PRESTLEY, owner, or WM. NICHOLSON, Agent, Woodville.

FOR RENT OR SALE—HOUSES—FIVE Brick Houses. Four of the Houses have 4 Rooms each, and one 9 and a Storeroom, well calculated for a Boarding and Storehouse. All have Finished Attics. I will rent low to good tenants, or will sell the block for the very small sum of $10,000, $4,000 or $5,000 cash, balance in two yearly payments, with interest. The Lot is large, and has a frontage of 79 feet on Hatfield street not yet built on. For further information inquire of Col. L. B. DUFF, 129 Fifth avenue, or W. H. CHILCOAT, on Forty-fifth, near Hatfield street. TUS

FOR RENT—COUNTRY PROPERTY—Desirable Country Property, embracing large Dwelling, Stable, Spring House and 11 Acres of Ground, well stocked with Fruit Trees of choicest varieties. Nearly all of the land has southern exposure, and is well adapted for Gardening purposes. Situation—Eleventh ward, Allegheny, near Superior Station, Fort Wayne Railroad; also, Manchester street cars. Will rent for one year or a term of years. Possession at once. L. H. SMITH, 43 Sixth street.

NOTICES.

☞ NOICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made at the next meeting of the Board of Pardons, for the pardon of EDWARD S. WEBB, who was convicted at No. 8, of September Term, 1874, of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Allegheny county, of burglary, and sentenced by said Court to the Workhouse of said county for two years. TU

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of the intention to apply for a Charter of Incorporation for the GAS FUEL COMPANY, a corporation to be formed under the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulations of certain incorporations," approved the 29th day of April A. D. 1874. The character and object of the corporation to be the supply of light or heat to the public by means of natural gas.
ANDREW CARNEGIE,
JOSEPH DILWORTH,
WILLIAM CLARK & CO.,
PARK BROTHERS & CO.,
BROWN & CO.,
JAMES HEMPHILL.

ELECTION NOTICES.

☞ OFFICE OF THE DUQUESNE INCLINED PLANE COMPANY, No. 94 Fourth avenue.—A meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Office of this Company, No. 94 Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, April 4th, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of holding an election upon the proposed increase of the Capital Stock and taking action upon such other matters as may be brought before them.
By order of the Board.
KIRK Q. BIGHAM, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, February 1, 1876. TU

☞ PITTSBURGH AND YUBA RIVER MINING COMPANY.—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the General Office of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, No. 175 Wood street, corner of Sixth street, city of Pittsburgh, on the THIRD MONDAY OF APRIL, 17th, at 2 o'clock P. M.
T. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, March 17, 1876.

☞ OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual Election for ten Directors of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, March 28th, 1876, at the General Office of the Company, No. 233 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M.
JOSEPH LESLEY, Secretary.
Philadelphia, March 15, 1876.

REMOVAL.
ABDIEL, McCLURE & CO.,
Broom Manufacturers & Paper Dealers,
Having been burned out at their old establishment, No. 362 Penn avenue, have removed to
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Where they will be pleased to meet their old friends and customers.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned, doing business under the firm name of FRAZIER, METZGER & CO., at 32 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., have this day dissolved copartnership by mutual consent. All claims against or due said firm, will be settled by Frederick Metzger, No. 96 Third avenue.
WILLIAM FRAZIER,
MARTIN METZGER,
FREDERICK METZGER.
Pittsburgh, March 23, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we, the members of NATIONAL CURLED HAIR COMPANY, limited, have this day, February 14, 1876, dissolved by mutual consent, and we appoint O. A. Waggoner receiver, to collect and pay all claims of said Company.
E. J. SUGDEN,
T. H. SUGDEN,
O. A. WAGGONER,
H. H. LYON.

DISSOLUTION.

The Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of LOVE & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. W. H. Shellaby retiring.
F. M. LOVE,
W. H. SHELLABY,
J. H. REYNOLDS,
J. J. YOUNG.

The business will be continued under the name and style as heretofore by the undersigned remaining partners, at the old stand, No. 74 Market street. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned, will please make immediate payment to the undersigned, who will also settle all claims.
F. M. LOVE,
J. H. REYNOLDS,
J. J. YOUNG.
Pittsburgh, March 15, 1876.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of J. H. WUNDERLICH & CO. was dissolved February 1st, by Robert Bailley retiring. The business will be conducted by J. H. Wunderlich, under the firm name of J. H. Wunderlich & Co., who is authorized to collect all accounts due said firm, and who will pay all claims against said firm.
J. H. WUNDERLICH,
ROBERT BAILLEY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

DAVID A. McDONALD, of Allegheny county, a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 10TH DAY OF APRIL, 1876, at 9 o'clock A. M., before N. W. SHAFER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 12 Church avenue, Allegheny city, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
TU S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS:
At Pittsburgh, the 27th day of Marh, A. D. 1876.
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of WILLIAM McC. DRAVO, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the said District Court of said District.
TU WM. S. MARKS, Assignee.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,
59 FOURTH AVENUE.
ASSETS $ 40,443,385.99.
SURPLUS $ 3,916,531.48
DIVIDEND EDR1874 $3,037,872.83. RATIO EXPENSE TO INCOME 8.79 PER CENT
G. S. BARRIER, Gen'l Agent.

GROCERIES, GRASS SEED.
Clover, Timothy, Mammoth Clover, Blue Grass and Orchard Grass Seeds.
FULL LINE OF GROCERIES.
SEND FOR QUOTATIONS. SHIPMENTS PROMPT.
Allen Kirkpatrick & Co.,
271 Liberty Street.

WRAPPING PAPER
AND
GROCERS' BAGS,
Of all sizes to suit the trade. Liberal Discount given to large buyers.
GODFREY & CLARK,
270 LIBERTY STREET.

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITORS!
RAILINGS FOR ENCLOSURE OF SPACES
AT INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, PHILADELPHIA, MADE TO ORDER AT SHORTEST NOTICE. EXACT FIT GUARANTEED.
All our Designs have been accepted by the Centennial Commission for enclosure of spaces. Designs from the plainest to the most ornamental.
LAUDERBACH & CO.,
33 and 34 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY.
50 TO 60 THIRD AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA. MARKET & FERRY STS BETWEEN
WROUGHT AND CAST IRON PIPE. MALLEABLE AND CAST IRON FITTINGS,
BRASS AND IRON VALVES AND COCKS, LUBRICATORS, WHISTLES, TOOLS &C.
GUM HOSE AND PACKING AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES
ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, COAL AND COKE WORKS, OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

CANDIDATES:

☞ FOR CONGRESS,
22D DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT,
Of Robinson Township.
Subject to the Republican Nominating Convention.

☞ FOR CONGRESS,
23D DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE.
Subject to the decision of the Nominating Convention.

☞ FOR STATE SENATE,
43D DISTRICT,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON,
Of Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

☞ FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOSEPH A. STONE,
Of McKeesport,
5TH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY,
Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY,
W. J. GLENN,
Chartiers borough, late Captain Company E, 61st Regiment P. V.
Subject to the decision of the forthcoming Republican County Convention.

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. B. COURSIN,
Of McKeesport.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

UNIVERSAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
17 and 19 Warren Street, N. Y.

Statement, January 1st, 1876.

Accumulated Assets	$5,491,635
Gross Liabilities, including reserve	4,834,182
Surplus Jan. 1st, 1876	657,453
Annual Income	3,391,645
Policies issued dur'g 1875	6,408
Amount of new Insurance	14,575,219
Amount of Ins. in force	35,907,240

OFFICERS.
WILLIAM WALKER, President.
HENRY J. FURBER, Vice President.
JOHN H. BEWLEY, Secretary.
GEORGE L. MONTAGUE, Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, Medical Examiner.
AGENCY DEPARTMENT.
CHARLES P. GRIFFIN, General Manager.
SAMUEL I. KNIGHT, Superintendent.

INSURANCE.
SOLID INDEMNITY.
ASSETS.

Germania, N. Y.	$1,600,000
Atlas, - - -	$ 511,000
Glens Falls, - -	701,000
Penn Mut. Life. -	5,000,000

Property Insured Against Fire or Loss or Damage by Lightning.
JOHN D. BIGGERT, AGENT,
61 Fourth Avenue.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
Chimney Sweep and Grate Setter,
Will remove to No. 25 STRAWBERRY ALLEY, two doors above Smithfield street, on the 1st of April. All orders will receive prompt attention.

BANKRUPT SALE!
PRICES VERY LOW.
Pickles in Bottles and Barrels,
Sauer Kraut,
Celebrated Sauces and Catsups,
Platform Spring Wagons,
Warehouse Trucks,
Boilers, Engine and Elevator,
Vinegar, Generators,
Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,
167 and 169 SECOND AVENUE.

Insure with the
Ætna of Hartford
59 FOURTH AVENUE.
ASSETS JAN. 1876 $6,497,275.94.
S. S. CARRIER, Agent.

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

CONTAINING CARDS OF
First Class Establishments, in all branches of Business, in Pittsburgh

Apothecaries.
S. S. Holland.......cor. Liberty and Smithfield sts.
Ferd. A. Abel.........178 Wylie ave.
Architects.
Boyd & Gamble..........221 Liberty st.
Drum & Steen...n. e. cor. Wood st. & Fifth ave.
Agricultural Implements.
Scobie, Reed & Smith..........137 Liberty st.
Artificial Limbs.
Artificial Limb Mfg. Co., 379 Penn, near 9th st.
Advertising Agents.
J. Weaver & Co..........[illegible]
Attorneys-at-Law.
J. H. Stevenson.............104 Fifth ave.
Bridge Works.
Iron City Bridge Works..Office, 55 Smithfield st.
Boots and Shoes.
J. H. Borland & Co., 53 & 55 Wood, & 95 5th av.
Broker in Stocks and Bonds.
Geo. B. Hill..............100 Fourth ave.
Banks.
Allegheny National..........52 Fifth ave.
Central.................[illegible]
Pittsburgh Bank for Savings.....61 Fourth ave.
Commission Merchants.
Elwood & McCracken, Commission Merchants and dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds and Wool, 283 Liberty street.
Robt. F. Weddell...........267 Liberty st.
Carriage Manufacturers.
Louis Glessenkamp & Co., successors to C. West & Co., 75, 77, 79 Liberty st, and 98 Penn ave.
Champagne, Wines and Liquors.
H. B. Lubbers............226 Fifth ave.
Dentists.
Greenawalt & Nelson.........31 Wylie ave.
Dyeing and Scouring.
M. May.......56 Sixth ave., cor. Smithfield st.
Furniture.
Close, Schoeneck & Co...Penn ave. and Tenth st.
James Millikin & Co...........99 Smithfield st.
Foundries.
Totten & Co.....Twenty-fourth and Railroad sts.
A. Garrison & Co.............34 Wood st.
Fences, Wrought Iron.
Lauderbach & Co..........33 and 34 Water st.
Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating.
Walter E. Hague..........136 and 138 Wood st.
Gold Leaf and Walnut Frames.
J. H. Miller...............70 Fifth ave.
Hotels.
Central...Second to Third ave., cor. Smithfield st.
Union Depot Hotel.............Union Depot.
Saint James.......400, 402 and 407 Liberty st.
House and Sign Painters.
John T. Gray..............34 Diamond st.
Wesley Coulter.........218 Penn ave.
John D. McFarland.........79 Fourth ave.
Iron Fences.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips......91 & 93 Water street.
Insurance Offices.
Western..........[illegible]
Monongahela..........[illegible]
Citizens'..........[illegible]
People's..........[illegible]
Lubricating Oils.
Grim Brothers, Excelsior Oils........336 Penn ave.
Lamps.
J. P. Smith, Son & Co.............180 Liberty st.
Leather and Shoe Findings.
Daniel Kinzer.............50 Smithfield st.
Merchant Tailors.
Walter Anderson...............1 Fifth ave.
Henry Smith & Son..........[illegible]
Marble Works.
John Wilkins, Jr................396 Penn ave.
Mantles, Furnaces and Grates.
H. L. Smith & Co.................69 Sixth st.
Mechanical Photographers.
J. T. Bascord.....10½ Sixth st. (late St. Clair).
Notions and Trimmings.
Rosenbaum & Co., 78 and 80 Market st. Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Gent's Furnishing Goods a specialty. Buy and sell cheap.
Newspapers.
The Commercial......Fifth ave. and Smithfield st.
Printers, Stationers, &c.
S. Reed Johnston & Co...Wood st., cor. Liberty.
Printers and Blank Book Makers.
Bakewell & Marthens.............71 Grant st.
W. P. Bennett.....n. e. cor. Wood st. & Fifth ave.
A. Natthias, [illegible] & Co....11 Seventh st., (Lewis Bl'k)
Pork Packers.
Reese Owens & Co.............21 Seventh ave.
W. B. Hays & Son.............27 Penn ave.
Photographers.
Trevor McClurg................3 and 4 Sixth st.
Patent Agents.
A. C. Johnston...............92 Diamond st.
Planing Mill and Lumber.
S. Logan............cor. Penn and 26th sts.
Queensware Manufacturers.
E. Webster & Co....L. S. Layton, Agt., 173 Wood.
Real Estate Agents.
H. H. McClellan................188 Liberty st.
C. Berringer....................126 Smithfield st.
Isaac M. Pennock...............114 Fourth ave.
John A. Carothers...............22 Fifth ave.
Railroads.
Pennsylvania Railroad.............Union Depot.
Pan., Cin. & St. L. R. R......Union Depot.
Ft. W. & C. R. R................Union Depot.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.......Union Depot.
Allegheny Valley R. R.............Union Depot.
Pitts. & Connellsville R. R....Grant & Water sts.
Steam Lithographic Printing.
Armor, Feurbake & Co.........26 and 28 Sixth st.
Silk Hat Manufacturers.
H. Anshutz & Son..............214 Liberty st.
Sash, Door and Blind Factors.
Amos Lewis........cor. Seventh ave. and Grant st.
Steel Stamps and Stencils.
John D. Matthews.............71 Third ave.
W. W. Bunting, Agent..........133 Third ave.
Stuffed Birds and Animals.
J. D. Shaw, Taxidermist........228 Penn ave.
Steam Pump Manufacturers.
Epping, Carpenter & Co...cor. Penn and 23d st.
Steel Manufacturers.
Singer, Nimick & Co............83 Water st.
Park, Bro. & Co......cor. 30 and Water st.
Anderson & Woods...cor. Penn and 32d sts.
Pittsburgh Steel Casting Co.......Penn and 33d sts.
Stock and Bond Broker.
Alexander Pitcheiner...........29 Fifth ave.
Toys and Fancy Goods.
Grove & Stair, dealer in Notions, Toys, Fancy Goods, Baskets, Satchels, Cheap Parasols, Canes, Brushes, &c., 180 Wood street.
Vermin Exterminator.
Chas. Abel & Co., manufacturer.......Pittsburgh.
Wax Flower Shades.
W. C. Armor..................53 Ninth st.
Wholesale Clothiers.
Kaufman, Oppenheimer & Co......323 Liberty st.
Wholesale Grocers.
Watt, Lang & Co..........172 and 174 Wood st.
Wood Turning and Stair Building.
W. H. Roessle & Co......333 Penn ave., near 26th st.

WALL PAPER!
Adapted to Town and Country Houses, Parlors and American styles in FRESCOES AND TAPESTRIES, variously designed, with ARABESQUES, SCROLLS, FLOWERS, &c., BORDERS, SURBASES and PANELS to match.
W. P. MARSHALL,
87 Seventh street (formerly Irwin).

The Commercial.

TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1876.

REMOVAL.

The mechanical departments of the COMMERCIAL Printing Company have been removed to our new office in the CARR building, No. 70 Fifth avenue, but the business and editorial departments will remain at the old stand until Friday or Saturday next. The removal and fitting up of our four-cylinder Hoe press, engine, boiler, types, stands, etc., were accomplished between Saturday morning and Sunday evening, in time to enable us to print Monday's issue in the new office. The task was an Herculean one, but it was successfully accomplished. We are under obligations to the proprietors of the *Dispatch*, *Chronicle* and *Telegraph* for the tender of assistance, and the generous offers are as fully appreciated as if it had become necessary on our part to avail ourselves of them. Business favors will be received, as usual, at the office, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, until further notice.

REPUBLICAN State Conventions will be held to-day in this State, Ohio, and Vermont, and to-morrow in Mississippi.

RANDALL now says that it was the THOMAS A. SCOTT influence which slaughtered him at the State Democratic Convention, last week. Well; if he is dead, why doesn't he quit making such a funeral fuss?

WE fully agree with the Memphis *Avalanche* that the bill "now before the United States Senate to give the land grant of the Texas and Pacific railway to the Southern Pacific, *alias* the Central Pacific, is simply an infamous measure." We trust it will be decisively defeated.

A CORRESPONDENT makes inquiry as to the legality of a man voting who arrived in this country during his minority, his father having become a naturalized citizen previous to the son's attaining his twenty-first year. Is he entitled to all the privileges of a citizen of the United States? He is.

THE trial of Governor AMES, of Mississippi, under impeachment on technicalities, begins to-day. Should he be convicted, President STONE, of the Senate, would be *ex officio* Governor of the State. He is a Bourbon of the Bourbons, and would exert himself to the utmost to inaugurate a reign of political slavery, by way of compensation for the abolition of personal bondage.

THE recent heavy and extensive rains, following the severe snow storms in the upper basins of the Mississippi affluents, indicate that the present season will witness high and destructive overflows in the lower Mississippi Valley. Mild, open winters, such as this has been, are generally followed by high waters in that section. The St. Louis *Journal* sounds the note of premonitory warning accordingly.

THE extreme dullness of the loan market has rendered it so difficult to find employment for bank funds, that some of the banks in New York which pay interest on balances have begun to discuss a reduction of the rate of interest from three to two per cent. Some of the best banks in that city allow no interest on deposits. In the present stagnation of finances, the surplus of loanable funds is likely to be excessive, and the argument is that it is not worth while to pay interest on what cannot be used.

IN OUR view the future growth of this country is scarcely more certain than its development as the great manufacturing rival of England in the markets of the world, and we believe that the next decade will see us exporting more manufactured goods that are now being imported—if, in the meantime, the mischevious free traders can be prevented from working their ruinous will on our industries through the abolition of the very conditions of their growth and expansion.

THE Democrats in Congress are looking forward to the Connecticut election next Monday longingly and hopefully. New Hampshire was a stunning surprise to them after the BELKNAP business, and ever since they have gone about as in a dream. It is not probable that our friends will elect the State ticket, but if the Legislature is Republican, so that a Republican Senator can be chosen to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. FERRY's death, and the huge Democratic majority of last year is reduced, it will be almost as good a victory as that of New Hampshire.

THE New York *Sun* is beginning to praise President GRANT. It says: "He has indicated a disposition to cut loose from his old surroundings by disclaiming all knowledge of the Attorney General's objectionable letter to the District Attorneys until after its publication." Very well. There is no longer a doubt that BABCOCK purloined the letter for his own purposes; while, after the attention of the President has been called to the fact, he persists in keeping BABCOCK in one of the most important responsible offices within his gift, that of Commissioner of Public buildings. Why is he not discharged?

THE Senate bill for the admission of New Mexico into the Union of States comes up in the House within a day or two. That the Territory is Republican, and that, if promoted to a State, she would probably supply two Republican Senators, is not a sufficient reason for the passage of the bill. Seventy-five per cent. of her people cannot read and write; only eleven papers, all of them weekly, are printed within her borders, and their combined subcription lists foot up simply a few thousands. This is not the kind of community that ought to have the same vote in the United States Senate as our own State, New York, Ohio, or Illinois. Let it wait.

QUEEN VICTORIA leaves England to-day on her proposed European tour. She will travel *incog.* as the "Countess of Roseneau," it being generally one of the whims of august personages, on such occasions, to assume inferior titles. When the Grand Duke PAUL, afterward the Emperor PAUL, of Russia, was making a tour, he called himself the Comte du NORD; and LOUIS XVIII., when living in England as an exile, was known as the Comte de LILLE. NAPOLEON I., after his overthrow, thought of assuming the name of MEURON, from one of his officers who was killed at Arcola, or that of DUROC, from the Duke of FRIULI, who was killed at Bautzen. The Emperor JOSEPH II. travelled as a Count, and so did GUSTAVUS III, King of Sweden. The Queen of Holland is now living in France, as Madame la Comtesse de BEUREN. The Boston *Traveller* supposes that should an American President ever visit Europe, he would be known as Mr. Columbus Yankee, or as Mr. Americus Buckeye, or as the Georgian Cracker, or as the Hon. Occidental Wolverine, or as General Missouri Puke.

GOVERNOR HENDRICKS has not answered the charge publicly brought against him, of being a member of the Indianapolis Water Works Ring which improperly disposed of $250,000 worth of stock, and with having received $35,000 worth of it himself. An explanation was demanded, but not a word has yet been said in reply, although nearly two weeks have now elapsed since the publication of the letter. His continued silence is very naturally being construed into an acknowledgment of guilt. Indeed, General McGINNIS, who makes the charges, propounds, in the Indianapolis *Journal* of Saturday, the first of a proposed series of ten or twelve interrogatories to the Governor concerning the connexion of that slippery politician with the company in question, in which he squarely accuses him of offering to pay him (McGINNIS) two thousand dollars out of his own pocket in consideration of releasing him as one of the defendants in a suit which McGINNIS had brought against the directors of the Water Works Company, of whom HENDRICKS was one, for the purpose of recovering the sum of $4,114 61 and interest, claimed to have been obtained from him by fraud, falsehood and misrepresentation. This thing is getting decidedly interesting.

IT IS a sufficient answer to the vociferous roarings of the Democratic press over "Republican corruption" to state that the intrinsic nobleness and value of Republican principles is not in the least degree impaired by the oblique lives of a few of their professed followers. Since the Republican party came into power, in saving the Union, handling armies of millions of men, and tens of billions of money, reconstructing the rebel States, and administering the affairs of 40,000,000 people, among the tens of thousands of public officials employed to carry forward these purposes it is possible that one officer in a hundred has been corrupt and unworthy. But it is also the sincere and inflexible purpose of the Republican party at large that every one of our unworthy officers shall be run down and punished. The Democratic party, on the other hand, after having spawned its political and official villains for years by thousands, men who would have suffered the penalty of death for their crimes had it not been for the clemency of the Republican party, now returns this kindness by charging the latter with the corruption of a few of its disgraced servants. A party which will do this, after the Republicans have interposed the hand of mercy and prevented thousands of its leaders from going to the gallows, is as unprincipled and ungrateful as it is untrustworthy and unpatriotic.

MORALITY IN POLITICS.

It is a singular fact that Mr. PENDLETON made no concealment of his acts in prosecuting a doubtful claim upon the Government, and in taking the larger part of the amount received as his fee. He thought that was all right, and was in no wise ashamed of it. He sought and demanded an investigation from the Congressional Committee on Expenditures in the War Department, in order, as he said, that he might repel the "infamous slanders" upon him by newspaper correspondents at Washington City; but these "infamous slanders" did not consist, in his judgment, of the allegations concerning the big fee he pocketed for securing the payment of a thrice rejected claim, but in the assertion that he had traveled through Europe with Mrs. MARSH and Mrs. BELKNAP. *That* was what he wanted to deny, and it was to get in that denial, officially, that he demanded an investigation. He did not consider it a slander to say that he took $80,000 for himself out of the $148,000 he collected for the railroad company of which he was President. He admitted that fact frankly, without any indication of shame, and without any apparent consciousness of the infamy of the act; but he *did* consider it infamous to allege that he had traveled in Europe with the women we have named. He wanted to free himself from *that* imputation and that alone.

It never seemed to have struck Mr. PENDLETON that there was any harm or wrong in using his influence to defraud the Government, or in defrauding the company whose officer he was by exacting an outrageous fee for his services. This double fraud did not offend his sense of honor, nor did he appear to comprehend that it subjected him to infamy and reproach. The allegation that he traveled with Mrs. MARSH wounded him to the quick, and drove him to courting an investigation as his only means of vindicating his social standing; but the much greater offense of swindling the Government and the corporation of which he was the head was regarded by him as a regular and legitimate transaction.

That a man with the political, personal and social standing of Mr. PENDLETON should take this distorted view of such matters is astounding, and the instance illustrates the demoralization prevalent among a large class of public men. We are not citing the case for political effect, but simply to call attention to the low moral tone which renders such a thing possible. It is not confined to any one political party, nor to any one person. BELKNAP was as bad as PENDLETON, and both are but specimens of a class which thinks it all right to rob the Government whenever possible, to defraud a corporation when the opportunity offers, or to bribe any public officer who has an itching palm for gold. Neither MARSH, nor PENDLETON, nor BELKNAP would pick a man's pocket; but all of them, and all with them of the same school of thought, think it no harm to pick the Government's pocket, or to give or take a bribe. It is lamentable that such is the fact; but the fact itself is beyond question. Both MARSH and BELKNAP thought it was perfectly proper to give and take bribes, but both were ashamed to have the bribery made public; while PENDLETON was lost to all sense of shame concerning *his* transaction, and testified to the details with a childlike insensibility to the knowledge that he was thereby criminating himself and calling down public indignation upon his own head.

It is something to know that the revelation thus made *did* excite public indignation, and that, if public men can be so shameless, the great mass of the community have not become morally debauched. Mr. PENDLETON may think such things all right; but the public heart and conscience are shocked by them to an extent which proves that the demoralization has not spread beyond a certain class of public men who have altogether eliminated from their public life their convictions of moral responsibility.

The remedy for all this is to seek men with consciences, and with a high sense of morals, for public places. There is no scarcity of such men; let us be duly thankful for that; and when those who possess the easy virtue of BELKNAP or PENDLETON learn that the people will no longer trust moral bankrupts, they will drop out of public view and cease to clamor for political recognition. Political parties, too, will rapidly learn the same lesson; and corruption in high places will cease when the people carry their morals into their politics, and brand with their fiery indignation every man tainted with moral leprosy who offers himself for their suffrages.

THE provisions of Senator MORTON's bill for counting the Presidential electoral vote, which has just passed the Senate by an almost strictly party vote, are, briefly, that the two houses of Congress shall assemble in the Hall of Representatives on the last Wednesday of January following the Presidential election, the President of the Senate presiding. Two tellers on behalf of the House and two from the Senate are to be appointed to count the certificates of the electoral votes, which must be opened by the President of the Senate. If upon the reading of any certificate, a question arises, the Senate is to withdraw and the question must be submitted to that body for its decision, and the Speaker of the House is also to submit the question to the House for its decision. No electorial vote from any State to the counting of which objection is made is to be rejected except by an affirmative vote of the two Houses. When these have voted they will reassemble, and the presiding officer will announce the decision of the question. If more than one return is received from a State purporting to be the certificates of electorial votes, the returns are to be opened in the presence of both Houses, and that return from such State shall be counted which the two Houses acting separately shall decide to be the true return. When the two Houses separately decide upon an objection that may have been made to the counting of any electoral vote from any State, each Senator and Representative may speak to such objections or question, ten minutes and not oftener than once, provided that after the debate has lasted two hours it shall be the duty of each House to put the main question without further debate. There is at present no law to provide for the case of a disagreement, and the objection to this measure appears to be that just where it encounters the difficult points in the subject, it also fails, in that it leaves the decision on contesting returns to what may be called a chance vote. The matter seems to be a defect in the Constitution, which a constitutional amendment alone can properly remedy. The measure is better than nothing, but it is not likely to pass the Democratic House.

THE despicable charge has been made in the New York *World* and some other papers that the people of this State were actuated only by mercenary motives in organizing the Centennial Exhibition. That the purpose of financial profit, however, is not the motive actuating them, is shown by the fact, cited by the Chicago *Tribune*, that they have established within the last week or two a Museum and School of Industrial Art, which has been placed in charge of men of experience and culture in this department of art. The institution has been established at the present time for the reason that it will be possible at the close of the Centennial to stock it with the materials of decorative and mechanic art in a very thorough manner at a very reasonable price. In this way the influence of the Centennial Exhibition will live, long after its doors are closed, for the edification and the education of the people.

THE Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* states, in Sunday's issue of that paper, that one of the results of the anti-CONKLING feeling in the New York delegation to Cincinnati will be that Hon. WILLIAM A. WHEELER, well known in connection with the Louisiana compromise, and one of the Republican leaders in the House, will be placed in nomination before the convention for the Presidency. The nominee, however, will be a man who is likely to win the election, irrespective of all personal preferences. That is the need, as it is also the recognition of the hour.

THE Legislature, it is now certain, will not adjourn until after May first. It has been in session nearly three months, and in all that time but five or six bills have become laws. The House of Representatives has now over three hundred bills on its calendar, and is acting on them at the slow rate of one or two a week. The Senate, on the contrary, has disposed of nearly all the bills before it, and could be ready to adjourn in two weeks if the House did not prevent it. The responsibility, therefore, must rest with the Democratic House; and the blame of the additional cost of several hundred thousand dollars, caused by this delay, through the blundering ignorance and incapacity of the Democratic House, must rest upon the shoulders of the Democratic party.

Another fact is now made manifest by this course of the Democratic House, viz., that the new Constitution has not cut off the mania for special legislation. The House calendar shows that over 600 bills have so far been introduced into that body, the most of which are special acts, either openly or in disguise. Many of them are general acts on their face, but are intended to meet particular cases only, and many others are special acts in name as well as in fact. Scarcely any of them deserve to be thought important; and, if the appropriation bills were passed, there would be no need to waste any time in the consideration of these unnecessary bills. It is a sad reflection to think that the State is to be compelled to pay $500,000 as the cost of enacting a lot of bills of no public importance or value; and it is still more sad to know that all that is likely to be done could have been done at a cost of $300,000, if the Democratic House had not frittered away its opportunities. The people of the State may have thought, at the time, that they were doing a wise thing in putting these incompetents in power; but the terrible pecuniary cost of the experiment may teach them the folly of repeating it, and if so, the money will not be altogether misspent.

COLONEL DODGE's recent pamphlet descriptive of the character and resources of the Black Hills ought to be carefully read by all intending immigrants to that region. The physical features of the country, its soil, timber, climate, water, etc., are well portrayed, and there is also much information respecting the precious metals supposed to exist there. That there is gold in the Hills the author does not doubt, but the quantity is yet a question. Col. DODGE thinks it is no place for poor men, the mining being of such a nature as to require considerable capital to carry it on profitably. He says:

"It has passed into a proverb that 'placer' mining is the 'poor man's diggings,' while 'quartz' mining is only for the rich. Placer mining in the Black Hills will not pay the poor man, unless he be a 'heathen Chinee.' He may make a little money by securing a claim, selling it out to a man or company who has capital to buy up many claims, then looking for and securing another claim with the same intention and result. This is a poor and precarious foundation on which to base a living. No man can make more than the barest wages by pan-working a single claim in the Black Hills. The 'placer' mines, as well as the quartz mines, are here only for the rich man, and I would advise no poor man to go into the hills with the expectation of making money by mining for himself. Of course he may be fortunate enough to strike rich diggings and do well, but, as a general rule, he will make more money as day laborer for some wealthy man or company than he possibly can by working for himself on a single claim. The reports of the enormous wealth of the placer mines in the Black Hills are the most barefaced fabrications, got up by miners who wish to sell their claims. Money is to be made here by men who have sufficient capital to buy up many claims along a creek, sufficient to warrant the expense of dams, ditches and all works necessary for hydraulic mining. If they have already the means of comfortable livelihood, poor men had better stay at home, unless prepared to work on wages. All this is said on the supposition that the Black Hills will, sooner or later, be opened to the miner. Under present circumstances, in addition to the disadvantages mentioned, he is liable at any moment to be arrested and sent from the Hills a prisoner."

THE last *Financial Chronicle* has a thoughtful article upon the quantity of capital in the banks and elsewhere, and upon the general economy of the people. We quote:

"A merchant or tradesman, who used to work with $10,000 balance in bank, is anxious to double it, and does not feel safe to run risks formerly accepted. To increase his reserve he saves on his outlay and cuts down his expenses. In almost every house in the land the new spirit of frugality is contracting outlay below income, and increasing cash reserves. The plain result of such a policy on the part of our forty millions of people tends to diminish consumption, especially of luxuries. If $10 a head were the limit of this new movement, there would be a loss to some persons among us of 400 millions of consumption, with all the traffic which those 400 millions would create as they pass, through the various steps, from producer to the ultimate consumer. Upon whom this loss of business would fall it is difficult for us to discover, at least in all its ramifications. But the loss would, of necessity, be perceived very early in the great distributing centers. The chief ports, such as New York, suffer more or less heavily in proportion as the saving causes reduced consumption. Our Western cities suffer much less than those of the Atlantic seaboard; and the earnings of our railroads, with other obvious circumstances, tend to suggest reasons for a gradual reaction from existing depression. On the whole, we conclude that these monetary movements have their conservative and encouraging aspects."

PERSONAL.

Crooked piety. "A heart-broken wife," of New York, writes to one of the papers asking Messrs. Moody and Sankey to reprove the women who take married men, not their husbands, to the services at the Hippodrome.

Mrs. Sullivan is the author of the very good article in the *Catholic World* entitled "A Poet Among Poets." Mrs. Sullivan was better known in literary circles as Miss Margaret F. Buchanan, of the Chicago *Post* and afterward of the *Times*.

A paragraph is going the rounds of the press stating that Caleb Cushing is the oldest ex-Cabinet Minister living. This is a mistake. He was appointed Attorney General in 1853; but George Bancroft was appointed Secretary of the Navy in March, 1845.

The column of witty paragraphs in the New York *Commercial Advertiser*—and they are good—are written by George R. Catlin, who graduated from Yale College in the class of 1869, and after serving through the war became a journalist in New Orleans.

Doctor S. Wells Williams, of Utica New York, who was for many years the secretary of the American legation in China, and who is a perfect master of the Chinese tongue, has accepted a new professorship of Chinese language and literature in Yale College. This is the first professorship of the kind that has ever been established in the United States.

Here is one of the romances of city life, whose denouement occurred in New York on Saturday. They were young and she was beautiful. After being betrothed for some months he lost his situation and, of course, his prospects. It seemed necessary that they should be married at once, but the former suitor was disinclined, had grown indifferent or had caught sight of another pretty face, and declared his intention to go West. The next morning she was found in her chamber—dead.

A kind-hearted young lady of Raleigh, North Carolina, recently visited the ladies' department of the Insane Asylum, and a good patient, in a beseeching style, implored her to give her just one kiss; that it had been many a day since a pair of young lips had touched her age-wrinkled cheek. The young lady could not refuse, and gave her a kiss; but this started the whole ward, and she had to kiss through before she was done.

American women seem to have taken a fresh start in the way of self-help, and women's clubs are springing up all over the country. Mary A. Livermore says of these organizations: "Sometimes they are formed for mutual improvement and literary culture, as at Pittsburgh and at Perry, N. Y. Sometimes, among the young people, there are 'cooking clubs,' as at Syracuse, N. Y., where, also, since the 'Woman's Congress,' held last October, 'art clubs' have been organized among women and maintained with great and enthusiastic interest."

A very significant as well as interesting celebration was the recent centennial of Methodism in North Carolina. Its introduction there, feeble at first, gradually became a religious power throughout the whole South, until now it is probably the dominant religious influence South of the old line.

The Chicago whisky men are going down like grass before the scythe, and there are mower to come.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Here is shown the beautiful side of a mother's heart:—

"How many graves are in this world?" "Oh, child,"
His mother answered, "surely there are two."
Archly he shook his pretty head and smiled—
"I mean in this whole world, you know I do."

"I do not know; I may have heard or read
Of more. But should I search the wide grass through,
Lift every flower and every thorn," she said,
"From every grave, oh! I should see but two."

Advice to people about to go to the Black Hills: "Don't."

Gen. Schenck is to explain the Emma mine business to-day.

To "kernewoggle," is the latest Westernism. It means to swindle artistically.

In this world one is likely to get what he gives. Men's hearts are whispering galleries.

The *Post* is still grinding out anti-Wallace music with great vigor and perseverance.

A Georgia editor speaks of "the shirt of Nestor, if his memory serves him right." His memory is shiftless.

London has revived the famous beefsteak club of a century ago. Hope the members won't become embroiled.

Our Democratic contemporary has got thoroughly up on its ear with respect to Senator Wallace. It is a giddy altitude.

For the first time within twenty-two years immigrants were last Saturday landed on a steamship wharf in Jersey city.

How many of our readers are in favor of planting trees by way of recognizing the Centennial year? Next month is the proper time.

The latest agony at dinner parties is to leave the *menu* printed on a handsome fan placed at each lady's plate. *Menu* is Latin for fodder.

A good many reputations nowadays are looking as pit-iable as though they had been suffering from a severe attack of small-pox.

Day laborers' wages are increasing in the East, and new life in most branches of trade seems to have been infused by the approach of spring.

Dishonesty on the half-shell. English restaurant keepers place the meats of Dutch oysters in native shells and sell them as natives.

The case of the sister of a deceased officer of high rank in the United States army, now starving in New York, is reported in the New York *Mail*.

It is Edwin Booth's intent to retire to his country seat at Stamford, Conn., in June, and not to resume his professional engagements until September.

It is scientifically decided that rust causes fire. This is why the brain of the "Personalist" of the New York *Herald* does not emit thoughts that burn.

"Throat rot" is what the doctors call the disease which is afflicting so many Congressmen. It probably results from a determination of words to the mouth.

Interesting relics belonging to a prehistoric race, which is supposed to have flour ished not less than two thousand years ago, have just been discovered in Michigan.

An old farmer once said, with more truth than elegance: "There are two talks in this world to one do." Congress constantly reminds one of the pithy epigram.

You may never have thought of it, but it is impossible to get thoroughly angry without raising your voice. Control your voice and you are sure to control your temper.

Captain Eads wants the first payment on his jetty work, having secured a depth of twenty feet of water on the bar. The full thirty feet, he says, will be reached by the latter part of next summer.

A workman in a gunpowder factory in New York undertook to light his pipe while making cartridges, the other day. A few hours afterwards his ashes were taken from the ruins, still smoking.

The solution of the problem of cheap gas, about which so much is said at present, will come, if it comes at all, from the utilization of petroleum or kerosene as the raw material instead of coal.

A California youth with a "telescopic eye" is reported who can see objects on the moon much more distinctly than can be detected by the strongest telescope. Can he tell where Kilpatrick is?

Carrying false information of the illness or death of some absent relative, and demanding of the person receiving the cheering intelligence a small sum of money for the messenger's trouble, is the latest crooked industry.

A good many prophecies were made to the effect that with Jennings' departure the New York *Times* would begin to "weaken" and show signs of feebleness on the editorial page. There are as yet, however, no indications of a loss of vigor and power.

The marine value of the signal service was signally demonstrated the other day, when, at one point alone on the New England coast, a fleet of several hundred vessels was warned of approaching danger in time to put out to sea or seek a safe harbor.

A movement is on foot in Canada to stop the running of all railroad trains between Saturday midnight and Sunday midnight; locks on canals to be similarly closed; no delivery to be made at any postoffice on Sunday, and no mails made up or dispatched.

In damp closets and cupboards which generate mildew, a trayful of quicklime will be found to absorb the moisture and render the air pure; but, of course, it is necessary to renew the lime from time to time as it becomes fully slaked. This last remedy will be found useful in safes and strong rooms, the damp air of which acts frequently most injuriously on the valuable deeds and documents which they contain.

Judge Barnard orders the sale of the Dutchess and Columbia division of the New York, Boston and Montreal Railroad under the foreclosure of the first mortgage.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert C. Schmertz.
SOLICITOR—John H. Bailey.

NATIONAL
INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. W. MARTIN..........President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON..........Secretary.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.
NIEMANN & AHLERS,
Merchant Tailors,
And Dealers in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
Have removed to No. 101 SMITHFIELD STREET, third door from Fifth avenue, Howard Block.

NEW RELIGIOUS PAPER.
THE
PRESBYTERIAN JOURNAL,
$1 50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR POSTAGE.
ALFRED NEVIN, D. D., LL. D., REV. J. FORD SUTTON, } Editors.

This cheapest of all religious papers is published in unexceptionable style, on a sheet 26 by 37½ inches. It uses no out side inducements to secure support. Its *premiums* are found in its pages. It excludes all *Medical* and other unworthy advertisements—also, dry discussions. No effort is spared to make it a *pure*, safe, attractive and instructive journal for
THE FAMILY.
While it is a Denominational paper, it embraces in its outlook all the branches of the Redeemer's kingdom. Its articles are brief, pointed, varied, lively and earnest. The INTERNATIONAL LESSONS, prepared expressly for the JOURNAL by one of its Editors, are said by leading Sunday School men in all parts of the country, to be the VERY BEST ISSUED, and WORTH THE PRICE OF THE PAPER. These, with other marked features, render it a most desirable paper for Sunday School Workers. It is just such a paper as suits the times, both in
TERMS AND TONE.
The marked ability and ripe experience which the Senior Editor, Rev. Dr. NEVIN, brings with him to the editorial chair, are a sufficient guaranty that the paper will be abreast with the demands of
THE AGE IN FRESHNESS AND FORCE.
Specimen copies forwarded (free of charge) on application. Address
Rev. J. FORD SUTTON,
Proprietor and Publisher,
Rooms 22 and 23 Press Building,
Philadelphia.

PAINTING!
Best and cheapest PAINTING in the city at
GRAY'S Paint Shop,
84 Diamond street,
Fourth door above Smithfield street.

W. W. TYSON,
Sealer of Weights & Measures,
ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
Office—41 Federal St., Allegheny City.
Box 243, Pittsburgh.
Hours—8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

PATENTS.
Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets, or Room 2, 16 Sixth street Pittsburgh. Send for circular.

DRY GOODS.

James Caldwell & Co.
Invite special attention to their Spring Opening, which will be found unusually attractive:
LADIES' SPRING SUITS
In great variety of styles and material, ranging in price from Five to Fifty Dollars.
Ladies' Embroidered, Braided and Trimmed
OVERDRESSES & COSTUMES,
In Black Cashmere and Drap D'Ete.
Black Cashmere Sacques and Jackets.
Black Silk Sacques and Jackets.
Linen Suits and Costumes.
Black Dress Silks,
From 75 cents to $4 50 per yard.
A choice selection of DRESS SILKS, from 75 cents to $1, in Checks, Bars, Stripes and Plain Colors.
All the new Fabrics in CHECKS, STRIPES and MIXTURES, for Ladies' Spring Suits and Dresses.
BLACK & COLORED CASHMERES.
Black Silk Warp Cashmeres and Henrietta Cloths.
Black Tamise Cloth. Black Grenadines and Hernanis.
Black Alpacas, Mohair Lustres and Brilliantines.
A large stock of Tambourd Lace Curtains, of our own importation, at less than regular prices.
AGENTS FOR THE
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.
James Caldwell & Co.,
115 AND 117 FEDERAL STREET,
Allegheny City.

FEBRUARY 15, 1876
Cochran, McLean & Co.,
Broadway, Grand and Crosby Sts.,
NEW YORK,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
Respectfully call the attention of their friends generally, and buyers about to visit New York, to their stock of
Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons,
WHITE GOODS, LINENS,
Shawls, Dress Goods, Notions, Woolens,
HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
And ask that buyers will examine the same before purchasing elsewhere.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE SUMMER SESSION
OF THE
CLEVELAND MEDICAL SCHOOL,
Consisting of Recitations, Lectures and Clinics, at the College and Cleveland City Hospital, will commence on
APRIL 8, 1876,
And continue twelve weeks. A Summer and Winter Course will be considered equivalent to a year's study.
JOHN BENNITT, M. D., Dean.
FRANK WELLS, M. D., Secretary.

Allegheny Commercial School,
In Girard Bank Building, Allegheny,
W. W. McCLELLAND, Principal
And Teacher of Penmanship.
PROF. S. D. EVERHART, of the Pittsburgh High School, Teacher of BOOKKEEPING and COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS.
EVENING CLASSES 7 TO 9 P. M.
AFTERNOON CLASSES, 2 TO 4 P. M.
TEACHERS' CLASS 10 to 12 A. M. SATURDAYS.
Persons desiring to fit themselves for Teachers can obtain a thorough knowledge of Plain and Ornamental Penmanship.

Beaver College and Musical Institute.
Spring Session opens APRIL 4th. Daily Lessons in Music.
R. T. TAYLOR.

Drawing.
Instruction in MECHANICAL and FREEHAND DRAWING, MATHEMATICS and NATURAL SCIENCES, by WM. H. STERRUWITZ, Civil Engineer, No. 10 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. Apply, Central Board of Education, Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, or Catholic Institute, 160 Wood street, or office.

WALL PAPER, &C.

WALL PAPER!
1876.
DECORATIVE NOVELTIES for the coming Spring arranged.
The best Parisian houses fully represented.
EAST LAKE PAPERS, with and without Dados.
SCARLET EMBOSSED and PEBBLE GROUND PAPERS, complete assortment.
NEW HALL PILASTERS, on Screens, very recherche.
AMERICAN GOLD GROUND, GILT, SATIN, PLAIN, EMBOSSED DAMASK, &c.
First Prize Silver Medal Awarded at Exposition.
DE ZOUCHE & CO.,
101 Fifth Avenue,
NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

New Paper Hangings!
FOR SPRING OF 1876.
At No. 107 Market Street,
NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.
A large stock now opening, and to which constant additions will be made, of New Goods, consisting of GILT, TINT, PLAIN and SATIN DAMASK AND BLANK WALL PAPERS, DADOS, DECORATIONS, FRESCO BORDERS AND MOULDINGS, of the newest designs, which we offer at the lowest prices. CALL AND SEE.
JOS. R. HUGHES.

REMOVAL.
THOMAS PALMER,
DEALER IN
Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.,
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 110 Wood Street,
FIRST DOOR BELOW FIFTH AVENUE.
All the latest styles on hand. Call and examine.

E. EDMUNDSON & SONS'
FURNITURE!
Parlor, Library, Diningroom & Chamber
FURNITURE.
Best Styles and Largest Stock in City to select from.
LACE CURTAINS
AND
UPHOLSTER GOODS,
OF ALL KINDS.
139 Liberty Street,
FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE.

DRY GOODS.

1876.

Established 1853.

MONDAY, MARCH 27.

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

At 12½c, choice line of new desirable DRESS GOODS. At 15c, new variety in
NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS.
At 18¾c, latest novelties in New Dress Goods. At 25c, large assortment New Dress Goods, in latest styles and colors. At 18¾ and 25c, new line of
SUPER BLACK ALPACAS.
At 28c, a superior number in Black Alpaca. At 37½c, extra quality Black Alpacas. At 45c and 50c, Black Alpacas, extra good value. Good bargains in fine Alpacas and Mohairs. A complete assortment of
DEEP MOURNING GOODS,
Of all kinds. A very fine assortment of New Spring Dress Goods, in finer materials, at very low prices. Extra good value in Black and Colored Dress Silks,
NEW MOURNING SILK,
Checked Silks, Striped Silks, Fancy Colored Silks, a very fine assortment. Good bargains in
JEANS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
&c., for Men and Boys' wear. At 25c, heavy
BLUE JEANS,
Worth 50c. At 50, 62½, 70 and 75c, good value in New Fancy Cassimeres. Also, in Plain
BROAD CLOTHS,
all shades, Diagonals, Checks, Stripes, &c., &c.
A Full Stock at Lowest Prices.

At 12½c, extra good value in Corded Piques, Plain, Striped, Checked, Barred and Figured Nainsooks and Jaconets, Swisses and Tarlatanes in every color.
VICTORIA AND LINEN LAWNS.
Insertion and Satin Striped Piques, Cambric and Swiss Tuckings, at very lowest prices. Embroidered, Tucked and Plain Muslin Underwear and Night Gowns, for Ladies, Misses and Children. A very nice line of Children's Colored and White
PIQUE SUITS,
Embroidered in all colors. Embroidered, Tucked and Plain Robes, Short Dresses, Slips and Skirts, for Infants.
INFANTS' CAPES
and Cloaks, all colors. Full line of Ladies, Misses and Children's Gauze and Medium Weight Underwear. Calico, Chintz, Lawn and
LINEN WAISTS,
Plain and Fancy, for Ladies, Misses and Boys. White and Fancy Colored Skirts in latest Spring Styles. A complete new variety of
NEW SPRING SHAWLS,
very low; Broche, Black and Mourning Grey Shawls.
NEW SPRING SUITS
and Sacques. At $2, Ladies' Grey and Brown Cloth Sacques, worth $5.
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., at lowest prices.
Stock Complete at Attractive Prices.

At 4½c, Standard Calicos, fast colors. At 5c, large variety of best makes of Calicos. At 6¼c, choicest styles and all the best makes of Fast-colored
NEW CALICOS.
At 6¼c, the latest work in
SPRAGUE'S PRINTS,
5¾c by the piece.
At 8½c, an extra heavy Sheeting Muslin. At 9c, seven-eighths Fruit-of-the-Loom Shirting Muslin. At 10c, 4-4
FRUIT-OF-LOOM MUSLIN.
At 10c, Lonsdale Shirting Muslin. At 12½c, Wamsutta Shirting Muslin. At 12½c, 5-4 Pillow-case Muslin, full width. At 8c, short lengths in yard wide Chintzes. At 75c, nice assortment Red Table Damasks. At 50c, 8-4 all Linen Bleached
TABLE DAMASK.
At $1 (worth $1 50,) very fine Bleached Damask, slightly imperfect. At 75c, full size
WHITE BED QUILTS.
Special good bargains in several cases all Linen Towels, from 8½c upward, extra large sizes at 12½c.
GERMAN TICKS
and Checks. Cheviot Shirtings and Shirting Checks. Furniture Chintzes and Checks. Domestic and Foreign Ginghams. Fancy Scotch and French Ginghams, very low. Lowest to finest qualities
IRISH LINENS,
at unusually low prices. All styles and qualities in Shirt Fronts, of our own and Eastern manufacture, at very low prices. Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c., &c.
Good Bargains on Every Counter.

At 35c, a bargain in White and Colored Corsets. At 62½c, extra good White and Colored Woven Corsets. Childrens and Misses' White and Colored fancy
PIQUE APRONS,
Embroidered in all colors. At $1, embroidered Black Alpaca Aprons, a bargain. Ladies and Misses'
WHITE APRONS,
Plain and Fancy. Special bargains in Gents' fine White Dress Shirts, open and closed fronts, slightly soiled, at half price. Ladies and Gents' all Linen
HANDKERCHIEFS
at bargains. All the very latest Styles and Shapes for Spring in Ladies and Misses' Hats and Bonnets. All widths and shades of
NEW RIBBON,
new Spring Flowers, new French Flowers, a beautiful variety. All the novelties in Ladies'
NEW NECKWEAR,
in Silk, Cashmere and Ribbon Lace. Plain and Fancy White Linen Sets.
NEW RUCHING,
and Sets. Plain and Fancy Colored Sets. A large assortment of Ladies' Unlined Gloves.
KID GLOVES,
&c. At $2 per pair, the celebrated "Josephine" Glove, in Black and Colored, every pair warranted.
New Specialties Received Daily

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
CENTENNIAL. 1876. SPRING.
There are three reasons why everybody should buy from
McFarland, Collins and Co
1st.—Our Salesroom being on second floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d.—We buy everything from manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
3d.—We sell for Cash, avoiding therefore losses by bad debts.
THE LOWEST PRICES
AND
THE BEST GOODS,
AT
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE,
Next to U. S. Postoffice and Custom House.

CARPETS!
A CHOICE STOCK.
ALL QUALITIES.
PRICE LOW.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 Fifth Avenue.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
Also Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEGAL.

Notice in Equity.

William G. Fargo and William G. Moorhead vs. The Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company.
In the Court of Common Pleas of Crawford county. No. 5, August Term, 1874. In Equity.
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, heretofore duly appointed Receiver, &c., in the above entitled action, did, on the 2d day of March, 1876, file in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court, at Meadville, in said county, his final account as such Receiver, and that on the 9th day of March, 1876, Wm. R. Scott, Esq., was, by the order and decree of said Court, duly appointed Master to examine and report upon said account, and distribute the funds in the hands of the undersigned as such Receiver.
And notice is also hereby further given, that on the 13th day of April, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, the undersigned will move the said Court for an order or decree directing him to deliver the property that came to his hands by virtue of the appointment aforesaid, to the Pittsburgh, Titusville and Buffalo Railway Company, the purchaser thereof, that he distribute the funds now in his hands as such Receiver to the parties found to be entitled thereto, and that he be thereupon discharged from the duties of the trust.
DAVID McCARGO, Receiver.
M. CROSBY, Solicitor.
March 11, 1876.

Notice in Equity.

William G. Fargo and William G. Moorhead vs. The Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company.
In the Court of Common Pleas of Crawford county. No. 5, August Term, 1874. In Equity.
Notice is hereby given, that on the 9th day of March, 1876, the undersigned was duly appointed Master in the above entitled action, to examine the accounts of David McCargo, Receiver, &c., heretofore filed in said action, and report the same to Court, and to make distribution of the funds now in the hands of said Receiver, and that I shall attend to the duties of my appointment at the Arbitration Room, in the Court House, in the city of Meadville, in said county, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of April, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested may attend if they desire to do so.
WM. R. SCOTT, Master.
March 11, 1876.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Benj. P. Bakewell, late of the Eleventh ward, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them to the undersigned, at 73 Wood street.
B. G. BAKEWELL,
WM. BAKEWELL,
Administrators.

R. H. PALMER & CO.,
"LIMITED,"
SUCCESSORS TO R. H. PALMER,
WILL CONTINUE THE
Hat, Cap and Fur Business
AT
No. 151 Wood Street,
AND THE
STRAW, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS BUSINESS
AT
No. 105 Market Street.

Steam Sliced Smoked
Beef and Tongue,
TRADE KEYSTONE. MARK.
READY FOR BREAKFAST, LUNCH AND TEA TABLE, PARTIES, PICNICS, TRAVELERS AND INVALIDS.
"So delicate that an infant can digest it." Put up in the most cleanly manner, in Half and Pound Boxes. Ask your Grocer for it and try it.
No. 5 UNION STREET,
Between Fifth avenue and Market House.
J. M. McCREERY,
Proprietor.

SEEDS.
Complete Stock of Garden Seeds.
Also, CLOVER, TIMOTHY, ORCHARD, KENTUCKY BLUE AND HUNGARIAN Grass Seeds, SEED SWEET POTATOES, (Jersey.) ONION SETS, (white and yellow.) SEED POTATOES, (in variety.) FERTILIZERS, GARDEN TOOLS, &c. Agents for "MITCHELL'S" FARM WAGONS. Full line of FARM IMPLEMENTS. Everything at very LOW PRICES. Send for CATALOGUE (70 pages,) and call and examine our stock.
SCOBIE, REED & SMITH,
137 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

Pennsylvania Lead Co.
Smelters and Refiners.
PENNA. REF'D
Pig Lead,
Especially Adapted for the Manufacture of White Lead.
OFFICE, 137 FIRST AVENUE, PITTSBURGH

REINEKE, WILSON & CO.,
Practical Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,
And dealers in LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS, IRON AND LEAD PIPE, CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c.
NO. 61 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Special attention given to Rebronzing and Gilding Chandeliers.

WHOLESALE HOUSE.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
INVITE THE SPECIAL ATTENTION OF
Dry Goods, Notion
And Millinery Buyers
TO THEIR LINE OF
NEW SPRING GOODS!
NOW OPEN, embracing all the Latest Novelties and most Desirable Goods to be found in the Market, AT BOTTOM PRICES.
77 and 79 Market Street.
WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

INSURANCE.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
W. G. JOHNSTON..........President.
WALTER MORRIS..........Secretary.
Office, NO. 96 FOURTH AVENUE,
(ENGLISH BUILDINGS,)
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
Directors.
W. G. Johnston, John H. Wilson,
Capt. Thos. Snowdon, John Shipton,
Jehu Haworth, George Wilson,
Isaac DeHaven, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Thos. Pepperday, George Bingham,
R. McEldowney, Alexander Moore,
Cyrus Shepard, Capt. Wm. B. Haslett,
Wm. B. Hays, Jr.
Captain J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

Federal Insurance Company,
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
FIRE.
Office—Corner Federal and Lacock Streets
A. McFARLAND, President. Dr. W. J. LANGFITT, Vice President.
R. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.
Directors:
A McFarland, James B. Orr,
W. J. Langfitt, Samuel Dyer,
Valentine Baker, Wm. Roseburg,
Joseph H. Boreland, Samuel George, Jr.,
Wm. Schoyer, Albert Pitcairn,
S. B. Smith, W. D. Peebles,
Jacob G. Reel, H. S. McGeary,
B. D. Moore, Henry Palmer,
Alex. Hilands, W. Geo. Gibson,
James M. Hemphill, Samuel Severance.
WM. J. CARSON, General Agent.

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 100 FOURTH AVE., (English Buildings.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
Directors.
James Herdman, Captain J. L. Rhodes,
Wm. Vankirk, Charles Arbuckle,
Jared M. Brush, C. B. Shea,
Samuel McCrickart, John Farrell,
Wm. F. Lang, O. P. Scaife,
I. B. D. Meeds, John F. Dravo.
JAMES HERDMAN..........President.
WM. VANKIRK..........Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER..........Secretary.
GEO. M. ALEXANDER..........Gen'l Agent.

Manufacturers and Merchants'
INSURANCE COMPANY
87 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Capital, - - $250,000
ASSETS, $367,015 07, JANUARY 1, 1876.
JAS. I. BENNETT..........President.
JOHN W. CHALFANT..........Vice President.
JAS. M. KENNEY..........Secretary.
AUGUST AMMON..........General Agent.
Directors.
James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
A. E. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver,
John W. Chalfant, Geo. W. Hailman,
Robert Lea, Joseph Walton,
I. C. Pershing, C. W. Batchelor,
William Walker, S. F. Von Bonnhorst,
Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Co.
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED MARCH 20, 1849.
Assets January 1, 1876 - - $328,615.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
Directors.
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Chas. J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, John B. Jackson,
Philip Reymer, John Wilson,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK..........President.
WM. P. HERBERT..........Secretary.
GEO. NEELD..........Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co.
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
Cash Capital, $175,000
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL..........President.
GEO. A. BERRY..........Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY..........Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Gen'l Agent and Surveyor.
Directors.
Wm. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
George A. Berry, William Rea,
Henry Hays, Robert Dalzell,
James Woodburn, William Means,
Charles Atwell, Geo. W. Dilworth,
R. H. Palmer, David McCandless,
James A. McDevitt, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Philad'a,
ORGANIZED 1829.
ASSETS, Jan. 1, 1875, $3,308,856 80
J. G. COFFIN & CO., Agents,
Corner Third avenue and Wood streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE POINT BRIDGE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Point Bridge Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa., a meeting of the Stockholders of said corporation will be held at the chief office of said company, No. 61 Fourth avenue, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 15th day of APRIL, A. D. 1876, at 11 o'clock A. M., to consider and vote upon issuing of Five Thousand Shares of preferred Stock, under the provisions of the act of Assembly approved April 18th, 1874, and of the 16th section of the act of April 29th, 1874.
JOSHUA RHODES, President.

T. D. EVANS, ARCHITECT,
HAS RETURNED FROM EUROPE.
OFFICE, 56 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

SUITINGS,
The Finest Assortment in the City,
AT
HENRY SMITH & SONS'
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 98 Wylie Avenue.

J. H. BUCHLON,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 SIXTH STREET,
Imports direct the FINEST GOODS, and can there fore sell lower than any other first-class house in the city.

MERCHANT TAILOR
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT
ENGLISH REMEDY!
The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.
NERVOUS DEBILITY.
However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of
NERVOUS PROSTRATION.
characterized by a general languor or weakness of the whole organism, especially of the nervous system, obstructing and preventing the ordinary functions of nature; hence there is a disordered state of the secretions; constipation, scanty and high-colored urine with an excess of earthy or limey sediment, indicative of waste of brain and nerve substance, frequent palpitations of the heart, loss of memory, and marked irresolution of purpose, and inability to carry into action any well defined business enterprise, or to fix the mind upon any one thing at a time. There is great sensitiveness to impress, though retained but a short time, with a flickering and fluttering condition of the mental faculties, rendering an individual what is commonly called a whiffle-minded, or fickle-minded man.
This condition of the individual, distressing as it is, may, with a certainty, be cured by
THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND LOTHROP'S TONIC PILLS.
Medicines unrivalled for their wonderful properties and remarkable cures of all Nervous Complaints. Their efficacy is equally great in the treatment and cure of Cancers, Nodes, Ulcers, Pustule, Pimples, Tetter, Fever Sores, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scaldhead, Barbers' Itch, Scurvy, Salt Rheum, Copper-Colored Blothes, Glandular Swelling, Worms and Black Spots in the Flesh, Discolorations, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth and Nose, Sore Legs, and sores of every character, because these medicines are the very best
BLOOD MEDICINE
Ever placed before the people, and are warranted to be the most Powerful Alterative ever originated by man, removing Morbid Sensibility, Depression of Spirits, Dementia, and Melancholia.
Each package of the Cordial Balm contains one box of the Tonic Pills, which may also be had separately at 50 cents per box.

DR. WHITTIER,
FOUNDER AND PROPRIETOR OF THE
Keystone Dispensary,
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private and Urinary Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, all Urinary diseases and Syphilis, (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his lifelong special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Hours 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
"TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,"
144 pages, fine illustrations cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address KEYSTONE DISPENSARY, No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

QUICKLY CURED!
ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.
NO CURE, NO PAY.
Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfit the victim for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases, sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address
Girard Medical Dispensary,
No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietor where nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays from 2 P. M. to 7 P. M.

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all the diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

PRESCRIPTION FREE.—FOR THE speedy cure of Nervous Debility, Weakness, Opium Eating, Drunkenness, Catarrh, Asthma and Consumption. Any Druggist can put it up. Address PROF. WIGGIN Charlestown, Mass.

PAINT Your Buildings Inside and Out With Averill's Chemical Paint.
The cheapest and best, beautiful, rich and glossy. Mixed all ready, of every color, in packages to suit all. Any man can apply it. Roofing, Steamboat and Bridge Paint, and jobs of Painting done by ALONZO BALDWIN, No. 10 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, November 21, 1875, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.
MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 3:02 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 11:50 a. m., Philadelphia 4:20 p. m., New York 7:35 p. m.

Day Express daily, at 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:55 p. m., Philadelphia 6:20 p. m., New York 9:15 p. m., Baltimore 6:35 p. m., Washington 8:07 p. m.

Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:41 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.

Atlantic Express, daily, 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p m, Philadelphia 3:10 a m, New York 6:50 a m.

Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:21 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 2:40 a m, Philadelphia 7:00 a m, New York 10:10 a m.

Fast line daily, at 7:41 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a m, Philadelphia, 7:35 a m, New York 10:35 a m, Baltimore 7:35 a m, Washington 9:05 a m.

Johnstown Accommodation, 2:21 p m.

Wall's Accommodation, 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a m, 2:41, 5:41, 6:11 and 11:21 p m. Sunday, 12:46 p m.

Brinton Accommodation, 6:06 a m, 5:06 and 9:26 p m. Sunday, 9:26 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation, 9:21 a m, 1:41, 4:51, 7:11 and 8:11 p m.

Liberty Accommodation, 3:11 and 10:11 p m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD
Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:
Mail Train daily, except Monday..........1:21 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday..........1:41 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday..7:56 a m
Cincinnati Express daily..........8:11 a m
Pacific Express daily..........1:41 p m
Limited Mail daily..........5:41 p m
Way Passenger daily..........8:41 p m
Johnstown Accommodation..........10:41 a m

Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a m, 1:31, 2:41, 5:56 and 7:51 p m. Sunday, 10:01 a m

Brinton Accommodation, 7:41 and 8:16 a m, 7:06 11:11 p m. Sunday, 7:06 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation, 11:46 a m, 3:06 7:31, 9:21 and 10:01 p m.

Liberty Accommodation, 7:11 a m and 4:06 p m.

SOUTHWEST PENN. RAILWAY.
No Change of Cars.

Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 8 6 a m.
Connellsville Express, daily, except Sunday, 6:06 p m.
Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9: a m and 6:46 p m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.
From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City,
City Time:
Mail Train, connecting for Butler..........6:36 a m
Express, connecting for Butler..........2:36 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 9:16 a m, and 4:56 p m.
Springdale Accommodation, 11:26 a m, 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:11 p m.
Tarentum Accommodation..........11:31 p m.
Market Train for Butler..........3:31 p m

Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):
Express, connecting from Butler..........10:11 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler..........5:51 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 8:11 a m and 1:36 p m.
Springdale Accommodation, 6:51 a m, 3:51, 7:16 and 11:11 p m. On Sunday at 9:51 a m and 6:41 p m.
Market Train from Butler..........9:11 a m

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR., General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE. On and after SUNDAY, November 21, 1875, Trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:07 a m	McDonald's Ac	6:47 a m
Pacific Express	8:42 a m	Cincinnati Ex	6:57 a m
Columbus Mail	7:12 a m	Washington Ac	8:37 a m
Washington Ac	9:17 a m	Dennison Ac	9:57 a m
McDonald's Ac	11:02 a m	McDonald's Ac	2:02 p m
Dennison Ac	2:57 p m	Washington Ac	4:12 p m
Washington Ac	4:42 p m	Columbus Mail	5:42 p m
Limited Mail	6:02 p m	Fast Line	7:12 p m
McDonald's Ac	6:12 p m	Southern Ex	2:32 a m
McDonald's Ac	10:47 p m	Sunday Church Train	10:02 a m
Sunday Church Train	12:47 p m		

Pacific Express, Limited Mail and McDonald's Accommodation No. 12 leave daily.
Cincinnati Express and Fast Line arrive daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Sundays excepted.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.
W. L. O'BRIEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, JR., General Superintendent.
D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after DECEMBER 19, 1875, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:19 a m	Atlantic Ex	2:42 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex	7:12 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:47 a m
Clev & W Mail	8 27 a m	Chicago Ex	12:37 p m
Chicago Ex	8:42 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	2:42 p m
Clev & Whg Ex	1:52 p m	Chicago Mail	3:42 p m
Pacific Express	3:12 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:52 p m
Wheeling Ex	4:17 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex	7:07 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex	4:37 p m	Clev & W Ex	7:22 p m
Through Mail—limited	6:02 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	11:37 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	6:57 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:52 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:27 a m	Leetsdale Ac	7:27 a m
Leetsdale Ac	12:07 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:12 a m
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac	1:12 p m	Enon Ac	8:47 a m
Enon Ac	3:42 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac	9:52 a m
Leetsdale Ac	5:12 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:52 p m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:22 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:12 p m
Leetsdale Ac	8:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:27 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:57 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:27 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:42 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:52 a m

Through Mail—Limited, Leaves Daily.
Pacific Express Leaves Daily.
Chicago Express Arrives Daily.
Atlantic Express Arrives Daily, Mondays excepted
All other Trains will Leave and Arrive Daily, Sundays excepted.
J. D. LAYNG, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH DIVISION. On and after MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1875, Trains on this Road will Depart from and Arrive at Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Uniontown Ac	6:50 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:45 a m
Through Mail	9:25 a m	Through Ex	7:15 a m
McKeesport Ac	11:[illegible]0 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:45 a m
McKeesport Ac	2:15 p m	W. Newton Ac	8:30 a m
Uniontown Ex	3:45 p m	Uniontown Ex	10:00 a m
McKeesport Ac	4:15 p m	McKeesport Ac	2:00 p m
W. Newton Ac	5:10 p m	Uniontown Ex	5:35 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	6:05 p m
Through Ex	8:00 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:25 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:15 p m	Through Mail	9:00 p m
McKees't Ch T	12:45 p m	McKees't Ch T	10:10 a m

Mail Trains daily. Through Express daily, except Sunday. Through Express west daily, except Monday. Accommodation Trains daily, except Sunday.

75 MILES THE SHORTEST AND ONLY ROUTE between the East and West, via Washington City.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points east and southeast. Ticket Office, 56 Fifth avenue.
E. K. HYNDMAN, Superintendent.
L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
W. E. REPPERT, Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD. On and after Monday, December 6, 1875, train will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot Pittsburgh, city time:

LEAVES.		ARRIVES.	
Arnolds Parker Acc	6:55 a m	Night Express	6:05 a m
Buffalo Express	8:25 a m	Parnassus Ac	6:45 a m
1st Soda Wks Ac	10:10 a m	1st Soda Wks Ac	8:10 a m
Kittanning Acc	11:40 a m	Arnolds Parker Ac	9:35 a m
Titusville Ex	1:00 p m	Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac	11:15 a m
Emlenton Acc	3:20 p m	2d Soda Wks Ac	1:55 p m
Hulton Ac	5:00 p m	Titusville Ex	2:45 p m
2d Soda Wks Ac	6:10 p m	Kittanning Ac	6:00 p m
Night Express	8:10 p m	Hulton Ac	7:36 p m
Parnassus Ac	11:00 p m	Buffalo Ex	8:55 p m

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.

Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a m, arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:23 p m. Stop at all Stations.

Special Sunday Train between Pittsburgh and Foxburg, connecting at Parkers with Parkers and Karns City Railroad for Karns City and Petrolia. Leave Pittsburgh at 7:15 a. m. (city time), arriving at Foxburg 11:00 a. m.; returning leaves Foxburg at 2:35 p. m., arriving at Pittsburgh 7:05 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making direct connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. and E. R. R. east to Williamsport, west to Emporium, Olean and points on B. N. Y. and P. R. R.

Buffalo Express and Emlenton Accommodation north and south, connect at Red Bank with train on Low Grade Division for Sligo, Brookville and Reynoldsville.

Buffalo Express north and south, make close connection at Brocton, to and from.

Buffalo orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be Checked from Hotels or Residences to destination.

Ticket Offices, 78 Fifth avenue, and Union Depot.
DAVID McCARGO, General Superintendent.
J. MORTON HALL, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

TO INVENTORS!

THE INVENTORS' PROTECTIVE AND BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES respectfully announce to inventors generally, that they have secured a large and eligible space in the Centennial Building, Philadelphia, and will there place on exhibition models of inventions of its members. Any Inventor desiring to avail himself of this unusual opportunity to display his invention to millions of visitors, should apply without delay.

For further particulars, advice, &c., apply to the General Office,
NO. 104 FIFTH AVENUE,
Opposite P. O., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MRS. S. S. BAIR'S
MERCHANTS' DINING ROOMS.
NO. 148 THIRD AVENUE
(Second door from Central Hotel, above Smithfield street.) Open and fully prepared to accommodate the public. Meals sent to offices promptly. Satisfaction guaranteed, and punctuality a specialty.
DAY BOARDING at reasonable rate.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, March 27, 1876.

The money market opened up quietly -day, the banks generally being in a po- tion of some ease, and tolerably well pre- ared to accept all the paper of undoubted aracter offered by their customers, while a number of instances there was a little quiry for first class outside paper. On e other hand, some of the banks report- l their funds pretty well loaned up. The neral condition of the loan market was, wever, easy, with the low rates of dis- unt previously quoted still ruling. The cal dealings in stocks and securities ere not important so far as we can learn. xchange was in fair supply and ruled at r in transactions between the banks. here is some speculation as to the future the money market among bankers, the neral opinion being that the abundance money will be likely to last for some ne yet. That is the view taken by the *inancial Chronicle*, which in an exhaus- e review of the situation takes the ound that cheap money is likely to pre- il during the rest of 1876. On the her hand, the New York *Times*, comparing the statements of e associated banks of that city, ints out that the legal tender re- rve last week was only $44,000,000, ainst $52,000,000 in 1875 and $60,000,000 in 74, being a decrease of $16,000,000 in the o years. The last is a decline of more an twenty-six per cent., and may be ken as an indication that money will be arer to borrow next autumn than it has en for two seasons past. It is, however, e to believe, as far as the money market this city is concerned, the policy of mer- ants will be that of drawing in and re- cing liabilities until there is a marked provement in business.

—We alluded last week to a decision of dge Acheson upon the subject of usury, ncerning which it now appears that the port from which we quoted so faulty to altogether misrepresent the point of decision. A more accurate report has ce been made upon the subject, which ows that the decision was altogether dif- ent from that reported previously. Af- some remarks upon the distinction be- en the moral and legal obligations of rowers and lenders, which we wish we uld publish in full, and also upon the bject of usury in past State legislation, Judge says:

> Negotiable paper taken *bona fide* in the nal course of business is protected against y claim for usury; but we fail to see how the editor, by taking the judgment obligation of debtor and afterward receiving the money the judgment by voluntary payment, can feat the debtor's right to recover back an cess of interest as provided in the act. The editor generally has it in his power to dic- te the kind of security to be given, and if the sition taken be correct, it would follow that possesses the power to abridge the rights the borrower secured to him by the statute. are of opinion that the voluntary payment the judgments did not estop the plaintiff m maintaining his present suit, and in the se against Hopkins, Wright & Co. we must ter judgment for the plaintiff for want of a fficient affidavit of defense.

Concerning another of the usury cases dge Acheson made a decision, touching claim for usury, when collected by exe- tion and levies upon real estate. From is portion of the decision arose the mis- nception of the decision afforded by the port from which we copied. The Judge ys:

> Was the payment under these circumstances luntary? For if it was not, the plaintiff nnot recover under the act of 1858. Against enforced payment the debtor can protect nself by an application to the court to stay ecution, and deduct the excess of interest om the judgment. If he neglects to do this, d under the pressure of the execution pays e money to the sheriff, it is a payment by al constraint, and therefore not voluntary Watts, 413; 1 Jones, 60; Troubat & Haley's actice, vol. 2, page 9. We are of opinion at the affidavit of defense is sufficient, and e motion for judgment is overruled.

—The price of silver at London has ain fallen to 52@52½d per ounce, a re- ction of 12¼@13 per cent. since the de- ne began. This is 8½d less than the rrent rate in February, 1872, and is d to be the lowest ever quoted in the itish market. This last effect was pro- ced by the vote in the Bank of France, ich has the reputation of being the best verned monetary institution in the rld, refusing to make silver the basis of sumption. Since the 1st of the month, e bank has refused to advance money on ruvian and Mexican coin, the same as bar silver. A fact like this ought to ake some impression in Washington, d probably will, since the silver experi- ent has cost the Government so much in nds bearing a gold interest.

—The Boston *Advertiser* gives the fol- wing information concerning the divi- nds and profits of the banks of that city: The Boston banks will pay the following vidends on the 1st of April: National Ex- ange, 6 per cent.; First National, 6 per cent.; w England National, 4 per cent.; Boylston tional, 4; Columbian National, 4; Washing- n National, 4; Boston National, 4; Merchants' tional, 4; Old Boston National, 4; National nk of the Republic, 3½; Tremont National, ational City, 3; Shoe and Leather National, Globe National, 3; Massachusetts National, Everett National, 3. The Revere National ll probably pay a dividend of 3 per nt. The National Bank of the Common- alth passes its usual semi-annual dividend, e directors having deemed it best to charge losses against present earnings, instead dividing what has been earned, and trench- g upon the surplus. The directors report at the net earnings of the bank for the past months are $26,224 98, or about 5 1-5 per nt. and the losses on over-due paper not retofore charged off, $26,250. By passing the vidend at the present time the surplus of enty per cent. is left unimpaired. The total vidends paid to stockholders during the four ars and ten months the Commonwealth Bank s been in operation amount to $130,000, the ofits now on hand, including surplus, $126,- 4 98, making a total profit since organ- ation of $256,224 98, which is equal to 10 6-10 r cent. In addition to that, furniture and tures, amounting to $5,067, and the cost of rculation, amounting to $17,500, has been arged off. This added to the surplus above entioned makes the income of the bank nce its organization $278,282, or eleven and e-half per cent. per annum. The Broadway ational Bank will also pass its dividend, and is probable that a few other banks will do kewise. The Merchandise National, which s been started but four months, will pay no vidend in April, but it has made no losses, d its earnings have been 4 per cent. The ational Union Bank has declared a dividend $4 per share. The Boston National, 4 per nt., April 1.

—The following table shows the prices of ld, Government bonds, railway stocks, c., at the various sessions of the New rk Stock Exchange during the day, fur- shed by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 xth street:

March 27, 1876.	10:30 A. M	12:30 A. M	1:30 P. M	2:30 P. M
old	113⅞	114	114	114
. S. 6's, 1881, coup	122⅜	....	....	122½
20's, 1865	118⅜	....	....	118⅜
20's, 1865, new	119	....	....	118⅞
20's, 1867, registered	121½	....	....	121¼
20's, 1867	121⅛	....	....	121¼
20's, 1868	123	....	....	123
-40's	117⅜	....	....	117⅝
-40's, coupons	118⅛	....	....	118¼
urrency 6's	126⅜	....	....	126⅜
ew 5 per cents	113⅛	....	....	118
estern Union Tel	67⅞	67⅝	67⅞	....
uicksilver	17	....	17⅛	....
acific Mail	20⅛	20⅛	20⅜	....
anama	130	....	130	....
dams Express	107½	....	108½	....
ells-Fargo Express	86¼	....	....	....
merican Express	63	....	63¼	....
nited States Expr's	70⅛	....	70	....
ew York Central	113	....	....	....
rie	20¾	20⅝	....	....
ichigan Central	61⅛	61⅝	62½	....
ichigan Southern	63⅛	61¼	61½	....
linois Central	100	....	100½	....
leveland & Pittsb'gh	96¼	....	96½	....
hicago & Northwest	42¼	....	42¼	....
Do. preferred	62⅛	....	63⅛	....
ock Island	110	110⅛	110	....
. Paul common	42¼	....	43	....
Do. preferred	70⅝	70½	70⅝	....
abash common	3½	....	....	....
ort Wayne	....	....	102¼	....
hio & Mississippi	20	20⅛	20⅛	....
nion Pacific	62	....	....	....
arlem	....	....	140	....
annibal & St. Joe	17¾	....	....	....
ron Mountain	22½	....	....	....
. C. & I. C	4	4¾	....	....
issouri Pacific	....	14	....	....

—The following is the report of the rices of leading stocks on the Philadel- hia Stock Board, as received by wire at oon to-day:

Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.	Sales.
ennsylvania Central	....	....	56⅝
eading	....	....	50½
nited Cos. of N. J.	137	137¼	....
il Creek	14¼	14⅜	....
ehigh Valley	....	....	62
llegheny Valley	10!	....	....
entral Transportation	48⅝	....	....
mpire Transportation	53	53¼	....
. C. & St. L. m. b.	84	84¼	....

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 113⅞.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Money 2@4 per cent. rime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Customs eceipts $340,000. The Assistant Treasurer isbursed $142,000. Clearings $29,000,000. Ster- ing steady at 486¾@489¾.

GOLD.

Gold opened at 114 and closed at 113⅞. Car- ying rates 2¼@3½ per cent.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds ull and firm. State securities quiet. Stocks rregular, but in the main strong. The fluc- uations were confined within narrow limits, nd the market without special feature. West- rn Union, the Granger stocks, Lake Shore nd Missouri Pacific were the strongest. ransactions 127,000 shares, of which 5,000 were acific Mail, 30,000 Western Union, 4,000 St. aul, 21,000 Erie, 46,000 Lake Shore, 4,000 Ohio nd Mississippi and 5,500 Michigan Central. t was stated this afternoon that the runk lines which comprise the Pennsylvania entral Railroad, the Baltimore and Ohio, Erie, ew York Central and Grand Trunk of anada, will this week further reduce their eneral freight rates five cents per one hun- red weight. Private cable advices from rankfort report a decline in securities there, specially in railway bonds. The transfer ooks of the Lake Shore and Michigan outhern Railroad will close April 1st pre- aratory to the annual meeting to be held May , at Cleveland. Books will be opened May 4. he following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.

W. U. Telegraph	68¼	Toledo & Wabash	3¾
Pacific Mail	20⅛	Do. preferred	9¼
Adams Express	107½	Ft. Wayne	102¼
Wells-Fargo Ex	86	Terre Haute	4¾
American Ex	63½	Do. preferred	18
U. S. Express	70	Chicago & Alton	104¾
New York Central	113⅛	Do. preferred	110½
Erie	20⅝	Ohio & Mississippi	20¼
Do. preferred	36	Indiana Central	4½
Harlem	140	Burling'n & Qu'cy	117
Do. preferred	134	Hannibal & St. Joe	17½
Mich. Central	62¼	Del. & Lack	119
Union Pacific	62	Atlantic & P. Tel	18¾
Lake Shore	61¼	Central Pac. bonds	107¼
Illinois Central	100⅝	Union Pac. bonds	105

Cleve. & Pitts	96¼	Do. land grants	91¼
Northwestern	42¼	Mariposa	8⅛
Do. preferred	63	Do. preferred	8¾
N. J. Central	106¾	Panama	130
St. Paul	43	Missouri Pacific	14¼
Do. preferred	71	Rock Island	110¼

GOVERNMENTS.

U. S. coupons, 1881	122½	New 5's	118⅛
5-20's, 1865	118⅜	10-40's, registered	117½
5-20's, 1865, new	118⅞	10-40's, coupons	118⅛
5-20's, 1867	121¼	Currency 6's	126⅜
5-20's, 1868	123⅛		

STATE BONDS.

Tennessee, old	42¼	Virginia, new	35
Tennessee, new	39	Missouri 6's	104
Virginia, old	35		

LONDON, March 27, 5 P. M.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £35,000. The London Stock Exchange to-day opened weaker than on Saturday, but there are no important fluctuations. Discounts weaker. Some transactions have been made at 2⅞c. Money is in good demand at 3½ per cent on Government collaterals, in anticipation of the requirements of coming settlement. Consols 94¼. United States bonds—5-20's, 1865, 105¾; do 1867, 108⅜; 10-40's, 106; new 5's, 106¼. Railroad securities—New York Central 104; Erie 18¾; preferred 30.

PARIS, March 27.—Rentes 66 francs 30 centimes.

FRANKFORT, March 27.—United States bonds—New 5's 101⅜.

BERLIN, March 27.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank shows an increase of 5,421,000 marks.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—Gold 114¼. Sight ⅛ per cent. premium. Sterling—Bank 555½.

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, March 27, 1876.

The market showed some increase in the activity of commercial circles to-day, which may be principally ascribed to the improvement in the weather. Whatever the cause, there was a visible improvement in the feeling, although the increase in the volume of traffic was not such as to produce any changes in values, or to bring the volume of trade up to more than an average amount. Whether the improvement is more than a transitory one, or not is purely a matter of conjecture; but the feeling generally seemed to be that indications favor increased activity. The business at the freight depots showed a material increase and trade on the landing was brisker than for some time past. In values no decided change was noted the principal features of trade being unchanged.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce, since our last, are as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,170	Butter, pkgs	85
Corn, bus	2,835	Bacon, pcs	1,250
Wheat, bus	729	Bacon, tcs	102
Barley, bus	450	Potatoes, bus	1,615
Oats, bus	1,500	Hay, bales	325

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator.

Grain, Flour and Feed.

GRAIN—The market continued sluggish but in view of the light stocks of all kinds of grain held here, values were firmer in tone. There was no quotable change in values, however, and we repeat former prices. Wheat was steady with light business. We quote Michigan white at $1 40@1 45; Pennsylvania and Ohio red winter $1 30@1 31; amber $1 36@1 39; Northwestern red $1 38@1 40; low grades are dull and neglected at $1 16@1 22; rejected do 90c@$1 10, as to quality; a quiet feeling prevails in spring wheat, No. 1 ruling at $1 25@1 30. Corn was scarce and firm. We quote shelled at 51@55c for yellow; 52@53c for high-mixed; 50@52c for mixed; prime Kansas do 56@58c; new ear 50@52c for yellow. Oats ruled steady at former quotations. We quote mixed Pennsylvania and Ohio at 39@40c; white do at 41@42c; Western white 42@44c. Barley is very stagnant at former quotations. Canada is held at $1 10@1 20 ₩ bushel; choice spring at $1 00@1 05; common to prime 85@90c. Rye is quiet and easy at 78@80c ₩ bushel. Jobbing sales were made at the usual advance.

FLOUR—The market was fairly active in a jobbing way, at firm prices for the best brands. The rates current are as follows for the wholesale trade of our local millers: No. 1 white wheat flour $7 75 ₩ bbl; No. 1 amber do $7 25; red wheat flour $5 75@7 00. In sacks 25c off ₩ bbl. The jobbing brands of the leading dealers for standard brands of flours are steady, as follows: Choice brands of winter wheat flour $7 00@7 25; white wheat $7 50@7 75; Wisconsin is quoted at $6 00@6 25; Minnesota $6 50@6 75; fancy St. Louis $7 25@8 50; choice patents $8 50@9 00; red winter wheat flour is active at $6 00@6 25; Graham flour $6 50@6 75; self-raising flour, in 6 ℔ packages, $3 25 ₩ dozen packages; cornmeal 80c ₩ bushel; oatmeal $6 25 ₩ bbl; kegs $3 25. Rye flour $5 00@5 25 ₩ bbl. Buckwheat flour 2@2½c ₩ ℔ for wholesale and jobbing business.

HAY—There is a firm feeling and light supply. We quote upland prairie at $13 00@16 00 ₩ ton; No. 1 timothy $19 00@20 00; No. 2, $17 00@18 00.

MILL FEED—The supply is light and the market is steady. We quote bran $16 00@18 00 ₩ ton; seconds and shipstuffs $18 00@19 00; middlings and chopped feed $21 00@23 00.

Country Produce.

APPLES—The feeling is firm though trade is rather limited. Values are strong at $4 50@4 75 per barrel for choice; prime $4 00@4 25 ₩ barrel; mixed lots range from $2 50@3 50 ₩ barrel.

APPLE BUTTER—The market is steady. We quote business in a jobbing way at 70@75c ₩ gallon.

BEANS—The demand was sluggish. We quote prime white navy from first hands $1 15@1 20 ₩ bushel; in a jobbing way $1 20@1 25.

BEESWAX—The inquiry was only moderate. We quote at 30@33c ₩ pound.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales were made in a jobbing way at $1 50 ₩ cwt, and quotations were given on round lots at $1 25@1 35 ₩ cwt.

BUTTER—The feeling was still very firm, but the warmer weather and the increasing supply tended toward operating as a check upon the strength of the market. Values, however, continued strong and the market was active. 200 ℔s of prime sold on the wharf at 40c. We quote the best qualities of gilt-edged family at 40@41c ₩ ℔; prime to choice 33@37c; common to fair rules at 15@30c.

CIDER—There is a rather quiet market. We quote at $5 00@6 00 ₩ barrel.

CRANBERRIES—There is a steady market with a light supply. Prices are firm at $15 00@16 00 per barrel, as to quality and condition; $5 00 ₩ crate.

CHEESE—The tone of the cheese market is steady. We quote jobbing prices as follows: New York Goshen 14½@15c; prime Ohio factory 13½@14c per ℔.

DRIED FRUITS—We quote common to choice apples at 9@11c; sliced, 10@11c. Peaches—Halves 11@12c; peeled 19@21c. Blackberries 12@13c. Huckleberries 15@20c. Raspberries 30@33c. Cherries, pitted, 25@28c; unpitted 8@9c per ℔.

EGGS—There was an easy feeling under heavy receipts, but quotations were steady at yesterday's prices. We quote at 15@16c per dozen for strictly fresh. 1,000 doz. sold on the wharf at 15c ₩ doz.

HOPS—We quote prime 1874's at 18@20c ₩ ℔; mediums 15@17c; low grades nominal.

HOMINY—The supply is liberal with a fair demand. We quote at $4 00@4 25 ₩ barrel in jobbing way; $3 75@4 00 in round lots.

HONEY—New domestic honey is steady at 25@28c ₩ ℔. California is quoted at 30c ₩ ℔.

MAPLE SYRUP—Receipts are moderate but the demand is active; quoted at $1 20@1 25 per gallon jug. Maple sugar ruled at 11c per pound.

NUTS—Peanuts are in fair jobbing request; prime white Tennessee nuts rule at 6@6½c according to quality; Virginia 7½@8c; shellbarks are easy at $1 25@1 50 ₩ bushel; walnuts depressed at 30@40c ₩ bushel; hazelnuts $3 50@4 00 ₩ bushel. Pecans are in limited demand and in light stock at 10½@11c.

ONIONS—There is a somewhat improved demand and prices are a shade better. We quote at $1 75@2 00 ₩ barrel.

POULTRY—The market is firm. We quote dressed chickens at 12@14c ₩ ℔; turkeys 16@18c; geese nominally 8@10c; live chickens by the coop 70@80c per pair; on the wharf 75c per pair.

POTATOES—The market was again supplied by heavy receipts this morning and the feeling in round lots was weak. 500 bushels of peachblows sold on the wharf at 35c. We quote round lots at 34@36c for peachblows; 28@30c for Peerless and Early Rose. Sales were made from store at 35@40c ₩ bushel for prime peachblows. Sweet potatoes were jobbing in a small way at $3 50 ₩ bushel.

SEEDS—The feeling was firm with a light supply. We quote clover seed at $10 25@10 50 in a jobbing way, and $10 00@10 15 in round lots; timothy seed is easy at $2 65@2 75 ₩ bushel; flaxseed $1 45 in round lots; $1 50@1 60 in a small way; onion sets $3 00@3 50 ₩ bushel.

VINEGAR—Market well supplied. We quote country stock 15@20c ₩ gallon; best city make, No. 2, at 15c ₩ gallon.

Provisions.

The continued firmness of the Western markets still operates in favor of improved prices here. No quotable change was made in values however, and we repeat former prices.

BACON—There was a firm feeling at former quotations which are as follows: Shoulders 10⅜@10½c ₩ pound; short rib sides 13¼@13½c; clear sides 14c.

CUT AND CURED MEATS—Hams were steady and in fair demand at 14½c ₩ ℔ for extra sugar cured. Breakfast bacon rules steady and we quote sugar cured at 15c. Sugar cured shoulders were firm being quotable at 10⅝@11c. Dried beef, sugar cured, rules at 15c. Beef tongues, ₩ dozen, are quoted at $6 50.

LARD—The market is strong with a strong upward tendency. We quote prime leaf lard in tierces at 14½@14⅝c ₩ ℔; in half-barrels 14⅝@15c ₩ ℔; in kegs 15¼c ₩ ℔; refined lard in tierces 14⅞@15c ₩ ℔; in half-barrels 15¼@15⅝c ₩ ℔; in buckets 15¾@16c ₩ ℔; in 5-℔ caddies 17¼c ₩ ℔; in 3-℔ caddies 17c ₩ ℔; in 3-℔ pails 17⅝c ₩ ℔; in 5-℔ pails 17⅛c ₩ ℔; in 6-℔ pails 17½c ₩ ℔.

LARD OIL—There is a steady demand at firm prices. We quote extra winter-strained at $1 06 ₩ gallon; No. 1 at 90c ₩ gallon; No. 2, at 75c; miners' oil, extra, 65@67c; No. 1 61@63c.

HAM SAUSAGE—Continues steady at 9¾@10c ₩ ℔.

MESS PORK—The market is strong and higher, the ruling prices being $24 00@24 50 ₩ barrel for prime mess.

TALLOW—We quote chandlers, city rendered, 9¾@10c ₩ ℔; country do 8½@9c ₩ ℔.

COUNTRY BACON—There is a moderate demand for country-cured meats at steady values. We quote hams at 11½@13c ₩ ℔; shoulders 9@10c; sides 12@13c; lard 11@12½c.

Groceries.

The dullness of last week seemed to have been succeeded by increased activity and improvement to-day, and a moderate business was done in the leading staples. Quotations were unchanged as follows:

Green Coffees.	₩ ℔	*Sugars.*	₩ ℔
Fancy Rio	24 c	Standard A	10 @10⅝c
Choice Rio	23 c	Standard B	10 @10½c
Prime Rio	22 c	Do. extra C	9⅞@10 c
Good Rio	21 c	Extra C—yel	9⅝@ c
Ordinary Rio	20 c	C—yellow	9¼c
Java	32 c	Franklin, B	9⅜c
Roasted Coffees.		Cut Loaf	12 c
Rio, in papers	25 @27 c	Crushed	11¼c
2d grades do	24¼@25 c	Powdered	11¼c
Rio, in bulk	24½@26 c	Granulated	11 c
Java, in papers	33½c	Good fair N. O.	8 c
Java, in bulk	33 c	Fully do	8¼c
Teas.		Prime do	8¾c
Young Hyson	45c@1 25	Choice fair do	9 c
Gunpowder	60c@1 10	White clarified do	10 c
Imperial	50c@ 90	*Molasses.*	₩ gall.
Japan	40c@ 80	Strictly ch. N. O.	60@65c
Oolong	25c@ 65	Prime	58c
Fancy		Good	50c
Souchong	35c@ 75	*Syrups.*	
Starch.		Ex. white drips	70c
Pearl	4¼@4½c	Sugar drips	60c
Silver gloss		Lower grades	35@50c
Corn	10¼c	*Spices.*	
Rice.		Cloves	55 c
Choice Car'la	7¼@8 c	Allspice	17 c
Patna	7 @8 c	Cassia	33@35 c
Rangoon		Nutmegs	$1 25
Louisiana	6½@7 c	Pepper	19@20 c
Soda.		*Soaps.*	
Bi-carb, in kegs	5 c	Irish soap, ₩ box	$4 25
Bi-carb, in 10-℔ pkgs	5½c	S. S. Star, ₩ box	5 75
Bi-carb, in ℔ papers	7 c	Babbitt's best, ₩ box	6 75
Candles.		Gold do	6 50
Star, full weight	17 c	D. N. Y. City, ₩ ℔	9¼c
Stearine	13½c	German mottled do	7½c
Mould	11@12 c	California, ₩ box	$4 20

CANNED GOODS—The trade is steady at the following current rates:

2 ℔ Bartlett pears	$3 00	2 ℔ blackberries	$2 50
2 ℔ common pears	2 00	2 ℔ blueberries	2 00
2 ℔ pine apple	2 00	2 ℔ white cherries	2 75
2 ℔ quinces	2 00	2 ℔ red cherries	2 00
2 ℔ raspberries	2 75	2 ℔ gooseberries	1 50
2 ℔ strawberries	2 75	2 ℔ green gages	3 00
2 ℔ Lima beans	2 00	2 ℔ egg plums	3 00
2 ℔ string beans	1 50	2 ℔ damson plums	2 50
2 ℔ Winslow's corn	2 25	3 ℔ peaches	1 75
2 ℔ peas	1 75	2 ℔ peaches	2 25
3 ℔ tomatoes	1 50	3 ℔ pie peaches	1 60

FOREIGN FRUITS—Are in fair demand. Prices, however, are without important change. We quote as follows: Raisins—Layers, new, ₩ box, $3 00; London layers do $4 50; Valentias, new, 11½@12c ₩ ℔; Sultanas 13c. Dates 8½@9c ₩ ℔. Currants 8c. Citron 30c. Prunes 7c. Almonds—Languedoc 20c; do shelled 38c; do Princess 37c; do Jordan 35c, do Ivica 23c. Walnuts—Naples 20c; Marbot 17c; Sicily filberts 15c. Smyrna figs 18@20c. Brazil nuts 10c. Maccaroni 15@18c. Tapioca 10c. Lemons—Messina, ₩ box, $5 00. Oranges $5 00 ₩ box. Coconuts $7 00 ₩ hundred.

FISH—A steady trade at unchanged prices is noted in fish, with a good demand. We present the following revised list of quotations:

	Per bbl.		Per bbl.
Extra No. 1 Mess mackerel	$34 00	Labrador herring, split	$8 00
No. 1 mess do	32 00	Round do	6 25
Ex. No. 1 shore do	28 00	Lake do, hf bbls	3 75
No. 1 shore do	25 00	Smok'd bloat'r, bx	1 75
Ex. No. 1 bay do	22 00	Large George's codfish, ₩ ℔	6¼c
No. 1 bay do	19 00	Medium do	6 c
Ex. No. 2 do	17 00	Boneless codfish	7 c
No. 2 do	16 00	Halibut do	12½c
Large No. 3 do	12 50	No. 1 herring, ₩ bx	40 c
Whitefish	5 75	Scaled herring, do	50 c
California salmon, hf-bbls	9 00	Holland do ₩ keg	1 40

TOBACCO—The current rates are as follows:

Manufactured—		Six Twist	43@50c
Spun roll	60@63c	Smoking—Granulated	50@75c
Black Navy	50@58c	*Leaf Tobacco—*	
Black Tens	50@58c	Western leaf—wrappers	15@20c
Louisville Navy	60@65c	West'n leaf—lugs	9@10c
Louisville Cav	60@65c	Ohio seed wrap'rs	18@25c
Virginia Navy	53@58c	Ohio seed filler	9@12c
Virginia Tens	53@58c	Conn. (choice)	
Virginia Cav	53@58c	wrapper	60@70c
Double Thick	60@65c	Conn. filler	12@15c
Flounders	60@75c	Havana wrap's	$1 25@2 50
Bright pounds	63c@$1	Havana fillers	80c@1 25
Black Quarters	53@58c	*Cigars—*	
Rough & Ready	65@75c	Penn'a. seed	$15@ 20
Fine Cut plugs	70@80c	Connecticut	25@ 30
Fine Cut	55@90c	Seed & Havana	30@ 36
Cut and Dry	33@42c	Havana	60@150
Scotch Snuff	60@75c		
Black Snuff	60@75c		

Petroleum.

MARCH 27.—There was a strong feeling in the petroleum markets early in the day, but subsequently the tone of the market was weaker and irregular.

CRUDE—The market opened very firm at the closing prices of Saturday night as follows: United and Conduit $2 13½ bid; Union $2 08¾ bid; shipment $2 30. Sales were made in United at $2 14⅝. Prices were held firm until afternoon when a reaction took place from considerable oil being pressed on the market, the price receding to $2 11½, with $2 10⅝ bid. It then strengthened to $2 11½@2 12⅛, and subsequently again weakened to $2 09⅝, closing at $2 10 bid. Shipment $2 27@2 30.

REFINED—The tone of dealings in refined was quite strong early in the day, at a fractional advance over the values of last week. Subsequently the market was easier under the influence of the weakness in crude, but made no quotable decline. We quote standard white on the cars at 11¼@11½c for five hundred and thousand barrel lots, free on board at works; 12@12½c in car lots. New York delivery rules at 14⅜@14½c for prompt and the month. Philadelphia is quoted at 14⅛@14¼c for spot and March delivery. Baltimore rules at 14⅛@14¼c for prompt and this month's delivery.

OIL BARRELS—Continue dull and unchanged at former prices, viz: $1 15@1 20 for city made; $1 05@1 10 for country do.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, March 27.—The *Herald* says: The crude petroleum markets of the region continue stronger in all deliveries. United at wells opened at $2 06¾ and closed at $2 13¾. Pennsylvania Transportation certificates exchanged for United certificates during the day, and in one case ⅜ premium was paid in favor of Pennsylvania. Union delivery opened at $2 07½ and closed at $2 08⅜. Karns and Relief were in moderate request at $2 05@2 06½. Grant ruled the same as United. In Upper creek, there were some sales at $2 23¾. Pipeage paid certificates opened at $2 25, but before the close appreciated to $2 31¼ bid. The total sales were 215,000 barrels.

OIL CITY, March 27.—The *Derrick* says: At the opening this morning $2 06⅝ was bid for United, $2 10 asked. During the forenoon dealings were only moderate, though the market exhibited unmistakable signs of strength. About 2:30 P. M. a slight improvement was apparent, buyers advancing bids to $2 10, while sellers generally held for $2 10⅝. At these prices dealings were quite extensive for an hour or so. During the closing hours quite large sales were made of United at $2 11½, and a few certificates dated Monday at $2 12⅜. In the evening $2 13¾ was bid for round lots with no sellers. Shipments $2 27½@2 30. The total sales were 85,000 barrels.

NEW YORK, March 27, closing 25.—Petroleum is held ½c higher, restricting business, with some little export demand. Sales late yesterday were 2,000 barrels; crude here 8⅞c, 6,500 barrels refined at 14⅜c and 13,000 barrels do in Baltimore at 14¼@14⅜c. Crude in bulk is quoted at 8¾c and 11⅜c in shipping order; refined 14⅜c; cases 17⅞@18c; naphtha is quoted at 10c for city. At Baltimore refined 14⅛c; at Philadelphia 14⅛@14¼c.

PARKERS, March 27.—Market steady with United at $2 12⅛; Conduit held the same as United; Union $2 10; outside lines $2 02½@2 05, except Pennsylvania Transportation, which is held in advance of other outside lines, and is about the same as United, though there are no sales and none of it offered. No bids for shipment at the moment, but sellers probably asked from $2 35@2 40. *Later*—Market trifle easier with $2 11⅝@2 11¾ and $2 13¼ asked for United; Conduit dull. Union $2 05@2 10; outside lines $1 97½@2 02½; Pennsylvania $2 13¼; shipment $2 30@2 32½.

TITUSVILLE, March 27.—Upper was firm at $2 20½.

OIL CITY, March 27.—Market quiet, sales at $2 13⅝ for United at wells; immediate shipment $2 30.

ROUSEVILLE, March 27.—Market not opened yet; held at $2.25.

TIDIOUTE, March 27.—Market very firm at $2 27½@2 30.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—Market firm; standard white 14⅛@14¼c; crude 8½c; cases 18c.

ANTWERP, March 27.—Refined petroleum 31½.

[By Associated Press.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—Market firm; refined 14⅛@14¼c; crude 11⅛c.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Petroleum firm and quiet; crude 9c; refined 14⅛@14⅜c.

LIVERPOOL, March 27.—Refined petroleum 11@11½d; spirits 8⅞@9¼d. Turpentine 25@25¼d.

CLEVELAND, March 27.—Petroleum firm and unchanged; standard white, 110 test, 11½c; prime white State test 12½c, car lots, cash.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

March 27, 1876.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Keystone P Co	Pennsylvania Oil Works	130
Citizens' O W	Pennsylvania Oil Works	80
Total		210

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

March 27, 1876.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Brilliant O W	Warden, F & Co, Balto	205
Livingston Bros	Frank & McN, Balto	52
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F & Co, Balto	679
J A McKee & Son	Warden, F & Co, Balto	100
Total		1,036

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
W P Logan & Co	John S Davis, Phila	250
Wormser, M & Co	John S Davis, Phila	150
Lockhart & F	Warden, F & Co, Phila	104
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F & Co, Phila	104
Total		608

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Union Drove Yards, Allegheny City.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, March 27, 1876.

The Market.

With regard to the general features of the market we have little or nothing new to give the reader since our last report. Prices all round ruled about the same, and the market during the morning was moderately active.

CATTLE.

The run of stock would not exceed 700 all told, the great bulk of them being shipped from Chicago, where it is alleged they cost as much as was realized for them in this market. The ruling rates of the market here to-day ran up from $3 50 to $6 50, few selling at the latter price. More good cattle could have been sold had they been on hand. The market closed dull and lifeless.

HOGS.

There were few hogs on sale to-day and the market was a moderately active one. The ruling rates of the market were $8 50@9 50 per cwt, gross.

SHEEP.

The lightest run of the season put in an appearance to-day, footing up only 150 head, scarcely enough upon which to base a market. Sales were reported of good stock at $6 00@7 00, although some tops sold up to $7 50.

MILCH COWS.

Few on sale to-day. Prices ranging as to their qualities as milkers, which were $30 00@65 00.

[By Associated Press.]

New York.

NEW YORK, March 27—Beeves—Receipts yesterday and to-day 4,080 head, making 8,070 head for the week, against 6,850 head last week. Market opened weak but improved a little toward the close, with prices about the same as on Monday a week ago, or ½c lower than Friday last; the best car load in the market $12 50; common to good native steers $9 50@11 50; two car loads Texans $8 75@9 50.

Sheep—Receipts 6,730 head, making 17,200 head for the week, against 13,420 head for the same time last week. Market dull and prices about ¼c lower; a few extra Ohio and Pennsylvania sheep, 122 ℔s, $8 75; otherwise the range was from $6 25@8 25; most of the transactions at $6 75@7 85; a number of car loads were unsold when the market closed.

Swine—Receipts 9,800 head, making 20,020 head for the week, against 19,200 last week. None offered alive.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts for forty-eight hours 5,000 head. Market dull and lower on good to medium grades of shipping cattle; best scarce and steady; stockers-steers $3 75@3 85; feeders $4 00@4 75; medium to good shippers $4 25@4 75; choice $5 75; extras $6 25. Shipments 2,000 head.

Hogs—Receipts for forty-eight hours 9,000 head. Market moderately active and easy; light bacon grades $8 05@8 10; packers $8 00@8 25; shippers $8 00@8 40; Philadelphias $8 75@9 00. Shipments 2,600 head.

Sheep—Receipts 2,000 head. Market quiet; sales of natives at $5 00@6 25.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 27.—Receipts—Hogs, 600 head; prices unchanged at $7 50@7 75.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—Hogs steady; common to good light $8 00@8 25; fair to medium heavy $8 60@8 80.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—Hogs in demand; light shipping $7 45@7 60; Yorkers $7 70@8 25; packing $7 80@8 25.

Cattle—Firm; good to choice shipping steers $4 75@5 50; medium to fair $4 50@4 62½.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PRODUCE.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 27, 1876.

FLOUR—Nominally unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet; No. 1 Chicago spring $1 14; No. 2 $1 02¾ spot; $1 03 seller April, $1 07¾ seller May; No. 3, 91c; rejected 81c. Corn steady; No 2 mixed 47@47½c spot; 46⅞@47c seller April; 49⅝@49¾c seller May; rejected 41c. Oats steady; No. 2, 34@34¼c spot; 32¾c seller April; 34⅝c seller May; rejected 26c. Barley steady at 58@60c spot; 58½c seller April; 59½c seller May. Rye firm at 65c.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady at $22 40 spot; $22 70 seller May. Lard steady at 13.80c spot; 14@14.17½c seller May; 14.17½@14.20c seller June. Bulkmeats firm at 8⅝@12½@12⅝c.

LATEST—On Call Board this afternoon wheat was unsettled and lower; $1 02¾ April; $1 07⅝@1 07¼ May. Corn easier at 46⅝@46¾c April; 49¼c May. Oats dull at 33¾c April; 34¾c May. Pork dull $22 70@22 72½ May; $22 95 June. Lard quiet and unchanged.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Flour in moderate demand; receipts 16,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $4 25@4 65; common to good $5 40@5 45; good to choice $5 40@5 75; white wheat extra $5 80@7 75; extra Ohio $5 40@7 25; St. Louis $5 45@9 00. Rye flour steady at $4 10@5 40. Cornmeal quiet; Western $2 75@3 25. Wheat—Receipts 94,000 bushels; held firm for low grades of spring, with moderate export demand; other kinds quiet and unchanged; No. 2 Chicago spring nominally $1 23@1 26; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 28; No. 3, $1 15@1 17; No. 1 Minnesota, choice, in store, $1 38. Rye—Western held at 86c; State 93½@95c. Barley and malt firm. Corn very scarce and lower; receipts 31,000 bushels; mixed, no grade, 61c; do steamer 65½@67c; low mixed, graded, 66¼c. Oats firmer; receipts 33,000 bushels; Western mixed and State 45@49c; white 46@53c. Hay steady at 75c. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 7¼@7¾c; prime 7⅞c. Rice and molasses in fair demand. Tallow steady at 9c. Rosin steady at $1 70@1 75. Turpentine 40½@41c. Eggs quiet; Western 17½c; State and prime 17⅝c. Pork quiet and easier at $23 25. Beef quiet. Cutmeats—Western quiet; middles unchanged. Lard firmer; prime steam 14.25@14.30c. Butter firm; Western 16@34c; State 20@38c. Cheese quiet at 6@13c. Whisky quiet at $1 14.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—Sugar firmer; common 6½c; fair 7⅛@7¾c; prime to choice 8@8½c. Molasses in good demand; fermenting, common, 25@30c; fair 32c; strictly prime to choice 48@52c. Flour dull; superfine $3 75; double $4 25; treble $4 50@6 00; choice and family $6 00@7 75. Cornmeal dull and lower at $2 30. Corn quiet at 53@54c. Oats quiet at 42@45c. Bran quiet at 70c. Hay dull; prime $16 00@19 00. Pork $24 00@24 50. Dry salt meats steady; light as in weight. Dry salt meats steady; light 10⅞@12½@13c. Bacon steady; no shoulders; sides 13⅞@14½c. Hams drooping; choice sugar cured 14½c. Lard scarce; tierce 14½c. Rice in good demand; common to prime Louisiana 5⅜@6½c. Coffee quiet; ordinary to prime 15½@18½c. Whisky dull; rectified $1 08@1 11.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—Flour firm; extra $4 75; high grades $7 75@8 25. Wheat quiet; Pennsylvania red $1 50; amber $1 51. Corn steady; yellow 61½c. Rye 82c. Oats steady; white 47@48c; mixed 44c. Whisky steady at $1 12. Butter in fair demand; New York and Bradford county 38@40c; do firsts 28@32c; Western 34@35c; firsts 25@26c. Cheese firm and in moderate demand; New York 12¾@14c; Western fine 12¼@13c. Eggs steady; Western 17@18c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—Cotton quiet at 13c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm at $1 15@1 30. Corn steady at 50@51c. Oats steady at 37@43c. Barley firm; No. 2 spring $1 10@1 12. Rye quiet and firm at 71½@74c. Pork dull at $23 00. Lard dull; steam 13¾c; kettle 14@14½c. Bulkmeats firm; shoulders 8⅝@8¾c; clear rib 11.90@12c; clear 12½c. Bacon quiet at 9¼@9¾@13@13¾c. Whisky steady at $1 06; no sales; held at $1 07.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, March 27.—Flour—Demand fair and market firm. Wheat quiet and steady; No. 1 white Michigan $1 29; extra do $1 38; amber Michigan $1 26¾; seller April held at $1 28; seller May $1 29½; No. 2 amber $1 08. Corn quiet and steady; high mixed 52c seller April; seller May 52¼c; seller June held at 52c, 51¾c bid; low mixed 51½c; no grade 51c. Oats quiet and firm; No. 2 and Michigan 35½c; white 40c.

Boston.

BOSTON, March 27.—Flour firm; Western superfine $4 00@4 50; common extras $5 00@5 25; winter wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $6 00@7 00; Illinois $6 50@8 25; St. Louis $6 50@9 00; fancy Wisconsin and Minnesota $7 00@9 25. Corn steady; mixed and yellow 69½@71½c. Oats firm; mixed and No. 2 white 45@50c; rejected 43@46c; No. 1 white 54@55c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat dull at $1 50. Corn steady at 45@45½c. Oats steady at 35@35½c. Barley dull and nominal. Rye steady at 64½c. Pork quiet at $23 50. Bulkmeats firm at 8¾@10⅝@12½@12¾c. Bacon steady at 9¼@13⅛@13¾c. Lard firm at 14c. Whisky steady at $1 06.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, March 27.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat opened steady but closed quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 12½; do hard $1 19¼; No. 2 $1 1?¾; No. 3 92c. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed, fresh, 47½@48c. Barley steady; No. 2 fresh $1 15. Oats steady; No. 2 fresh 32½c. Rye dull; No. 1 72½c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—Cotton firm at 13c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull at $1 10@1 35. Corn steady at 35@46c. Rye quiet at 75c. Pork $23 25. Bulkmeats 8⅝@12.15@12.40c. Bacon 9⅝@13.10@13.40c. Sugar cured hams 14@14½c. Lard—Tierce 14½c; keg 15¾c. Whisky $1 07 asked.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, March 27.—Cotton quiet at 13c. Flour nominally unchanged. Corn firm at 52@55c. Oats steady at 46@50c. Lard dull at 14¾@15¾c. Bacon firm at 9@9¾@12½@13¾c.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, March 27—Wheat firm; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1 40; No. 1 white Michigan extra $1 60. Corn firm at 65c. Barley nominally lower; No. 2 bay offered at $1 04.

DRY GOODS.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Business rather better, but still sluggish with domestic commission houses. Cotton goods in moderate demand and fairly steady on best makes. Four yard brown sheetings in good demand. Prints quiet with agents, but unchanged. Ginghams in steady request. Dress goods in fair demand. Woolen goods ruled quiet.

COTTON.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Cotton dull at 13⅛@9-16c; futures barely steady; March 13 9-16c; April 13 9-16@13 11-16c; June 14 3-16c; July 14 5-16c; August 14 1-32@14½c; September 14⅜@14 7-16c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—Cotton quiet. Sales 2,216 bales. Movement interrupted by rain; factors in some cases meeting demand more freely; prices somewhat easier but not quotably lower; quotations unchanged. Net receipts 7,611 bales; gross 8,527 bales. Exports—Continent 2,659 bales; Great Britain 2,006 bales.

Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, March 27.—Cotton steady at 6 9-16@6 13-16d. Sales of 12,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export and 7,800 American.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Herder	March 28	Hamburg
Montana	March 28	Liverpool
Wieland	March 30	Hamburg

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Nederland	March 28	Antwerp
City of Bristol	March 30	Liverpool

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., March 27, 1876.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending at 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R Ft.	In.	CHANGE — OR + Ft.	In.	DIRECTION OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER
Cairo	33	10	+0	6	E.	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	33	11	..	..	S. E.	Cloudy.
Davenport	5	3	—0	6	N. E.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	6	0	—0	3	N. E.	Cloudy.
Keokuk	9	3	+1	6	N. E.	Cloudy.
Leavenw'th	7	0	..	..	N. E.	Lt. snow.
Louisville	13	1	+0	1	E.	Cloudy.
Memphis	33	5	+0	4	S. E.	Lt. rain.
Nashville	28	7	+2	11	E.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	10	2	+0	6	N.	Fair.
Shreveport	23	3	+0	6	N. W.	Clear.
St. Louis	20	8	—0	3	E.	Lt. rain.
Vicksburg	41	0	+0	2	S. E.	Threat'g.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., March 27, 1876.

River 8 feet and falling. Weather cloudy.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., March 27, 1876.

River 6 feet 2 inches and falling slowly. Weather clear; thermometer 51.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., March 27, 1876.

River falling: 12 feet 6 inches. Weather clear; thermometer 38 at 7 P. M.

Pomeroy.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

POMEROY, O., March 27, 1876.

River rising fast. Up—B. D. Wood.

Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., March 27, 1876.

Weather clear and pleasant. River 16 feet 7 inches and stationary. Arrived—Andes, 2 P. M. Departed—Express, Parkersburg, 12 M.

MEMPHIS, March 27.—River rose 4 inches; now within 8 inches of the danger line. Weather rainy; mercury 60. Arrived—Baum, Cincinnati; Illinois, Vicksburg. Departed—Belle of Memphis, St. Louis; Capitol City, Vicksburg.

CAIRO, March 27.—Arrived—John Gilmore, St. Louis; Smoky City, Cincinnati; Raven, Pittsburgh. Departed—City of Helena, St. Louis; John Gilmore, Nashville; Smoky City, New Orleans. Joseph B. Williams passed down Sunday at midnight. River 43 feet 10 inches and rising. Weather raining and cool.

EVANSVILLE, March 27.—Weather cloudy with light rain; mercury 39 to 49, and growing colder. River 31 4-10 feet and rising. Wind from East. Up—Chas. B. Church, Grey Eagle, George Roberts and Bowling Green. Down—Ironsides, Sandy No. 2, Jas. D. Parker and Cleburne. Business light.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Chieftain	Donaldson	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Boyd	Elizabeth
Mary Miller	Shunk	Cincinnati.

Departed.

Chieftain	Donaldson	Geneva.
Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Boyd	Elizabeth
Salt Valley	DeWolf	Ironton.

MONONGAHELA—Ten feet six inches and falling.

Boats Advertised for This Day.

Brownsville and Geneva....8 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Zanesville....Carrie Brooks..Darlington, 3 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated ten feet six inches and falling slowly. The weather during the day was clear and pleasant. Trade on the landing was moderately active.

CAPTAIN DUGAN is trying to raise the steamer Arkansas.

DR. BURLEIGH has the Missouri contract from Bismarck to Fort Benton.

THE cabin fare from Evansville to Louisville is $2; to Cincinnati, $3. Cheap.

AS USUAL the Mallie Ragon, Captain Muhleman, left for Wheeling on time.

IT took 2,500 yards of carpet to cover the cabin floor of the Great Republic.

THE punctual packet Salt Valley, Captain DeWolf, left for Ironton with a fair trip.

THE towboat Whale, Captain Adams, is *en route* for this city with a tow of iron ore.

THE towboat Samuel Clark with a tow of empty oil barrels is among the first boats due.

THE towboat Oakland left Louisville on Sunday for New Orleans with 484,000 bushels of coal.

THE packets on the slackwater leave promptly at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. for Brownsville and Geneva.

IT is said that Captain Ransom, of Beaver, Pa., will probably command an Upper Missouri boat.

GALLIPOLIS collected $1,081 30 wharfage during the three months ending March 1, and $4,085 90 during the year.

THE packet Granite State, Captain Kerr, is *en route* for this city. She will return to Portsmouth as advertised in this paper.

THE following boats are loading at St. Louis for Fort Benton to leave as announced: Nellie Peck, April 3; C. R. Peck, April 8.

THE steamer Mattie Smith is a new one on us. There is a towboat named Maggie Smith that is owned by Captain J. P. Smith.

THE regular packet Emma Graham, Captain Russell, is due to-morrow. Her day of departure for Cincinnati is Wednesday at 4 P. M.

THE fine steamer Mary Miller, Captain J. N. Shunk, an old Pittsburgher, is loading for St. Louis and way points, on Thursday. This boat has the best of accommodations.

THE popular packet Andes, Captain Muhleman, takes her departure this day from Bellaire for Cincinnati on the arrival of the 1 P. M. train from this city. Passengers will be well cared for on this boat.

HO! FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The powerful towboat Iron Mountain, of Gray's famous Iron Line, is announced for Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans. Through without reshipping. A fine opportunity.

THE favorite passenger packet John L. Rhoads, Captain J. M. Vandergrift, is announced for Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis, going through without reshipping. Passengers and shippers should bear this in mind. The first clerk is Mr. John C. Fisher.

THE St. Louis *Republican* says: The Coal Hill is coming up or in with the balance of her tow. She gets five barges loaded with ore for Wheeling and Pittsburgh, and is due on Saturday. Her owner, Mr. Porter, was on 'Change, and goes home by rail. The boat is the new Coal Hill.

THE splendid passenger steamer Exchange, Captain S. Shuman, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat is a regular packet, has the best of accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. The clerks are Messrs. Harbison and Dales. Passengers will receive the best of attention.

THE twelve loaded coal barges that were sunk some three weeks since at Kellogg's Landing, at Columbia, Ohio, were not sold at auction, as intended. These barges, when sunk, contained 153,000 bushels of coal. Captain John Barrett has succeeded in taking out 15,000 bushels of coal from the sunken boats, but has been obliged to suspend operations on account of the high water.

THE YELLOWSTONE.—Two lines of steamers are to be put on the Yellowstone river during the ensuing spring season, to run as high as the mouth of Big Horn, the permanent head of navigation. Boats have been up to Clarksport, seventy-five miles above Big Horn, but the latter is almost as high as they can go with regularity. The far Upper Missouri and Yellowstone trade is expected to be brisk and heavy this year, as active operations are to be conducted against the warlike Sioux.

Additional Coal Departures.

The river being in fine coalboat order, the boats leave for the lower ports as soon as they can gather up a tow of sufficient size. The following have left and others will follow:

FOR CINCINNATI.

Towboats.	Coalboats.	B'g's,&c.	Bush.
Coal City		14 & 2 f b	180,000

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Towboats.	Coalboats.	B'g's,&c.	Bush.
Joe Walton	1	11	150,000
Dick Fulton No. 3	4	4 & 2 f b	150,000
Samuel Miller	5		170,000
Charl'y McDonald	5	3 & 1 f b	150,000
John Penney	6		132,000
Fred Wilson No. 2	1	13 & 2 f b	185,000
Total	22	36	937,000

The Building and Trial Trip of Robert Fulton's First Steamboat on the Hudson River from New York to Albany.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Almost every one who has rendered a service to mankind by striking out inventions, whose objects are misconceived or imperfectly understood by the world, has had to complain of the neglect or coldness of his own generation. Even his own friends are prone to suspect his motives and undervalue his labors. Fulton, the inventor of the steamboat, in our own country, which in a few years produced such a vast change in the world by connecting its most distant parts, sustained the mortification of not being comprehended by his own countrymen. He was therefore treated as an idle projector, whose schemes would be useless to the world and ruinous to himself.

When he was building his first steamboat at New York the project was viewed by the public either with indifference or with contempt as a visionary scheme. As he passed daily to and from the building yard where his boat was in progress, he often loitered unknown near idle groups of strangers, and uniformly heard his undertaking spoken of with scorn, sneer and ridicule—never did he hear a single encouraging remark or a warm wish. When the day arrived when his experiment was to be put in operation, Fulton had invited many friends to go on board to witness his first successful trip. Many of them attended as a matter of personal respect; but it was manifest that they did it with reluctance, fearing to be partners of his mortification, and not of his triumph, and were silent, sad and weary. The signal was given and the boat moved on a short distance, and stopped and became immovable; to the silence of the succeeding moment now succeeded murmurs of discontent, and agitations, whispers and shrugs. Fulton could hear distinctly repeated, "I told you so;" "It is a foolish scheme;" "I wish we were out of it." Fulton elevated himself on a platform and asked them to indulge him half an hour, and then he would either go on or abandon the voyage for that time. He then went below, examined the machinery and discovered that the cause of the stoppage was very slight, and in a short period it was adjusted, and the boat again put in motion.

She soon left New York far behind, and passed through the romantic and ever-varying scenery of the Highlands; still his friends did not seem willing to trust the evidence of their own senses, and as the clustering houses of Albany appeared in sight, they were still incredulous, and some of them told Fulton that he could not do it again, and if he did, doubted if it could be made of any great value. Fulton was sad and disappointed when he realized that his friends permitted their imagination to supersede the influence of fact. SPIRIT.

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.

Whitmyer & Co, 1 car wheat; Timothy Konney, 1 do stone; Jesse H Lippincott, 5 bbls glassware; W U Tel Co, 18 casks do; McKee Bros, 4 bbls do; Gallinger & Co, 55 bxs do; Campbell, Jones & Co, 1 do, 1 bx do; W P Townsend, 9 kgs rivets, 2 casks do; J H O'Brien & Co, 2 cases handles; Wm Bennett & Son, 2 bbls earthen pots; A Speer & Sons, 100 pcs steel, 2 patterns; A Magina, 3 bxs baking powder; Wm McCombs, 4 cook stoves, 6 tea kettles; Wyatt & Bro, 5 stoves, 3 spiders, 9 do stoveware; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 1 cask hinges; S Miller, 13 sks potatoes; Edgar Thomson Steel Works, 1 car limestone; Roberts & Steele, 3 cars bran; Peabody, Hugus & Co, 1 bbl maple sugar, 2 bxs do; Head, Carson & Co, 6 do; O H Allerton, 66 bales hay; W J Steele & Co, 1 car potatoes; Perry Goodell, 1 do; National Tube Works, 1 do bar iron; Wilbert & Wallace, 1 bx sugar, 1 do butter, 1 pail do; Braden & Peabody, 1 bx butter; P Duff & Son, 1 do, 1 bbl eggs; J & D McCaffery, 182 bags oats; Whitmyre & Co, 14 sks potatoes; J White, Jr & Son, 1 car oats, 1 do hay, 28 sks oats; Haworth & Dewhurst, 1 bx butter, 10 do onions; Wm Fiaccus & Son, 5 rolls leather; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 2 bbls eggs; J B Snead, 1 tub butter; McElroy & Co, 8 sks, 11 bbls rags; Wm G Miller, 352 sks oats; Wilbert & Wallace, 6 bbls eggs; S Harrison, 50 bags rags; Knox, Kim & Co, 2 cars sand; J A Graff & Son, 17 tubs butter; Wilbert & Wallace, 17 do, 1 hf bbl eggs; P'gh Car Works, 2 cars lumber; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 5 hf bbls butter, 29 tubs do, 75 bags tim seed; J W Meek, 180 sks rye; J W Asken, 100 bbls lime; L G Graff & Co, 100 do; Carter Bros & Co, 20 cases tobc; W E Schmertz & Co, 8 cases boots and shoes; Friedly Bros & Jeffries, 100 bbls flour; Thos Hare & Bros, 2 bxs stirrups; A Speer & Sons, 13 oil plows; E Humphrey, 1 car shingles; Haworth & Dewhurst, 70 sks potatoes; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 18 do; Logan, Gregg & Co, 25 bbls hoes, 1 do forks; Lane Bros, 2 do; S McKee & Co, 1 csk cullett; J A Graff & Son, 3 bbls onion setts; Aiken, Wallace & Pollock, 140 do apples; W H Byram, 52 do lubricating oil; Bailey, Farrell & Co, 250 pigs lead; J Rose, 56 bales hay; F W Jenkins & Bro, 440 bbls flour; F H Seghmyer, 100 do; C Hotting, 57 bales straw; Schomaker & Co, 100 bbls lime; Allen Kirkpatrick & Co, 100 do; T C Jenkins, 200 do; Reese Owens & Co, 5,534 pcs bacon; E H Myers & Co, 40 barrels mess pork, 20 tierces lard; Caskey, Beally & Co, 100 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 100 bbls flour; Rea, Hill & Kerr, 40 tcs lard, 3 half bbls do; Watt, Lang & Co, 100 bbls flour; H Rea Jr, 20 tubs butter; Valley Paper Mill, 28 bdls pulp; Kramer & Vogleson, 10 bbls crackers, 5 cases do, 10 boxes do; McBane & Aryer, 50 bbls flour; W B Hays & Son, 10 bbls pork; J Wenkel, 25 bags seed; Head, Carson & Co, 26 tubs butter; B Fox & Co, 4 kegs butter; J M McCreery, 5 bbls dried beef; Head, Carson & Co, 2 bbls tallow, 14 tubs butter; J Voettor, 14 bbls hearts, 11 do beef; D Wallace, 100 bbls flour; Hussey, Wells & Co, 5 boxes steel; H Dalimyer, 10 cases tobacco; J Affilder & Bro, 10 bbls spirits; N B Schwartz & Co, 2 cases shoes; Sklinerdlinger & Co, 8 bbls whisky, 1 do gin, 1 do rum; Schlegel & Zeigler, 20 boxes cheese.

ELEVATOR—H J McCracken & Bro, 1 car wheat; L G Graff & Co, 1 car corn; J & N Fairly, 1 do do; E F Meddell, 1 do rye; Johnstone & McFarland, 1 do corn.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Dunbar & Co, 1 car lumber; Van Gorder & S, 1 do apples; A Greer, 1 do nutgas; Shoenberger & Co, 1 do staves; H G Henderson, 1 do lime; T C Jenkins, 102 bbls rice; McBane & Co, 78 bags e corn; Knox & Orr, 21 bbls d apples; John V Lewis, 3 bxs grease; Geo A Kelley, 5 bbls alcohol; Thos McCoy, 8 do fish; J A Cain, 2 cases shoes; Lewis Orrs, 8 kgs nuts; P Duff & Son, 4 bdls paper; F Pollard, 2 bxs cases; Hartley Bros, 2 bbls rub; W L Jones, 1 bbl tar; M B Cochran, 1 wood planer; Jas Lacy, 2 bbls eggs, 4 kgs butter; S P Anderson, 1 bbl oil; Godfrey & Co, 906 bbls paper; Park Bros & Co, 1 car brick.

Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

H J Landis, 3 pkgs tobc; J L Dunseath & Co, 5 tcs bacon; Weldin & K, 7 bbls castings, bx do; Kramer & S, 3 bxs yeast; T J Wallace, 33 pkgs tobacco; Reymer Bros, 17 do do; Pretzfield Bros, 26 do do; E Poerstel & Co, 17 do do; James Lindsay & Co, 38 bxs chimneys; James H Loh & Co, 8 bbls eggs, 1 do apples; Carter Bros, 1 bx salad, 2 pkgs tobacco; Wilbert & W, 14 bbls eggs, 1 do onions; Head, C & Co, 1 tub butter, 2 sks feed; P Duff & Sons, 1 bbl onions; Voigt, M & Co, 4 bbls eggs; Caskey, B & Co, 10 do do; Ben Brase, 8 hf-bbls beer; Howe Machine Co, 5 sewing machines; A Hahner, 11 beef hides, 3 bbls tallow; P W Seibert, 10 bxs candles; J Henkle, 6 bxs seeds; Hea, H & Co, 1 tc sausage. M McWhinney, 19 bdl bows, 8 do do poles; L S Layton, 3 cask ware; S Kuhn, 1 do; H Hoar, 1 do; McAllester & Son, 4 bbl flour, 24 sks do; Voigt, M & Co, 9 bxs butter; Thomas Barnes, 1 safe; J McCreery, 1 table; A Kirk, 2 kegs powder; G Hedger, 25 bkt cabbage; J A Haston, 10 keg barley; B C & J H Sawyer, 2 car match; J D Thompson, 25 bx pepper; Wilbert & W, 2 tubs butter, 2 bbls eggs; J H Loh & Co, 2 tubs butter, 3 bbls eggs; Head, C & Co, 3 bbls do; Jeffries, K & Co, 6 bbls do, 3 tubs butter; P Duff & Son, 6 do; G M Benson, 4 do, 4 do.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

S B & Co, 6 cars 1 stone; Jas Callery & Co, 1 do bark; Jas Graham, 1 do hay; Kopp & V, 1 do shingles; Ed Allcott, 1 do lumber; Jas Callery, 1 do bark; H McGraw & Son, 1 do lumber; Schomaker & Co, 1 do e bbls; Eagle P M Co, 1 do lumber; Samuel Logan, 1 do; W J Baughman, 1 do lime; C H Hamilton, 10 sks pots; E Welsh & Co, 1 box mdse; Samuel Reynolds, 1 do castings; S Callihan, 1 lot h h goods; J Rhodes, 2 c and 1 bbl ales.

Cincinnati.

BY STEAMER MARY MILLER—Richards & Hartley, 5 pkgs glassware; J S Dilworth & Bro, 102 bbls molasses; O Diamond, 12 pkgs furniture; F P Weise, 7 do; G H Dauler, 5 do; Owners, 13 pkgs, 41 ps furniture, 8 bbls beer; C Malles & Co, 272 doz chairs; R Dockey, 131 bags p nuts; Walker, Dunlevy & Co, 50 tcs hams; Excelsior Glass Works 42 bxs glass; Rees, Graff & Watts, 83 bbls steel; Carter Bros, 25 bbls oil; J Laughlin, 13 bdls s iron; Snowden & Kemp, 20 bbls crackers; Knox & Orr, 30 bags d fruit; J Myers & Son, 13 pkgs furniture; B D Moore, 560 oil bbls; P Duff & Son, 56 do; Kensler & Bro, 51 bbls molasses, 500 bbls oil; Byers, McCullough & Co, 10 bbls oil; Rees Owens & Co, 20 bbls pork; E Edmundson & Son, 3 pkgs; J Mcnutt, 25 bbls oil; T C Jenkins, 68 bbls molasses; Allegheny Valley Railroad, 1 bx; E C Hall, 48 pkgs furniture; Phillips, N & Co, 22 pkgs machinery.

Ironton.

BY STEAMER SALT VALLEY.—Caskey & Short, 5 pkgs mdse; McNish & Butler, 1 planer, 2 flooring heads, 1 bx machinery; H K McMullen, 27 qr bxs mfd tobacco; J Fullerton & Son, 1 case do; Jos Finch & Co, 60 whisky barrels; Duncan & Thompson, 53 oil bbls; Robt Dickey & Co, 1 bx eggs, 23 hf bbls; Patterson, 22 bales straw, 12 do hay; Mrs Crooks, 1 buggy, 1 horse & harness; Jas H Loh & Co, 6 bbls eggs, 7 cases do; A Speer & Sons, 1 shovel plow; Henry Berger, 25 pkgs furniture; J L Lytle, 5 pkgs furniture; E Fox & Co, 10 bbls eggs; J C Bidwell, 4 plow mold boards; F Gillmore, 1 skiff; H Rea, Jr, 1 bx eggs; L Miller, 1 bx furs; Jas Flynn, 1 coop chickens, 1 bx eggs; Fairman & Henderson, 138 sks potatoes; A L Claney, 400 hhds poles; Carywood & Lewis, 3 kegs butter, 2 firkins do; Mr Pusey, 52 sks potatoes; Fred Owens, 15 bbls potatoes; B D Moore, 1,000 heading; 150 oil bbls; R Harvey & Co, 4 cases eggs, 15 bxs do; P Duff & Son, 9 bbls eggs; Casper Dauer, 3 bxs eggs; A G Hatey, 260 kegs nails; Mr Dobbs, 7 hogs.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore.

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	4	Sho'nb'g'r, B & Co, o	8
Chess, S & Co, m	1	Lucy Furnace, o	15
Reese, G & W, m	7	Brown & Co, s i	1
Lewis, O & P, s i	2		
Total			38

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Sho'nb'g'r, B & Co, o	4	Nimick & Co, m	3
Total			7

Receipts of Coal by Allegheny Valley Railroad.

	Cars.		Cars.
Sable Coal Co	13	Armstrong, D & Co	19
N Y & C G C Co	60		
Total			92

BANKS AND BANKERS.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK

Wood Street, Corner Fourth Ave.

CAPITAL, - - - $400,000 00.

Accounts of Bankers, Merchants and others Received upon the Most Favorable Terms consistent with Safe Banking.

ALEXANDER BRADLEY....President
WILLIAM VANKIRK....Vice President
CYRUS CLARKE, JR....Cashier

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, OF PITTSBURGH,

NO. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL STOCK - - $500,000

J. W. COOK....President.
R. W. MACKEY....Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS....Cashier.

CENTRAL BANK,

NO. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL....$100,000

Incorporated by Legislature.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Fawcett,	D. W. C. Carroll,
James H. Hopkins,	Julius Adle,
James Bown,	J. H. Walter,
Madison Bailey,	J. F. Dennision,
George Bingham,	Abram Hayes,
Paul H. Hacke,	James Wilson.

THOMAS FAWCETT, President.
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President.
M. HUNNINGS, Cashier.

TRASK & STONE,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 7 NEW STREET, NEW YORK,

Transact a General Banking Business.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD

Bought and Sold on Commission

AND

Carried on Margins.

DEPOSITS Received and INTEREST Allowed.
Accounts of Country Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.

N. Holmes & Sons

BANKERS,

57 Market Street, Pittsburgh,

DEALERS IN

GOLD

AND

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS. MWF

MONEY

Is made faster and more easily in stock speculation in Wall street than in any other legitimate way. The Banking House of Messrs. Alex. Frothingham & Co., 12 Wall street, have paid to their customers during the last thirty days over $450,000. They have over 3,000 customers, who reside in different parts of the world. Their popularity arises from dealing with their customers honestly. They invest sums ranging from $10 to $50,000, and give as strict personal attention to small investments as to large. They also send a Weekly Report free to those desiring to speculate. Send for it.—*Pittsburgh Commercial, Jan. 14, 1876.* Address ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO., MWF Bankers and Brokers, 12 Wall st., N. Y.

J. K. AMISON, W. M. STEWART, J. H. KERSH...

ESTABLISHED 1855.

B. K. Jamison & Co.,

BANKERS,

N. W. Cor. Third and Chestnut Sts., Phila.

Dealers in Pittsburgh Bonds and all other investment Securities.
Loans negotiated on marketable collaterals at current rates.
Deposits of Banks and Bankers received, subject to check at sight. Interest allowed according to agreement.

WALL ST. CARICATURES,

A NEW BOOK, 48 PAGES, containing 14 engraved Illustrations, WITH INFORMATION FOR STOCK SPECULATORS. Price, cloth covers, 10 cents; paper covers, free by mail. TUMBRIDGE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 2 Wall street, New York. TTHS

MORSE, KIMBALL & CO., BANKERS, 18 NEW STREET, NEW YORK. Members N. Y. Stock and Gold Exchanges. Transact general BANKING and BROKERAGE business.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works,

ESTABLISHED 1808.

BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.

Factory, Office and Warehouse: BINGHAM STREET, between Eighth and Ninth streets, South Side, Pittsburgh.
B. BAKEWELL, JR., THOS. C. PEARS,
B. B. CAMPBELL, BENJ. B. PEARS,
HARRY P. PEARS.

ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING.

Aiken & Co.

CORNER

Liberty and Eleventh Sts.

Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SLATE DEALERS AND ROOFERS

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

Chapman Slate.

Hugh Woodside,

Roofer and Dealer in

SLATE,

OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING THE

CHAPMAN AND N. Y.

Office—370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,

PITTSBURGH, PA

All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

THE ONLY GRAIN WAREHOUSE IN PITTSBURGH WITH STEAM ELEVATOR AND TRACK CONNECTIONS.

LAING & McKALLIP,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, BALED HAY AND STRAW, all standard brands of HYDRAULIC CEMENTS, WHITE LIME, CALCINED AND LAND PLASTER, ANTHRACITE AND CANNEL COAL.
Offices—134 FIFTH AVE. and 347 LIBERTY ST. Warehouse and Yard—THIRTY-FIRST ST. and A. V. R. R., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHEAT.

A few cars CHOICE SPRING WHEAT, in Elevator, for sale by

DANIEL WALLACE,
353 Liberty street.

APPLES, CIDER, POTATOES, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED. BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE.

HENRY REA, Jr.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
365 Liberty st., opposite Smithfield st., Pittsburgh. Consignments solicited. Letters of inquiry will receive prompt attention.

A SAFE LIGHT IT Cannot be Exploded. ELAINE The Family Safeguard OIL. WARDEN & OXNARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.

TTHS

STEAMSHIPS.

AMERICAN LINE.

Mail Steamships.

Only Line Carrying the American Flag

Sailing Every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA

For Queenstown and Liverpool.

CABIN, INTERMEDIATE AND STEERAGE.

Accommodations Unsurpassed.

Rates as low as any other First-Class Line.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents, Philadelphia.
Louis Moeser, 142 Smithfield street, Thomas E. Watt, 78 Fifth avenue, J. J. McCormick, Smithfield street and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Wm. Semple, 165, 167 and 169 Federal street, Allegheny city, P. M. Cushing, 4320 Butler street 17th ward.

WHITE STAR LINE

U. S. MAIL STEAMER TO LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

Cabin and Steerage rates reduced for the Winter. For Cabin Plans, Sailing Lists, etc., apply to or address J. J. McCORMICK, Agent, 57 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

1876. 1876.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.

LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. AND 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. AND 12 M.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

STEAMER GENEVA....CAPT. M. A. COX
STEAMER ELECTOR....CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN..CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT..CAPT. P. DONALDSON

For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.
R. R. ABRAMS, Superintendent.

FROM BELLAIRE.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.

LEAVES BELLAIRE EVERY TUESDAY AT 6 P. M.,
On arrival of 1:40 P. M. train from Pittsburgh,

ANDES,

CHARLES MUHLEMAN....Master.

LEAVES BELLAIRE EVERY SATURDAY AT 6 P. M.,
On arrival of 1:40 P. M. train from Pittsburgh,

HUDSON,

WM. M. LIST....Master.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy and Gallipolis.
LEAVES BELLAIRE DAILY (except Sunday) AT 1 P. M.,
On arrival of 8:15 A. M. train from Pittsburgh,

COURIER,

J. HARRISON....Master,

EXPRESS,

A. B. BOOTH....Master

IRONTON.

For Pakersburg, Gallipolis and Ironton.
EVERY MONDAY—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

SALT VALLEY,

SAM. DE WOLF....Captain
W. A. and L. L. MADDY....Clerks

Passengers by the Salt Valley, with through tickets, will be transferred to the Railroad Packets and arrive at Cincinnati at 6 o'clock Thursday morning. Freight and Passenger Rates as low as the lowest.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON, Agents.

ZANESVILLE.

For Marietta and Zanesville.
EVERY TUESDAY—3 P. M.
THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER

CARRIE BROOKS,

HARVEY DARLINGTON....Captain.
CHAS. M. BUCHANAN....Clerk
Will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on Board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
No. 13 Wood street, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.
REGULAR TRI-WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK M.
THE FAVORITE PASSENGER STEAMER

MALLIE RAGON,

J. G. MUHLEMAN....Master
H. C. CALDWELL....Clerk
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON, Agents.

PORTSMOUTH AND CINCINNATI

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
EVERY FRIDAY—3 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

GRANITE STATE,

W. H. KERR....Commander
R. H. KERR....Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
Freights will be received on Thursday on Patterson's Wharf boat.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
No. 13 Wood street, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharf-boat, foot of Wood street,
G. H. GHRIEST, Agents.

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
THIS DAY, MARCH 28—10 A. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

EMMA GRAHAM,

J. T. RUSSELL....Master.
N. EARHART....Clerk.
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
GEORGE H. GHRIEST, and
S. R. & J. W. PATTERSON, Agents.
SPECIAL.—The Emma Graham will take her departure for Cincinnati at 3 P. M., on Wednesday, positively.
J. T. RUSSELL, Master.

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
TUESDAY, MARCH 28—12 M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

EXCHANGE,

S. SHUMAN....Commander
WM. HARBISON....Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
Giving through receipts to all points South and West.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, and
JOHN FLACK, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

For Evansville, Cario and St. Louis.
SATURDAY, APRIL 1—4 P. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

JOHN L. RHOADS,

J. M. VANDEGRIFT....Captain.
JOHN C. FISHER....Clerk.
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
No. 13 Wood street, or
G. H. GHRIEST, Agent.

ST. PAUL.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo, St. Louis and St. Paul.
THURSDAY, MARCH 30—4 P. M.
THE SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

MARY MILLER,

JOHN N. SHUNK....Commander.
JOHN H. GRIFFEN....Clerk.
Will leave as announced.
Giving through receipts for Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
JOHN FLACK, and
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents,
Corner Wood and Water streets.

NEW ORLEANS.

GRAY'S IRON LINE.

For Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
THROUGH WITHOUT RESHIPPING.
TUESDAY, MARCH 28—12 M.
THE STEAMER

Iron Mountain and Barges,

GRAY....Captain.
Will leave as above.
For Freight apply to
R. C. GRAY, 94 Water street, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents.

OTTO WUTH,

Analytical and Consulting Chemist

99 WATER STREET.

REINEMAN'S

New Restaurant and Oyster Saloon,

No. 127 WOOD STREET, next door to First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
Open from half-past 6 A. M. to half-past 11 P. M.
FINE OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS.

Bailey, Farrell & Co.,

Brass Finishers

AND

FOUNDERS.

BRASS WORK

FOR

Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
Engine Builders.

167 Smithfield Street,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

New Catalogue packed with first order of goods.

ROOFS.

Wm. B. Scaife & Sons,

119 and 121 First Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Erect in Any Part of the United States

Iron Roof Frames

AND

Iron Mill Buildings

COVERED WITH

CORRUGATED IRON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Corrugated Iron,

FOR ROOFING OR SIDING WOODEN FRAME BUILDINGS.

The demand for CORRUGATED IRON increases yearly as its merits become known, for Sidings, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

Totten & Co

FULTON FOUNDRY,

Cor. Twenty-fourth and Railroad Sts
TWELFTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS

Blast Furnace Engines,

PLAIN AND GROOVED

CHILLED ROLLS,

SHEARS AND PUNCHES

NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Pattern

Ore Pulverizers

Of Improved Construction.

Mills for Grinding Brick Clay

Castings Made Out of Gun Iron when ordered.
ROLLS TURNED.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY

A. GARRISON & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHILLED AND SAND

ROLLS,

Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS

ROTARY SQUEEZERS,

Haskins' Patent Double Spiral Pinions and Rolling Mill Castings,

Of Every Description.

Office and Warehouse, 33 WOOD STREET, corner second avenue.

NICKEL AND SILVER PLATING.

Mansfield & Co.

ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF

Nickel and Silver Plating

AND

POLISHING.

In the most prompt and satisfactory manner, and at reasonable rates.

No. 13 Second Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALEX. NIMICK, President. SAML. H. JACOBUS, General Manager and Treasurer.

Jacobus & Nimick Manuf'g Co.,

PROPRIETORS OF

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS

Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1833, and

PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS,

Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D., 1858, Manufacturers of the well known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.
Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. J. HAMMOND

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

SCRAP IRON METAL AND STEEL

Also, Rolling Mills and Forges supplied with IRON CUT TO ORDER or FAGGOTED, as I have Two (2) Sets of Rolling Mill Shears constantly running cutting Iron for Faggoting and other purposes.
OFFICE AND YARDS,
Cor. Eleventh St. and Duquesne Way
PITTSBURGH.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO

General Founders.

HOUSE FRONTS A SPECIALTY.

Corner Liberty and Twenty-third Sts

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS

Everson, Macrum & Co.,

Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron

Office and Works, Second Avenue,
Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge,
PITTSBURGH.

Special attention given to FINE SHEET.

Mills & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Youghiogheny Cement

LIME AND PLASTER,

No. 258 LIBERTY STREET

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

Pittsburgh Steel Works

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Refined Cast Steel,

Of Every Description, Also, BEST

Refined German Plow & Spring Steel

Corner Ross and First Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Black Diamond Steel Works

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of All Descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse: Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

Sheffield Steel Works

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

Manufacturers of All Descriptions of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL,
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL,
CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES,
ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM and SEAT SPRINGS,
AXLES AND STEEL TIRE,
STEEL FIRE BOX AND BOILER PLATES,
STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.
Water and 160 First Ave., Pittsburgh

WM. HOLMES....JAMES IRWIN

JAMES IRWIN & CO.,

OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, AND AQUA AMMONIA
OFFICE No. 1 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH

1876. C 1876.

THE

Pittsburgh Comm

FOR THE

CENTENNIAL YEAR.

The year 1876 marks an important epoch in American history, completing as it does the

First Century of the Republic

Events of more than ordinary moment are to be looked for; and it is the duty of every patriotic citizen to keep himself informed thereof. To accomplish this it is only necessary to take and read a

FIRST-CLASS NEWSPAPER

SUCH AS THE

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

In the future, as in the past, it will be a

Mirror of the Times,

A CONDENSED HISTORY OF THE AGE, giving full and accurate accounts of all events, at home and abroad, including graphic reports of our

Great Centennial Exposition

At Philadelphia.
Special attention will be given to the Progress and Interests of

Manufactures, Mining and Agriculture

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

THE COMMERCIAL

MAKES SPECIAL CLAIMS AS A

FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

Every effort being made to render it a pleasant and profitable companion for the Home Circle, while its columns will be carefully guarded against objectionable matter of all kinds. Its

Market and Financial Reports

Will be full and accurate, embracing facts from all the leading Trade Centers of the World, and of great value to Merchants, Manufacturers, Farmers and all engaged in business of any kind.
Its arrangements for securing

Early and Reliable News

Are complete. Having able correspondents at the State and National Capitals, its reports of the doings of the Lawmakers of the land can be implicitly relied upon.

As a Political Journal,

THE COMMERCIAL will continue to be, as it has been, a Republican paper, fearlessly devoted to a bold advocacy of the cardinal principles of the party. It will resist, as well and as prudently as it may, any attempt to force upon the party the support of THE THIRD-TERM MONSTROSITY; and while it will strive to maintain a place in the front rank in SUPPORTING AN HONEST PARTY POLICY, it will reserve to itself the right to OPPOSE ANY MEASURE NOT IN HARMONY WITH REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES, even though it may emanate from men known as Republicans. It will STAND FIRM, ON ALL OCCASIONS, BY THE PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY adopted at Lancaster, which demands "HONEST MEN IN OFFICE—MEN WITH BRAINS ENOUGH TO KNOW DISHONESTY WHEN THEY SEE IT, AND COURAGE ENOUGH TO FIGHT IT WHEREVER THEY FIND IT."

TERMS FOR THE

Daily Commercial,

Postage Free to Subscribers.

By mail, per annum....$10 00
By mail, for six months....5 00
By mail, for three months....2 50
By mail, for one month....85
Delivered by carriers, per week....25

THE

Weekly Commercial,

FOR 1876.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

36 COLUMNS

OF

CHOICE READING MATTER

EVERY WEEK.

IT IS THE PAPER FOR

THE MERCHANT,
THE FARMER,
THE MECHANIC,
THE MANUFACTURER,
THE FAMILY.

Containing a Greater Variety of Choice Reading and Miscellaneous News than can be found in any weekly paper published in the State of Pennsylvania.

Complete Weekly Market Reports

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR IT.

TERMS FOR 1876.

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL,

(POSTAGE PREPAID.)

One Copy, One Year....$1 75

CLUB RATES:

Ten Copies, per annum, each......$1 50
Twenty Copies, " and over 1 25
And ONE EXTRA COPY to the getter up of the Club.

Additions may be made to a Club at any time during the year, at the Club price, the subscriptions continuing a FULL YEAR from the time the additions shall have been made.

These prices are invariable. Terms—CASH in advance. Remit in Drafts or Postoffice Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a REGISTERED letter.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE.

Address all orders and letters to

"THE COMMERCIAL,"

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CITY MATTERS.

For eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Removal.

[illegible] Rooms will be removed on or about April 1st, to [illegible] & WILSON MFG. CO.

[illegible]ting.

[illegible]uth Fayette [illegible] sale of in- [illegible]nships, will hold [illegible]yterian church in [illegible], at one o'clock P. [illegible] addressed by Mrs. [illegible] crusade fame.

[illegible]rket, Ohio.

[illegible]ket, Ohio, Sunday night, [illegible]cery store owned and occupied [illegible] Grace, and a hardware store and tin shop owned by Foster Bros; also the Odd Fellows' Hall and a small brick dwelling house. Loss and insurance unknown.

Convalescing.

Doctors Hanna and Bruce, the attending physicians, report that Mr. Fred. E. Volz, Treasurer of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, is making rapid progress toward convalescence. He has been seriously ill for the past four months from an attack of dropsy on the chest. This will be a gratifying assurance to the numerous friends of the estimable gentleman and efficient officer.

The Thieving Tramps.

Sunday night Superintendent Bullock, of the City Poor Farm entertained a number of homeless wanderers, providing them with shelter from the inclement weather. When he called the roll of his guests yesterday morning it was discovered that two had departed without waiting for breakfast. Investigation showed that a lady's gold watch, a revolver, two coats, a pair of boots and some other articles had disappeared.

The Market Street Disorderly House.

Fannie Roberts, of No. 58 Market street, whose alleged disorderly house was raided by the police Saturday night, and who was fined $100 and costs by Mayor McCarthy, has applied to the Court of Quarter Sessions, through her counsel, William Reardon, Esq., for a writ of *habeas corpus* and a writ of *certiorari*. It is claimed that the proceedings in this case were illegal. The writs were granted and made returnable at ten o'clock this morning. The Roberts is in the Central Station.

New Road in Penn Township

A large number of the inhabitants of Penn township and Verona borough have petitioned the Quarter Sessions Court for a public road from the Sandy Creek bridge to the lower line of Verona borough. They represent that they labor under great inconveniences for want of such a highway. Judge Kirkpatrick appointed County Engineer Stilley, artist, and Messrs. Alex. Speer and David Collins, viewers, to examine into the matter and make report to Court.

Cruelty to Cattle Again.

It will be remembered that about a week ago Superintendent Street, of the Humane Society, caused E. W. Wilcox to be arrested for cruelty in the transportation of animals, and that after a hearing before Alderman Irwin he was fined ten dollars and costs. There were some forty-one cars of cattle, which, it is alleged, were cruelly treated, but Superintendent Street made information on one only. On Friday last, however, he made a second information on another car, No. 3,128, and the case was heard yesterday morning before the same Alderman.

T. J. May, John McLean, Superintendent Street, William Deems, John Martin and George B. Roesing, who were witnesses on the former suit, were called, and testified to the same effect as reported in the COMMERCIAL of Monday, the 20th. Robert Gumbert, dispatcher at the yards, and George Tomer were also called, who corroborated the others.

The defense called J. T. Cyphers, who attends to feeding cattle as they arive at the yards. He testified that the cattle referred to were both fed and watered, but that they only remained in the pens about an hour, when they were re-shipped.

Mr. Thomas Scott, agent for the Pennsylvania railroad at the stock yard, swore that Mr. Street had given him no notice not to ship the cattle through.

After hearing the testimony, the Alderman fined the defendant $20 and costs, remarking that the practice of shipping cattle through without necessary food or rest was hurtful to the community; as from long confinement and insufficient food, cattle were frequently unfit for use as food.

The defendant took an appeal, and the case will probably be tried at the June term of the Criminal Court.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

An order was made in the case of Ahl & Co., for a hearing on the 5th prox.

D. A. McDonald, bankrupt; order for discharge set for hearing on the 10th prox.

A jury trial was ordered in the case of Hoyt Bros *et al.* vs. David Ackerman, at June term at Williamsport.

In the case of Isaac Little an order was made for sale of certain real estate, upon petition of assignee.

Common Pleas No. 1—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

M'Farland, Collins & Co. vs. A. Gainsford; action for goods sold. Verdict for plaintiffs for $686 87.

Henry Berger vs. A. Gainsford; action to recover for furniture sold and delivered. The defendant claimed that the articles delivered were not up to the terms of the contract. He kept them, however. Verdict for plaintiff for $534 84.

Francis Reverty vs. German Fire Insurance Company; action to recover on a policy. Compulsory non suit entered.

M. Dalafield *et al.* vs. F. Le Moyne. On trial.

A. Ortleib & Co., for the use of C. Mattes and George Harterich, vs. Fanny and Henry Rosenbaugh; action for goods sold. Verdict for defendants for $135 49.

Henry Hays vs. Frank Hutchinson; action to recover on a lease. On trial.

Common Pleas No. 2—Judges Ewing and White

The argument list is now before this court, and will occupy the week.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Kirkpatrick.

John Lynch pleaded *nolo contendere* to a charge of larceny.

Charles Updergraff and Isaac Orr, *alias* Isaac Clark, convicted of larceny and receiving stolen goods, were each sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years.

John Conway, convicted of fornication and bastardy, received the usual sentence.

Jacob Gass and George Wallers are on trial on a charge of felonious assault.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE *Legislative Investigating Committee* meets to-day.

DEPUTY MAYOR SHAFFER, of the South Side, has removed to his his old office on Twelfth street.

CHAS. J. RICE, of Hook and Ladder Co. A, who was injured at the fire of Sunday night, was able to be about yesterday.

THERE will be a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

THE Board of Revision was engaged yesterday in hearing petitions and returns from the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-eighth wards.

AN inclined plane is being constructed on the South Side, above the head of Fifth street, to run stone to Brownsville avenue from the quarry above.

LIEUTENANT JOHNSTON, of the police, who was so badly beaten by the Lees, of Philo Hall, has so far recovered as to be able to appear on the street yesterday.

ROBERT MILLER was the first fireman killed at a fire since the organization of the paid department. Two fatal accidents occurred previously on the way to answer alarms.

THOMAS JOHNSTON who is charged with removing goods from a house in the Fifth ward, Allegheny after Deputy Sheriff Stubbs had levied on them, was held by Alderman Edgar for trial.

JACOB KINDER, a boy residing on Bingham street, South Side, was severely bitten on the leg by a dog on Sunday. The dog subsequently died from eating a piece of "crooked" sausage.

RICHARD RED, colored, was held for a hearing yesterday, by Mayor Phillips, on a charge of stealing coal from cars of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, in Allegheny.

SOL. COLSON pulled house No. 486 Liberty street, last night, securing three women and a like number of men, who were locked up for a hearing under the disorderly house ordinance.

"PLEASE send me one broom, and see that the handle is stronger than the last one was," wrote a woman on Penn street to her grocer last week, in a hand full of character. Her husband pretends that he hit his head against the door in the dark.

ANNIE SCHAFFER, charged with keeping a disorderly house at No. 70 Ross street, which was raided by the police Sunday evening, paid a fine of $100 yesterday. Four men and two women arrested in the house paid fines of five dollars and costs.

THERE was a well attended meeting last evening in the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Allegheny, of the National Reform Association. Addresses were delivered by Rev. McAllister, of New York, and Revs. Snyder, Hodge and Sloan.

"ANY children?" asked a wall-eyed woman with thin lips yesterday, as she was showing some furnished rooms to a fat comfortable looking woman. "Yes," replied the fat, comfortable looking woman, "but, of course, if you object to them I can drown them."

JOSEPH RUPERT was arrested yesterday and taken before United States Commissioner McCandless, on the charge of "raising" national bank notes from ones to tens, and was committed to jail for a further hearing to-day. The information in this case was made by T. A. Hastings.

Two Allegheny newspaper carriers named McKee and Clark had a difficulty on Sunday about routes, which culminated in a collision, McKee got a black eye which he exhibited to Alderman McKelvey and did the necessary swearing, when the magistrate arrested Clark and held him for a hearing.

HENRY ZERINGER, a tobacconist, residing on Ohio street, Allegheny, came over to the fire on Penn avenue Sunday night, and up to last evening nothing was known by his family concerning his whereabouts. As the missing man was an old fireman who was wont to venture into dangerous places, it is feared he has met with a serious accident.

DR. W. W. COLE, physician to the Allegheny Board of Health, reports the following deaths and causes for the week ending Saturday last; Meningitis, three; consumption, two; unknown, three; ascites, apoplexy, bronchitis, cancer of stomach, diptheria, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, acute gastritus; servile gangrene, heart disease, hemorrhage, old age. Male, twelve, female, eight. Total, twenty.

RALPH L. R. COLVIN entered suit in the Common Pleas Court No. 1, against the United States Life Insurance Company for $157 25. He took out a policy in the defendant company and paid the premium before the policy was received. When he got it he found that a certain condition in it prevented his continuing his business of assayer, and of going to Colorado, as he expected to do. He returned the policy with the understanding that the premium would be refunded, but this was not done, and hence the suit.

THE Old Folks Concert at Butler street M. E. Church, this evening, will be participated in by some of the best amateur vocalists in the city. Among the performers are the following: Professor G. M. Alexander, leader; Professor Harry Horner, Miss Colville, Miss McCreery, the Misses White, Miss Dermot, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Dixon, Mr. Petty, Mr. McCallum. Besides enjoying a rare musical treat, those who attend will have the satisfaction of knowing that they are aiding a worthy cause—the Thirty-third Street Mission.

For Sale.

Five hundred pounds sweet roll butter by C. M. Roberts, on board steamer Carrie Brooks.

NATION TRUST SENSATION.

The Finding of a Box Full of Old Notes, etc.—The Attorneys Say there is "Nothin It"—The Receiver Concurs in that Opinion—The Legislative Committee Demand the Contents, but Doesn't Get Them, etc.

Considerable excitement was created in the city, yesterday, by the publication of the fact that, on Saturday evening last, a small box was found in the cellar, under the room formerly used by the Nation Trust Company, by a young man in the employ of Mr. Geo. W. Kettenberg, gas fitter. The young man had been sent to do some plumbing in the cellar, and found the box on the top of the wall—not nailed to the joist, as reported. The cellar was damp and low, and the box fell apart as it was taken down. The papers which it contained at once attracted attention, and they were handed over to Mr. Kettenberg, who found them to be notes, checks, etc., belonging to the defunct bank. He placed them in the hands of Mr. John Herron, one of the trustees appointed by the stockholders. Yesterday Mr. Herron called a meeting of the trustees, at which were present Messrs. Pitcairn, Meyer, Taylor and Kettenberg. It was determined not to make the papers public, but to hand them over to the counsel for the stockholders. Later in the day Mr. Herron handed the papers to George Shiras, Jr., one of the attorneys for the stockholders, who, in company with his colleague, S. Schoyer, Jr., made an examination of them.

AN UNFOUNDED SUSPICION.

The first thought that struck the attorneys was, that these might be the missing notes, aggregating $114,000, which the public were warned against negotiating, in the fall of 1873, and which were afterwards pronounced forgeries. A list which Grier left showed the existence of such notes as assets, but the notes themselves could not be found. An examination of the contents of the box, however, showed that there was no correspondence, either in dates, names or amounts, with the published list, none of these unearthed papers bearing date later than 1871, and some of them being dated as long ago as 1869. There was also in the box a lot of old broken and counterfeit State bank notes, amounting to $250, and a two dollar note supposed to be genuine. The papers were damp and musty, and some of them not very legible. Another fact may be stated, namely: That the young man who found the box says he saw it on the wall, a year ago, when doing some work in the cellar, but didn't feel like meddling with it then.

Messrs. Shiras and Schoyer, having gone through the papers, and taken memoranda of them, passed them over to John H. Bailey, Esq., the receiver of the Nation Trust Company, appointed by the court in 1873.

WHAT THE ATTORNEYS THINK.

The sensation, as may be imagined, was freely discussed throughout the city, and the offices of Messrs. Schoyer, Shiras and Bailey were centers of attraction. The attorneys for the stockholders, who would be very glad to put their fingers on $100,000 worth of available assets, are free to say that, in their opinion, there is "nothing in this discovery," aside from the fact that the papers have been found. Mr. Bailey says he has not gone through the pile critically, but from his knowledge of Nation Trust affairs, gathered during the past two years or more, he would not place a higher value on the papers than *twenty-five cents*. In other words, he considers them valueless.

Now, as to the inquiry, What are these notes? this answer is made. A good deal of the paper was made and indorsed by prominent business men who have not figured at all in connection with Nation Trust irregularities, and who are perfectly solvent to-day. On some of the notes are the names of others who are suspected of having had crooked dealings with Bob Grier. The explanation of the whole matter is, that these are what are known to bank officers as "renewal notes." An individual or firm, having made a note, payable in four months, and got it discounted, with the intention of "floating" it for eight, ten or twelve months, calls at the bank a few days before the note is due and hands in a "renewal" for the same amount. This must go before the Board for examination before it can be discounted, and several days usually elapse before it is "passed." The maker of the paper thus has two notes out, but if prudent he loses no time in securing and cancelling the original. It is known to many that Grier's habit was, in such cases, to say: "I can't lay my hand on your note now; call in to-morrow," and in this way very many notes that had been renewed from time to time, accumulated in the bank. It has been one of the troubles of the receiver to straighten out these duplicated notes, as the books did not show the renewals, as they should have done. This is the explanation given to account for the existence of the notes.

WHY IN THE CELLAR.

Another inquiry is, how did the notes get into the cellar? The box was not "nailed to one of the joists," as we are informed, but simply set upon the top of the wall as if to put it out of the way. The theory advanced, as to why the papers were put in the cellar at all is, that they had doubtless been kept in the safe for several years, and were probably removed to make room. This is not an entirely satisfactory explanation, however, as the papers, if wholly useless and valueless, might just as well have been thrown into the fire. What bearing this discovery may have, if any, in throwing light upon the dark ways of Grier and his confederates, is not yet apparent. It is almost certain that they will not add a farthing to the assets of the bank.

ARE THE NOTES FORGERIES?

The name of William Smith has been given, as being upon $56,000 of the paper, but he asserts, most emphatically, that he does not owe the bank a dollar—that the paper, if his, has been paid. It may be, he thinks, forged paper, but has not been able to see the notes. A note for $5,000, drawn by Charles H. Armstrong, has also been mentioned as among the lot. It is due to Mr. Armstrong to say that he pronounces it a forgery—and, indeed, most of the paper may turn out to be forged, and used by Mr. Grier among his "bills receivable," to hide his defalcations. This, it strikes us is a more plausible theory than that advanced by the attorneys of the stockholders, and would furnish a reason why Grier might wish to keep the box in the cellar, rather than in the safe. But, like many other things connected with the Nation Trust Company, there is a mystery about this box.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

During the afternoon, Chairman Carson, of the Legislative Committee, and Mr. King, of the Taxpayer's Union, called at the office of Mr. Schoyer, and wanted to know what had been done with the papers. Mr. Schoyer was not in, but his clerk informed the gentlemen that the papers had been handed over to Mr. Bailey. Mr. Carson was not at all satisfied, and stated that if he had known in whose hands they were he would have issued a subpœna for them. He thought they should have been handed over to the Investigating Committee. Although Mr. Bailey does not place a very high estimate on the value of the papers, he will not be likely to hand them over to the committee until he has leisure to examine them in detail.

REASONS FOR SECRECY.

The parties having charge of these notes have declined to make them public for the reason that, to do so, would seriously affect the credit of many excellent business men. If they are forged, the publication of the names can be made simultaneous with the proof of forgery, and thus no damage done to reputation or credit.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Meeting of the Board of Commissioners—The Death of Foreman Miller—Resolutions of Condolence—Arrangements for the Funeral.

A special meeting of the Board of Fire Commissioners was held last evening for the purpose of taking action on the death of Foreman Miller, killed while in the discharge of his duty at the late fire, and to make arrangements for the funeral.

Mr. Pitcairn was called to the chair, and the business was at once stated.

Mr. Torley offered the following:

Resolved, That this Board have learned with great regret of the death of Robert Miller, Foreman of Engine Company No. 3, who was killed while in the discharge of his duty at the fire in the Fourth ward on the morning of March 27, 1876.

Resolved, That we testify to the ability and faithfulness of Mr. Miller as a fireman and to the energy and promptitude always manifested by him.

Resolved, That we tender to his stricken wife, mother and relatives our heartfelt sympathy in the hour of their affliction.

Resolved, That this Board attend the funeral in a body; that Engine Company No. 3 and Hook and Ladder Company A, presided over by deceased be permitted to attend the funeral in a body, together with such representation from each of the other companies of the department as can safely be spared, and that the expense of the funeral be borne by this Board.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and ordered to be spread upon the minutes of the Board.

On motion Messrs. Wilson and McIlroy, in conjunction with Chief Evans, were appointed a committee of arrangements for the funeral.

Acting Chief Evans presented an application from the companies, Engine 1 and Hook and Ladder A, for privilege of engaging a band at their own expense.

On motion referred to the Committee of Arrangements to act according to the wishes of the family.

Adjourned.

DISORDERLY HOUSE.

The City Ordinance to be Tested in Court.

Messrs. Swartzwelder and Reardon, attorneys, on behalf of parties interested, yesterday obtained from the Court of Quarter Sessions writs of *certiorari* and *habeas corpus* on Mayor McCarthy in the case of Fanny Roberts, arrested and fined $100 for keeping a disorderly house on Market street. The writs are returnable this morning, when Thomas M. Bayne, Esq., in the absence of Mr. Bigelow, City Attorney, will appear on behalf of the Mayor and the city. The ordinance which is to be tested was passed March 29, 1869, and is as follows:

"That all houses of ill-fame, all houses visited by persons for lewd and unchaste purposes, all unlicensed public dance houses, and all houses and places where intoxicating liquors are sold without license or contrary to the laws of this Commonwealth, shall be deemed and held to be disorderly houses, and the police of said city are empowered to arrest every keeper thereof and every person found therein, and to bring all said persons before the Mayor of said city for examination and hearing, and each such above described person whom the Mayor shall adjudge guilty of maintaining such houses or of visiting the same for improper purposes, shall be fined not less than five nor more than one hundred dollars for each offense, and in default of payment shall be committed," &c.

The case is an important one as deciding the power of the Mayor to arrest and fine lewd women and break up their dens of infamy. Fanny Roberts was arrested on Saturday night, and refusing to pay the fine imposed is imprisoned.

Arrested for Larceny.

Officers Wilbert and Stewart, of the South Side, arrested two men yesterday, named Lang and Orr, on charges of larceny. The accused are painters, and were engaged in painting a building occupied by B. Wolff as a grocery and dwelling. Mr. Wolff was engaged in removing his goods to another house, and during his absence from the store a pair of boots disappeared. The painters were suspected and the officers were notified to watch them. Yesterday afternoon they arrested the painters, when one of them "squealed" on the other, directing the police to the cellar, where they found the boots. The other retaliated on the squealer by giving the officers information which led to the finding in his possession a quantity of baking powder which had been stolen from the store. Deputy Mayor Schaffer, before whom the informations were made, committed the parties for trial.

The Finest Cigars

in the market at 6 for 25 cents. "The Aroma" U. S. C. M.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Regular Session—Immunity to Robert Grier Asked—Sharp Discussion—Vacancy in the Board of Health Filled—Aldermen's Jurisdiction, &c., &c.

A regular session of the City Councils was held yesterday afternoon when, after an interesting discussion, the resolutions favoring immunity to Robert Grier, formerly cashier of the Nation Trust Company, on condition that he appear and give evidence as to water bonds placed in that bank, were adopted. Following are the proceedings:

SELECT BRANCH.

In this branch Dr. Gross, President, occupied the chair.

An ordinance opening Thirty-third street, (South Side) from Josephine street to the Monongahela river, was referred to the Street Committee.

ABOUT GRIER.

Mr. Jeremy offered the following:

WHEREAS, The Finance Committee have not met and are not ready to report on the resolution in regard to the pardon of Robert Grier.

Resolved, That we recall the said resolution from said committee, as four-fifths of the stockholders of the Nation Trust Company and the taxpayers of the city wish the Council to act promptly.

Mr. Aiken objected to the resolution at this time.

Mr. Littell moved to suspend the rules, which motion was agreed to.

Mr. Littell moved the passage of the resolution.

Mr. Dannals objected to the statement of fact, that four-fifths of the stockholders of the Nation Trust Company, and the public, asked for the passage of the original resolution.

Messrs. Jeremy and Littell asserted that four-fifths of the stockholders did desire the passage of the resolution, and a petition would soon be presented showing that fact.

Mr. E. M. O'Neill thought it would be proper to recall the resolution, so that Councils might act upon it.

Mr. Littell urged the passage of the resolution, and thought that Grier should be got back to the city as soon as possible, whether it open "old sores" or not.

Mr. Singerly thought Councils were being made use of to secure a pardon for Grier, without any assurance whatever as to what Grier would testify if he were here.

The question was then put, and the resolution was almost unanimously adopted.

THE PARDON RESOLUTION.

The resolution recalled from the Finance Committee was then read by the clerk as follows:

WHEREAS, There is good reason to believe that in the event of immunity from prosecution being assured to Robert Grier, he will cheerfully appear before the Legislative Committee and testify to all the facts in connection with bonds, checks and drafts belonging to the city of Pittsburgh, deposited with the Nation Trust Company; therefore,

Resolved, That the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby earnestly requested by the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh to assure a full pardon to Robert Grier for all matters connected with or relative to the affairs of the Nation Trust Company in the event of his so appearing and testifying.

A SUBSTITUTE OFFERED.

Mr. E. M. O'Neil offered the following substitute to the latter resolution:

WHEREAS, It has been represented that Robert Grier possesses important information respecting the affairs of the Nation Trust Company, and is desirous of returning and testifying to the same:

Resolved, That Councils are willing and ready to hear any statement Grier may make to them personally or by writing duly authenticated; and that, if from such statement, in the judgment of Councils, the ends of justice will be subserved by having Grier back to testify, Councils will petition for his immunity from punishment on account of his part in the fraudulent transactions connected with such company. Provided, however, that in case Grier subsequently fails to verify such statement under oath the pledge by Councils shall be considered of no effect.

Mr. Aiken seconded the substitute, and stated that the original resolution came from the Legislative Committee, and not from suffering stockholders.

Mr. E. M. O'Neill said his substitute admitted an explanation. It provided that in case Mr. Grier came back and gave full testimony, that would lead to developments of importance, then pardon would be granted him. But it was simply a monstrous proposition to offer a full and free pardor to a man guilty of such frauds as were imputed to him, when he might give erroneous testimony and with the money, the fruits of his fraud, in his pockets, go scot free to start another Nation Trust Company.

Mr. Holliday opposed the substitute, as did also Mr. Littell.

Mr. Welsh was opposed to the substitute, and in favor of the original resolution, because he was very desirous of having Mr. Grier brought back, with a view to relieving innocent stockholders who had been made to suffer.

Mr. O'Neill pointed out the difference between his substitute and the original resolution, and added that there was nothing to prevent Mr. Grier, if he had an honest and truthful story to tell, to forward it to Councils, so that they might know what course to pursue. If he made a complete and truthful statement he would have no difficulty in procuring immunity from punishment.

Mr. C. P. Duff offered another substitute providing that the Controller be authorized to offer a reward of $5,000 for Mr. Grier's return, provided the stockholders of the Nation Trust Company offered a similar reward. This was not seconded however.

THE SUBSTITUTE LOST.

The yeas and nays were then called on the substitute as offered by Mr. E. M. O'Neill with the following result:

Ayes—Messrs. Aiken, Brown, Dannels, Denniston, C. P. Duff, Geiger, Hunter, Kernan, Lappan, MacConnell, E. M. O'Neill, Powers, Sawyer, Singerly, Sorg and Gross—16.

Nays—Messrs. Ahl, Atkinson, Barckley, Bruce, Doyle, J. K. P. Duff, Epping, George Fox, Gregory Fox, Froehlich, Glass, Holliday, Jeremy, Kennedy, Kerr, Lagerman, Littell, Meyer, Miller, Moore, Murray, Musgrave, McCandless, McClurg, McGimpsey, McKinley, Negley, J. O'Neil, Rodgers, Rolfe, Schild, Schwarm, Shipton, Taylor, Weldon, Welsh—36.

So the substitute was lost.

ANOTHER AMENDMENT.

Mr. Aiken then offered an amendment to the original resolution submitted by Mr. Littell, providing that the Governor and Board of Pardons be requested to insure full pardon to Mr. Grier on petition of the stockholders of the Nation Trust Company. The amendment was accepted by Mr. Littell and the resolution as amended was then adopted.

Mr. Shipton presented the annual report of the Controller for 1875, and moved that 300 copies of the same be printed. Carried.

A RESIGNATION.

The resignation of Mr. J. B. Glass, of the Fourteenth ward, was presented and accepted. A resolution was adopted recognizing Mr. Glass' worth and gentlemanly qualities.

A number of petitions, resolutions, etc., were presented and referred.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

On motion Councils then went into joint session to elect a member of the Board of Health to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of J. D. Fleming.

The joint session was called to order by President Gross, and Mr. Jared M. Brush was elected by acclamation, when joint session adjourned.

Mr. Shipton, from the Gas Committee, presented an ordinance making a contract with the East End Company for gas for the ensuing fifteen years at $1 25 per 1,000 feet, the city to have the privilege of securing gas from any other source if it can be done at the same or less price if desirable.

Mr. J. K. P. Duff objected to the contract extending over such a long term, and moved to amend by making the term five years.

A protracted discussion was had on this point, after which the amendment was lost and the ordinance was passed finally as presented.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Negley called up an ordinance changing the location of Heberston street, Tenth ward. Passed.

Mr. Kerr, from the Ordinance Committee, offered an ordinance relating to the collection of fines and forfeitures, which authorizes their collection summarily, and another relating to the sale of merchandise from wharves. Both ordinances were recommitted.

Mr. Taylor called up an ordinance providing for the grading and paving of Forty-seventh street and ordinance opening Union alley, in the Seventeenth ward, at a width of twenty feet. The former was passed and the latter laid over.

LEGISLATION.

The report of the Legislative Committee was presented, accompanied by resolutions calling for the passage of certain bills and the defeat of others as already published in these columns. The report was received and the resolutions were adopted except one calling for the defeat of the bill enlarging the jurisdiction of aldermen in this city to cases involving $300, which was laid over.

Mr. John O'Neil moved to reconsider the resolution asking for the passage of Senate bill No. 270, which provides for the appointment by Councils of cities of the second class of a Board of Assessors to assess real estate for purposes of taxation. The provisions of the bill have been published.

The motion to reconsider the resolution was lost, when the Clerk read the bill and several members objected to the action in recommending the Legislature to pass the bill.

Adjourned.

COMMON BRANCH.

This branch was called to order at two P. M., President Negley in the chair.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under the call of the wards the following papers were presented and referred to the proper committees: An ordinance fixing the grade of west curb of Thirty-fourth street, from Penn avenue to Liberty street; petition for paving a triangular piece of ground at Webster avenue and Fulton street; remonstrance against the widening and extension of Well or Spring alley, to be called Gunning street, Thirty-fifth ward; ordinance changing the name of Well or Spring alley to Gunning street; ordinance locating Gunning street.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Mr. Thompson called up an ordinance relocating Murray avenue, and upon his motion action thereon was indefinitely postponed.

The resolution in relation to Robert Grier, laid on the table at last meeting, was called up and referred to the Finance Committee.

REPORTS.

Viewers' report on damages by the grading of Forbes street, from Boyd to Brady street. Approved.

Reports of several standing committees were read and accepted. These reports have all been published in the COMMERCIAL.

Select Council business was next considered, and there were no non-concurrences.

An ordinance regulating the construction of sewers connections was presented and referred to the Street Committee.

An ordinance locating Station street, East End, was passed finally.

Councils then went into joint session for the election of a member of the Board of Health to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John D. Fleming.

After returning to their chamber Common Council adjourned.

A Toast.

Two Important Discoveries! The discovery of America by Columbus, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery; the one opening up to mankind a new continent, the other a fountain of health, which is indispensable to the full enjoyment of life and its blessings. In response to the above sentiment come the unsolicited attestations of tens of thousands of grateful patients, who have been relieved of chronic ailments through its instrumentality. Those voices are limited to no one locality, but from every city, village and hamlet in our broad domain, as well as from other climes, and in the strange utterances of foreign tongues, like the confused murmur of many waters, come unfeigned and hearty commendations. It is, in combination with the Pleasant Purgative Pellets, the great depurator of the age. Under its benign action eruptions disappear, excessive waste is checked, the nerves are strengthened, and health, long banished from the system, resumes her reign and re-establishes her roseate throne upon the cheek. All who have thoroughly tested its virtues in the diseases for which it is recommended unite in pronouncing it the great Medical Discovery of the age.

TThs&*.

Even $10

is a big price for a set of teeth when made by one who does not understand his business. If you wish a set of teeth call on Dr. G. W. Spencer, 254 Penn avenue, who don't do *cheap work*, but will give you the worth of your money every time. All operations first-class.

THE FIRE.

Estimate of the Loss—Nearly Covered by Insurance—The Dead Fireman—Honor to His Memory—Inquest.

The fire on Penn avenue reported yesterday, turns out to be less disastrous, in amount of property destroyed than was at first supposed. Fire Marshal Livingston has not yet been fully informed of all losses, but a careful estimate shows that the total will hardly exceed $60,000.

Mr. R. F. Weddell, wholesale flour merchant, had moved into one of the three-story bricks next the oil firm of Paine, Ablett & Tripp. A fire was kindled in Mr. Weddell's office, and it was noticed that smoke found its way into the building of Paine, Ablett & Co., but it was thought that as soon as the flue was heated it would be all right. As the fire originated near this flue, it is supposed that the burning soot fell upon the oiled floor, and this started the conflagration.

The buildings were owned by James Shoenberger, and were insured in city offices for $15,000. The loss will be total.

Messrs. Payne, Ablett & Co. were insured for $8,000, but they had been reducing their stock, and it is estimated that their loss will not exceed $4,000.

Mr. R. J. Weddell was not insured, and his loss will probably reach $6,000.

S. B. Floyd's loss, which included a lot of unreclaimed baggage belonging to the P., Ft. W. and C. R. R. Co., which was to have been sold to-day, is fully covered by insurance.

Mr. Abdiel McClure had not bean able to make a definite estimate of his loss.

Mr. Graham, had a large quantity of baled hay damaged, and his loss, which is covered by insurance, will probably amount to $5,000. The other losses, which are also covered by insurance, are estimated as follows: W. B. Lupton, $4,000; H. R. McClellan, $3,000; Stewart's brush manufactory, $1,000.

THE DEAD FIREMAN.

During the morning the remains of Robert Miller, fireman of Engine Company No. 3 who was killed by a falling wall, was taken to his late residence on Bluff street. His wife and friends have the sincere sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement. Yesterday afternoon each of the twelve engine houses in the department was draped in mourning and the engine of the company which Mr. Miller commanded was also draped. The arrangements for the funeral so far as made are given elsewhere.

Coroner McCallin empanelled a jury who after examining the body heard the testimony of Charles Rice the fireman who was struck by the falling wall, and James Sims who was near by at the the time. The inquest was then adjourned until the result of the investigation of the Fire Marshal is known.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Miss May Howard made her first appearance in this city last evening, before an audience of moderate numbers but of critical cast. Pittsburghers are proverbially slow to take up new comers, and it is only after most convincing demonstrations of ability that they will turn out in force to patronize an artist. Miss Howard chose the character of *Camille* for her introductory performance, and, we think, chose wisely, as it is one well suited to her powers. She has a magnificent stage presence, dresses tastefully and elegantly, is a graceful actress, all her gestures being easy and appropriate, and reads her lines with good judgment and exquisite feeling. Her power in portraying the stronger emotions is great, and in the more subdued scenes she is almost equally good. Her *Camille* will compare favorably with that of Clara Morris, although her death scene is not so distressingly realistic. Miss Howard was repeatedly called before the curtain.

Mr. Gotthold's *Armand* was a fine impersonation, he being uniformly good in every scene. The support, generally, was acceptable, and the play as well presented as we ever remember to have seen it on our local stage.

This evening Miss Howard will appear as *Mercy Merrick*, in a dramatization of Wilkie Collins' "New Magdalen."

Library Hall.

Carncross & Dixey's minstrels had a large and very fashionable audience at Library Hall, last night, when they gave their first entertainment this season. Their programme was an exceptionally good one, and was received with every demonstration of approval and delight. The "first part" was full of gems of song and wit. In the sketch, "Love's Stratagem," Carncross sang "The Sweet By-and-By" with all his old-time sweetness and good taste, while the invisible chorus enhanced the enjoyment. "Boyhood Days," with Dixey, Dougherty and Talbot, was a regular screamer, and almost convulsed the audience with laughter. Hughey Dougherty's stump speech was ever so ludicrous, and was received with shouts of laughter and applause. The Centennial tableaux was really very beautiful. Eugene, the burlesque prima donna, was heartily welcomed back. All in all, it was one of the best minstrel performances ever given here. The troupe give their second entertainment to-night.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

The attendance at this theater, last night, was large, and everybody came away from a very pleasant performance. The programme is a very fine one. The Remmelsberg ballet troupe danced themselves into the affections of the audience in very short order, and were much applauded.

Don't forget that Manager Fred. Aims is to have a grand complimentary benefit on Friday evening.

Allegheny Committee on Surveys.

This committee held a regular meeting last evening, when business was transacted as follows: Messrs. Alexander Moore, Jonathan Gallagher and William Brown, were appointed viewers on the opening of Irwin avenue, from Ridge avenue to Rebecca street. The project at present is to cut through Seminary Hill instead of tunneling as at first proposed. An ordinance for this purpose will be reported at the next meeting of Councils.

In the matter of the opening of Beach street, from Allegheny avenue to Fulton street, Messrs. R. H. Knox, John B. Ingham and Jonathan Gallagher were appointed viewers.

An ordinance was ordered for the opening of Church avenue, and Messrs. A. M. Marshall, J. M. Hemphill and Henry Irwin were appointed viewers.

The committee decided to report adversely to the adoption of the ordinance for the opening of Woodlawn avenue, from West End avenue to Back lane.

Bills aggregating about $500 were approved.

Adjourned.

The Investigation.

The Legislative Committee will resume its session this morning at ten o'clock in the Select Council Chamber. It is understood that Mr. Henne, the witness who refused to testify a few days ago, will appear and go upon the stand. The chairman of the committee seems to think they have fresh material in the discovery of the alleged worthless notes, in the cellar of the building formerly occupied by the Nation Trust Bank, and an effort may be made to get possession of them by sending the Sergeant-at-Arms after Receiver Bailey—in other words, by using their prerogative to send "for persons and papers."

Car Burned.

A passenger coach attached to the Atlantic Express, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, due in this city at 2:42 A. M. yesterday, was discovered on fire when the train had reached a point near Rochester. The burning coach was speedily detached from the train and switched onto a siding, where it was totally consumed. The passengers escaped without injury.

Anæsthetics

Of any kind are dangerous when administered by quacks. If you would have your teeth extracted without pain by a thoroughly competent dentist, call on our obliging and accomplished friend, Dr. G. W. Spencer, 254 Penn avenue.

POLITICAL.

State.

Captain William McClellan, the new Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, will soon establish his headquarters in Harrisburg.

The Republican conferees of Chester and Delaware counties met at the Bingham House, Philadelphia, on Friday. After taking several ballots they failed to agree upon a Presidential elector, and adjourned to meet at West Chester on Thursday next. A resolution was adopted declaring that the State Convention has no authority to select a Presidential elector for their district, nor to select delegates to the Cincinnati Convention from the said district.

LORD CLYMER.

Lord Clymer he was a noble lord,
  A noble of high degree;
And when he was home he paid for his board,
  On his manor in Berks countee—tee—tee,
  On estates in Berks countee.

One morning he rose with a Terrible Frown
  And a brow so wrathful to see,
And said he was going to Washingtown
  To uncover some Belknaparee—ee—ee,
  To unearth some sculldugeree.

He traveled all night and he traveled full fast,
  But never a-wearied was he,
And when at the city he stayed him at last,
  He called him his committee—tee—tee,
  The War Department Committee.

He collared Sir Belknap, the warrior so bold,
  "You're the man I wanted to see;"
But he let go his "holts," straightway he was told
  That his witness had jumped the citee—tee—tee
  And he was in British territoree.

He asked for more time and he asked for more help:
  For help sorely perplexed was he;
While a member, hight Robbins, with pitiful yelp,
  Cried, "I'm smashed by your old committee—tee—tee;
  I'm exposed on my own committee.

And wailing was heard in the committee-room,
  When a noble from Kentuck-i-e
Was swept high and dry by this very new broom,
  This investigating committee—tee—tee—
  That showed up Mr. Pendleton's fee.

But the snarl it grew more complicated by far,
  And when next the august committee
Looked up to observe who they had at the bar,
  Mr. Clymer he groaned, "It is me—me—me,"
  Ungramatically groaned "It is me."
—*Burlington (Iowa) Hawkeye.*

P. S.—
Both Clymer and Marsh they buried so neat,
  One atop and the other unner;
And out of the Clymer there grew a dead beat,
  And Marsh he turned into a run—run—runner;
  A gorgeous Canadian runner.

A First Rate Notice.

[From the Oakland (Cal.) Times.]

The double-headed, slimy, crawling, forked-tongued, venomed-toothed, green cobra, that stung to death the long list of Bakers and Tracys, that murdered Ralston, and that fattens on the pains of others, has wound its dark and sinuous way down close to the edge of its native swamp, and with its little, glistening, cold wicked eye is peering over into our paradise. "Stealing," as always, "the livery of the court of heaven to serve the devil in," its hiss this time emerges from the partially concealing folds of the deacon's long, sleek coat of black and tie of white. Oh, parents—fathers and mothers—teach your boy if you will to be a bold highwayman; to aspire to the fame of a Tweed or a Belknap; to become the chosen companion of gamblers and tipplers; but oh, for God's sake warn him, plead with him, lest he become that meaner, more despicable, more accursed thing—a smooth, sleek hypocrite—one who betrays with a kiss, and who steals near his victim by directing his attention upward—for then shall he be compelled "to crawl on his belly all the rest of his life" and be condemned to the lowest depth of perdition through a long eternity.

XLIV. CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27, 1876.

SENATE.

The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War, enclosing a communication from the Commissary General of Subsistence, asking for an appropriation of $300,000 for the subsistence of the army, with authority to expend the same during the present fiscal year, to enable the purchase of subsistence stores to be made and forwarded to the military posts in Arizona, New Mexico, and other outposts by the beginning of the coming fiscal year. Referred.

Mr. SPENCER, from the Committee on District of Columbia, reported back the petition of colored citizens praying that the 14th day of April be set apart as a holiday for Government employes favorably accompanied with a joint resolution providing that all persons employed in the various departments in Washington be granted a holiday on the 14th of April, 1876, to attend the unveiling of the Lincoln monument in Lincoln Park, Washington.

Mr. HAMLIN, from the Committee on Post-offices and Post roads, reported the bill fixing the rate of postage on third-class matter. Calendar.

Mr. CAMERON, of Wisconsin, from the Committee on Commerce, reported favorably on the bill to construct a pontoon bridge across the Mississippi river from some feasible point in La Crosse county, Wisconsin, to some point in Houston county, Minnesota. Calendar.

Mr. JONES, of Florida, offered a resolution calling upon the Secretary of State for information as to how much money, if any, there is in the hands of his department paid by the Government of Venezuela on account of awards of the mixed commission between the United States and Venezuela. Passed.

Mr. MORTON called up the resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate frauds in Mississippi elections.

Mr. CHRISTIANCY introduced an amendment and proceeded to discuss its points.

Mr. MORTON said he was willing to accept the substitute.

Mr. COOPER demanded the regular order, and the Chair laid before the Senate the Consular and Diplomatic bill as the business before the Senate.

Mr. MORTON moved to lay aside that bill, and finish the Mississippi resolution. After debate the question was taken on it.

Mr. MORTON demanded the yeas and nays, and the motion was lost, yeas 28, nays 31.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the Consular and Diplomatic bill.

Mr. SARGENT said the committee had declined to agree to the cutting down of the House, and inserted amendments restoring salaries, but not expending any more than has been expended in former years. About forty consulates had been abolished by the House, which the committee had restored.

Mr. CONKLING obtained leave to introduce a joint resolution requesting the President of the United States, if compatible with his duties, to accept the invitation of Peru to join in a conference of the Governments of North and South America, with a view to the amelioration and codification of international law. Foreign Relations.

Mr. WITHERS did not believe with the committee that all these consulates were necessary. He believed that this was a time for a general reduction and economy. Possibly the House may have gone too far on some of these points, but he believed the country would approve of a general reduction.

The question was taken on the first amendment proposed by the Senate Committee, as follows: For salaries of Envoys Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia fixed by the House at $14,056, the committee moved to strike out $14,056 and insert $17,570, and the Senate agreed to the amendment.

The next amendment was on restoring Italy to its former position, but which had been stricken out by the House. Messrs. Edmunds, Hamlin and Morton advocated, and Stevenson and Withers opposed it.

Pending its consideration, Mr. CAMERON moved to go into Executive Session, but met with so much opposition that he was induced to withdraw the motion, with notice that at three o'clock to morrow he would insist upon an Executive Session.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, then advocated the Senate amendment in restoring Italy, and at the close Mr. CAMERON again urged his motion to go into Executive Session, which was agreed to.

The Senate went into Executive Session, and after an hour's session adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Bills were introduced by Mr. JONES for the distribution of the official patronage of the Government at Washington equally among the States of the Union.

By Mr. HANCOCK, to authorize the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to fund the taxes collected on salaries of State officers.

A bill was introduced by Mr. WILLES to restore the National credit by funding the non-interest bearing debt into four per cent. bonds, and to repeal so much of the Resumption act as requires the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem all the outstanding legal tenders by June 1, 1879.

Mr. PAYNE moved to suspend the rules and pass his bill to provide for the gradual resumption of specie payment. The first section of the bill directs the Secretary of the Treasury to set aside and retain in coin each year, until the United States notes shall be appreciated to par with gold, an amount equal to three per cent. of the outstanding legal tenders, or legal tender notes, to be held as a resumption fund for the redemption of such legal tender notes; provided, that such coin set aside and retained shall be counted as part of the sinking fund.

The second section requires national banks to set aside and retain, from coin received by them as interest on the bonds deposited as security for their circulation, an amount equal to three per cent. of their circulation, such coin to be considered as part of their legal money reserve.

The third section repeals so much of the Resumption act of January 14, 1875, as provides for the redemption of legal tender notes to the amount of eighty per cent. of the national bank notes in circulation, and as much as provides for the redemption of legal tender notes in coin after January, 1879.

Mr. KASSON asked whether the bill came from any committee of the House.

The SPEAKER replied that it had not.

Mr. KASSON asked Mr. Payne whether he did not desire the judgment of one of the regular committees of the House on this bill.

Mr. PAYNE'S only answer was to call for the yeas and nays on his motion.

Mr. KASSON suggested to the Committee of which the gentleman [Mr. Payne] was a member, that the Banking Committee might be the proper one.

Mr. HOLMAN inquired whether it was in order to divide the proposition, as he wanted to have the vote on the last section.

The SPEAKER replied that a division of the proposition was not in order.

Mr. HOPKINS inquired whether this was the bill which was known as the Payne bill and that had been printed.

Mr. PAYNE replied it was that without any change whatever.

Mr. KASSON asked the Speaker if the bill does not violate the pledge of the United States to maintain the sinking fund.

Mr. RANDALL and others objected to debate.

The SPEAKER replied that he had no authority to answer a question of that kind.

A vote was taken and resulted, yeas 81, nays 156. As the motion was lost it would have required a two-thirds vote to pass the bill, and the fact that there was nearly a two-thirds majority against, it elicited some laughter. Following is the vote in detail on the Payne bill:

YEAS.

Ashe,
Bagby,
Bagley, J. H.
Barnum,
Bell,
Blount,
Bradford,
Brown, Ky.,
Cabell,
Caldwell, Ala.,
Caulfield,
Chapin,
Clymer,
Cochran,
Collins,
Cook,
Cox,
Culberson,
Cuttler,
Debalt,
Douglass,
Durham,
Felton,
Forney,
Gibson,
Goode,
Gunter,
Hancock,
Harris, Ga.,
Harrison,
Hartridge,
Henckle,
Hewitt, Ala.,
Hooker,
Hopkins,
Hunter,
Hurd,
Knott,
Landers, Conn.,
Lane,
Levy,
Luttrell,
Lynde,
Marsh,
Meade,
Metcalfe,
Miliken,
Money,
Morrison,
Mutchler,
Parson,
Paine,
Phelps,
Piper,
Powell,
Randall,
Reagan,
Robbins, N. C.,
Roberts,
Ross, N. J.,
Schleicher,
Singleton,
Siemens,
Smith, Ga.,
Slenger,
Swann,
Terry,
Thomas,
Throckmorton,
Tucker,
Turney,
Vance, N. C.,
Walsh,
Wigginton,
Wike,
Williams, A. S. Mich.,
Williams, Del.,
Williams, Ala.,
Yeates,
Young—81.

NAYS.

Adams,
Anderson,
Atkins, Ga.
Bagley,
Baker, Ind.,
Baker, N. Y.,
Ballou,
Banks,
Beebe,
Blackburn,
Blair,
Boone,
Bradley,
Bright,
Brown, Ky.,
Burchard, Ill.,
Burleigh,
Caldwell, Tenn.,
Campbell,
Cannon,
Cason,
Caswell,
Cate,
Chittenden,
Clarke, Ky.,
Clarke, Mo.,
Conger,
Crapo,
Crounse,
Danford,
Davis,
Dennison,
Dibrell,
Dobbins,
Dunnell,
Durand,
Eams,
Eden,
Evans,
Farwell,
Faulkner,
Fort,
Foster,
Franklin,
Fuller,
Garfield,
Glover,
Goadin,
Hale,
Hamilton, Ind.,
Hamilton, N. J.,
Hartzell,
Hathorn,
Haymond,
Hendee,
Henderson,
Hereford,
Hewitt, N. Y.,
Hoar,
Holman,
Hoskins,
Hubbell,
Hunter,
Hurlbut,
Hyman,
Jones, Ky.,
Joyce,
Kasson,
Kehr,
Kelley,
Kimball,
King,
Landers, Ind.,
Lapham,
Leavenworth,
Lynch,
Magoon,
McCrary,
McFarland,
McMahon,
Miller,
Monroe,
Morey,
Morgan,
Nash,
Neal,
New,
Norton,
O'Brien,
Oliver,
O'Neill,
Packer,
Page,
Phillips, Mo.,
Phillips, Ks.,
Pierce,
Plaisted,
Platt,
Poppleton,
Potter,
Reilly, John,
Rice,
Riddle,
Robbins, Pa.,
Robinson,
Ross, Pa.,
Rusk,
Sampson,
Savage,
Sayler,
Scales,
Seelye,
Sheakley,
Sinnockson,
Smalls,
Smith, Pa.,
Southard,
Sparks,
Springer,
Strait,
Stevenson,
Stone,
Stowell,
Tarbox,
Teese,
Thompson,
Thornburgh,
Townsend, N. Y.,
Townsend, Pa.,
VanVoorhees,
Vance, Ohio,
Waddle,
Waldron,
Wallace, S. C.,
Wallace, Pa.,
Walling,
Walls,
Ward,
Warren,
Wells, Miss.,
Wheeler,
White,
Whiting,
Willard,
Williams, N. Y.,
Williams, Wis.,
Williams, Ind.,
Williams, W. B. Mich.,
Willis,
Wilson, Ia.,
Wood,
Woodburn,
Woodworth—156.

Mr. RANDALL moved to suspend the rules and adopt a motion to have evening sessions on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week for the consideration of the Legislative and Judicial Appropriation bill. The motion was agreed to, yeas 152, nays 71.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Sayler in the chair, on the bill providing for the deficiency in the engraving and printing bureau of the Treasury, and for the issuance of subsidiary silver coin.

Mr. TOWNSEND, of Pennsylvania, offered an amendment providing that silver coins shall be exchangeable at par for United States notes in sums of not less than three dollars, and shall be receivable for postage and revenue stamps and for all duties to the United States, except customs, in sums not over five dollars, and shall be redeemed on presentation in such sums and under such regulations as shall be prescribed, and that the total issue of silver coin shall not exceed fifty millions of dollars.

Speeches were made by Messrs. LANDERS, of Indiana, and PHILLIPS, of Kansas, against the bill, and by Messrs. EAMS, of Rhode Island, and BURCHARD, of Illinois, in support of it.

Mr. LANDERS characterized the Resumption act as a white elephant on the hands of the Republican party, and expressed his regret that any Democrats were found willing to assist in its management.

Mr. PHILLIPS objected to it, among other reasons, because it established a third standard of value.

Mr. BURCHARD referred to the fact that all Governments, except the United States, maintained a subsidiary silver currency, and to the fact that it had been demonstrated that it was cheaper to the Government to issue it than to issue fractional paper currency. He believed that the people would not entrust the control of the country to the Democratic party unless they were assured that that party would maintain the credit of the Government.

Mr. BRIGHT opposed the silver currency feature of the bill, and declared that the Democratic party had no interest in shouldering the financial blunders of the Republican party. If disaster hung on the heels of the financial policy of the Government, the fault should be allowed to lie at the door of its authors. He spoke of bondholders as vampires sucking the blood of the American people, and as cormorants who are swallowing up the labor of the poor. He favored an appropriation for the employment of 1,600 employees who had been turned out of the engraving and printing bureau, but he wished it distinctly understood it was not the Democratic party that was striking down the system of fractional currency.

Mr. HAMILTON, of New Jersey, said the Republican party had conceived and brought forth the "rag baby," and had forced the illegitimate bantling upon the country against the protest and remonstrance of the Democratic party, and it was now very unkind in that party to repudiate its own offspring and attempt to quarter it on the Democratic household. He charged that by legislative and executive contrivance the Supreme Court of the United States had been reorganized and packed in order to decide the constitutionality of the legal tender law.

Mr. GARFIELD supported the bill, first as a matter of economy, and second, because it was a step in the direction of a general resumption of specie payment. If the silver clause were struck out of this bill, it would be necessary to increase the appropriation for printing fractional currency $250,000. He expressed his amazement at the spirit which permeated the speech of the gentleman from New York [Hewitt], on his declaration that the resumption bill was a Republican measure, and that therefore it should not bolster it up by the Democratic majority in the House. He intimated that there was in Mr. Hewitt's opposition to the bill another big bonanza besides the silver one, and that was the obtaining of a contract for a New York bank note company to print fractional currency. He reminded the House that the fractional currency had to be renewed every ten months, while silver currency would not need to be renewed in half a century. The gentleman from New York, therefore, advocated a currency which would cost the Government almost two million dollars a year, while the Republican party was for a currency which would cost about one-fifteenth of that. As to the gentleman's (Hewitt's) assertion that fractional currency was the poor man's currency, and that the substitution of silver would be a robbery of the poor man, he expressed his astonishment that the gentleman had not absolutely burst in laughter at the absurdity of his own proposition. If the bill was not a step toward the resumption of specie payment, he would vote against it, no matter whether it was economical; but if it were in the direction of specie payment, he would vote for it, no matter what the cost might be. He advocated the bill because it was safe, easy and economical, and was in the direction of the observance of the public faith.

Mr. PAGE denied that this bill would benefit the Pacific coast any more than any other part of the country, or that the interests of California and Nevada were different in that respect from those of any other part of the country. He said that the people of the Pacific coast had recently purchased from the Government four million dollars of silver coin, for which they had paid dollar for dollar in gold. He asserted that silver coin circulated on the Pacific coast the same as gold coin. As to the assertion that the issuance of silver coin had been resolved on in the interest of the Big Bonanza, he pointed to the fact that the shares of the Consolidated California Company were calculated at $750 per share now, less than they were when that policy was entered on. Favoring as he did the resumption of specie payment at an early day, he was in favor of the bill, and would vote for it.

Mr. TOWNSEND, of Pennsylvania, advocated the bill and his own amendment to it. He characterized Mr. Hewitt's speech as intensely partisan, and gave to that gentlemen's Latin quotation "Tuneo danaos et dona ferentes," the free interpretation—"Democratic rags are better than Republican silver." [Laughter]

Mr. RANDALL, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, closed the debate with a speech in favor of the bill. The chief objections which had been made to the substitution of silver coin for fractional currency were, first, that it would be a depreciation of the currency, and second, that the value of silver might be decreased and that of greenbacks depreciated to a point that would render it profitable to melt or export silver coin, and that the people might thereby be put to serious inconvenience for want of change. The first objection was readily answered. There was no proposition to depreciate silver coin. On the contrary, the bill provided for the issue of silver coin of the same weight and purity as had been issued by the mint since 1853. In fact, the coins proposed to be issued would be slightly more valuable than those coined from 1853 to 1863, as the object was to make a silver dollar conform to the weight and value of a five franc piece. The picture drawn by the gentleman [Hewitt] as to the injury to the poor from the substitution of silver for that of paper currency, was highly overcharged. He [Randall] thought these silver coins would maintain a purchasing power equal with legal tender rates, or even with gold, for small payments, after the limit of substitution would be reached, and then no further issue of silver coin could be made except exchangeable at par in gold. The entire amount of silver coin proposed would be needed and actually employed as change money, and being only procurable from the mints for gold coin at par, a redundancy would be impossible. This check and the amount for which silver coin should be a legal tender would effectually check any of the evils predicted, and no loss could result to the people, as silver coin would be current at its nominal value. What was proposed to be issued was not debased coin, as spoken of by the gentleman from New York [Hewitt], but coin of the standard value, of authorized weight and purity, and more valuable than that issued by most countries of Europe. As to the second objection, that silver coin might not remain out on account of an increased value in the gold premium or in the silver premium, or in both, he would be gratified if some provisions of law could be enacted which would appreciate the greenbacks, or if such a condition of trade could be reached as could produce the same result, for then silver coin would certainly remain out. In the absence of such a condition of things, some risk must be encountered; but before the adjournment of this session the success or failure of the undertaking would be settled, and if there were any error, it could be easily corrected.

Various amendments were offered by Messrs. Wells, of Missouri, Holman, Townsend, of New York, and others.

The committee then rose and reported the bill and amendments, with the understanding that a five minute debate will be allowed in the House, and votes be taken on each amendment.

The House then adjourned.

STATE NEWS.

Corn and hay are the best paying crops in Bucks county.

A fourteen year old girl in Sullivan weighs 185 pounds.

An ox died of hydrophobia in Chester county a few days ago.

Mrs. Peden, of Johnstown, died last week, aged eighty-five years.

The Catholics in Doylstown are about erecting a school building.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. P. Sieg, of Harrisburg, celebrated their golden wedding on Friday evening.

At a public sale in Bedford county, last week, potatoes were sold at sixteen cents per bushel.

"Mother" Sheeman, of Johnstown, aged between 109 and 115, was supposed to be dying last week.

The missionary collections in the Central Pennsylvania M. E. Conference, last year, were $18,869 89.

A daily paper will be issued from the office of the Carbon *Democrat* during the coming murder trial.

A Blair county lady, Miss Mollie Bailey, has just finished a quilt containing 380 patches, or 15,830 pieces.

John J. Reimensnyder, sixty-four years of age, was recently admitted to practice law in Northumberland county.

James Adams, of Shippensburg, Cumberland county, has been a fireman and engineer on the railroad for thirty-seven years.

Leander Murphy, a twelve year old lad of Greensburg, has invented a railroad switch which has attracted the attention of railroad officials.

Justice Rich, of Buckingham, has been in office twenty one years, and has never yet sent a case to the courts. He believes in peace-making.

Miss Temperance Anderson, of Baden, who will visit the Centennial, has hair six feet eight inches long, probably the longest in the United States.

Two of the triplets recently born to Mrs. Ream in Conemaugh township, Cambria county, died on Thursday night, and the remaining infant is not expected to live.

A Shamokin lady hurried to her Sunday school class last week without the usual cards for the pupils. Her little son was sent for them, and soon returned in triumph with a euchre deck.

A Williamsport debating society has decided that a Warrior—with a big W—is of more benefit to his country than the Statesman or the Poet—with a big S and P. And now let the statesman take a back seat, and the poets rein in their Pegasus.

Wm. H. Sheriff, of Slate Hill, York county, was on his way home on Monday, between the hours of two and three o'clock. He was accosted by two ruffians, who bucked and gagged him, and tied him to a tree, after which they relieved him of his cash, which amounted to $1 63 and a seven shooting revolver.

Albert Loskoskey, a laborer on the projected South Mountain railroad, was instantly killed opposite Reading, on Friday afternoon, by an enbankment of earth falling upon him. Four other laborers who were working with him narrowly escaped the same fate. The deceased was forty years of age and leaves a family.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

COTTON.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, March 27.—Market quiet; middling 13c. Net receipts 434 bales; gross 745 bales. Exports—Coastwise 596 bales. Sales 482 bales.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, March 27—Middling 13c. Net receipts 1,292 bales. Exports—Coastwise 815 bales. Sales 1,350 bales.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, March 27.—Market quiet; middling 13⅛@13¼c. Net receipts 1,072 bales. Exports—Coastwise 393 bales. Sales 500 bales.

Mobile.

MOBILE, March 27.—Market quiet: middling 13c. Net receipts 980 bales. Exports—Coastwise 203 bales. Sales 1,200 bales.

Pork Packing Statistics.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—The Cincinnati *Price Current's* twenty-seventh annual exhibit of pork packing in the West, which will be published in this week's issue of that paper with full details, shows the number of hogs packed during the past winter in the West, to have been 4,880,135, a falling off of 686,091 compared with last year. The average net weight per hog was 217 70-100 per cent. The total shows a falling off of 105,183,436 pounds net weight, or a decrease of nine per cent. The average yield of all kinds of lard per hog is 35 45-100 pounds, an increase of 1¼ pounds. The total weight of lard was 173,016,580 pounds, a decrease of 17,364,027 pounds, equivalent to 54,262 tierces, equal to 9⅛ per cent. of the product. The decrease in receipts of hogs at Eastern cities, including Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Albany, Baltimore and Buffalo show a falling off of over 300,000 for the winter, which makes in round numbers a deficiency of one million hogs marketed in and from the West during the winter season, compared with last year.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—River 33 feet 3 inches and falling. Weather cloudy and threatening. Arrived—E. H. Durfee, Pittsburgh; Hudson, Wheeling; Cons Millar, Memphis; Mary Houston and H. S. Turner, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—Weather clear and pleasant this evening; a steady rain since midday. Arrived—Golden Rule and Cherokee, Cincinnati; Kountz, Red river.

NASHVILLE, March 27.—River rising; 25 feet on shoals. Arrived—Bermuda, Cairo. Departed—Bermuda, Cairo.

LITTLE ROCK, March 27.—Weather cloudy and rainy. River rising rapidly, now 22 feet. Arrived—Ella Hughes, Fort Smith. Departed—Rosa Miller, Pine Bluff; Maumalee, above.

VICKSBURG, March 27.—Down—Commonwealth and Pargoud. Up—Glencoe.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—Weather cool and cloudy. Departed—Mary Houston and Glasgow, Cincinnati; Tarascon, Henderson. River 13 feet 8 inches in canal.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—Arrived—Maggie, Illinois river; Colorado, Vicksburg; Means, Pittsburgh. Departed—City of Chester, Memphis; Clinton, Dubuque. River fallen 2 inches, but will raise again soon. Rain has fallen all day and continues to-night, with signs of ceasing.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Complete Official List of the Delegates to the Republican State Convention.

The following is a list of the delegates to the Republican State Convention, which meets at Harrisburg to-morrow:

Senatorial Delegates.

Dist.
1. Wm S. Douglass.
2. Wm. L. Smith.
3. Charles E. Haines.
4. Ellis Phipps.
5. P. A. B. Widener.
6. H. H. Bingham.
7. James W. Sayres.
8. Joseph Comley.
9. Amos Gartside.
10. Cyrus Hillborn.
11. Jacob Knabb.
12. Jos. A. Shoemaker.
13. R. W. Shenk.
14. Jeremiah Hahn.
15. Joseph J. Clyde.
16. Edward B. Young.
17. C. P. Miller.
18. Frank Reeder.
19. Samuel Butler.
20. Lewis Pughe.
21. W. A. M. Grier.
22. J. Lantz.
23. ———
24. W. M. Dietrich.
25. B. B. Strang.

Dist.
26. Thomas Y. Boyd.
27. Charles Miller.
28. William Wallace.
29. Lin Bartholomew.
30. Wallace Guss.
31. John H. Sheibley.
32. J. T. Zug.
33. George B. Orlady.
34. W. P. Wilson.
35. J. F. Milliken.
36. John Cessna.
37. G. M. Brewer.
38. E. L. Davis.
39. J. R. McAfee.
40. G. W. K. Minor.
41. Moses Sullivan.
42. W. B. Rodgers.
43. C. L. Magee.
44. C. B. Seeley.
45. C. S. Fetterman.
46. J. S. Rutan.
47. L. H. Sample.
48. George W. Allen.
49. M. W. Caughey.
50. S. Newton Pettis.

Representative Delegates.

PHILADELPHIA.

Dist.
1. Edward B. Cobb, George Shaffer.
2. Henry Mitchell, Albert Betson.
3. Joseph Lybrandt.
4. Thomas Smith.
5. Isaac Covert.
6. Chas. F. Thatcher.
7. William Elliott, John Miller.
8. R. R. Smith.
9. D. B. Beitler.
10. J. R. Claghorn.
11. Lewis W. Sheets.
12. Dr. A. H. McAdam.
13. William B. Elliott.
14. Hugh A. Muhlen.
15. T. H. Kemble, C. Hughes, George Hyde.

Dist.
16. Joseph R. Ash.
17. H. Snyder.
18. Mont. Claredge, George Roney.
19. H. B. Hackett, Adam Albright, David Martin.
20. William Hazlett, S. D. Strock.
21. Charles A. Porter.
22. W. M. Taylor.
23. Theodore Wilson.
24. Richard Peltz.
25. J. T. Thompson.
26. W. B. Collins, William Gillespie.
27. Christian Kneass.
28. John Cloud.

Adams—Edward G. Fahnestock, Edward McPherson.

Allegheny—First district, John Megraw, W. C. Cooke, W. Wettach; Second, Andrew Fulton, E. C. Mathews; Third, Ralph J. Richardson; Fourth, George Troutman, George Oliver, J. McDevitt, Mark Donley; Fifth, Josiah Speer, William Neeb, Samuel Steele, George Y. McKee.

Armstrong—J. A. Vanhorn, Charles Bovard.

Beaver—J. Weyand, G. S. Barker.

Bedford—Charles W. Aschcom, Samuel Jordan.

Blair—C. S. W. Jones, Dr. J. W. Johnson.

Bradford—N. N. Betts, A. C. Frisbie, John H. Grant.

Bucks—Samuel T. Gwinner, Samuel Davis, Dr. S. E. Bowman, Aaron T. Stover.

Butler—J. D. McJunkin, Dr. A. W. Crawford.

Berks—First district, Jacob Snell, Jacob W. Glase; Second, C. F. Reifsnyder, Wm. Taylor, Wm. H. Clymer, Henry Wamsher.

Cambria—John C. Gates, George T. Swank.

Cameron—J. S. Wiley.

Carbon—Wm. Lilly, E. Mell Boyle.

Center—James P. Coburn, E. T. Tuten.

Chester—Levi G. McCauley, Levi B. Kohler, Thomas K. Windle, Edward Harlan.

Clarion—George W. Ralph, John B Patrick.

Clearfield—Thomas H. Murray.

Clinton—J. B. G. Kinsloe.

Columbia—D. A. Beckley, William H. Utt.

Crawford—W. W. Bloss, L. Coyle, Andrew Apple, W. S. Rose.

Cumberland—James E. McClain, Dr. William B. Mosser.

Dauphin—William H. Patterson, Joseph B. Landis, Charles S. Gilbert.

Delaware—William Rhoads, William Smith.

Elk—J. H. Haggerty.

Erie—First district, S. E. Kincaide; Second, J. Wells, William Grant, J. E. Walther.

Fayette—W. R. Sweitzer, J. M. Thompson.

Forest—J. T. Dale.

Franklin—John Stewart, James A. McKnight, William Burgess.

Fulton—Dr. J. S. Trout.

Greene—Samuel W. Scott.

Huntingdon—*John W. Mattern, *William B. Gilliland.

Indiana—S. A. Smith, R. M. Birkman.

Jefferson—*S. J. Marlin.

Juniata—James A. Lyon.

Lancaster—First district, Thomas B. Cochran; Second, Amaziah Herr, N. M. Woods; Third, Amos Rutter, Fred Smith, Stephen Grissinger.

Lawrence—John Bower, George B. Berger.

Lebanon—Israel W. Groh, Jacob Bixler.

Lehigh—R. Clay Hamersly, John Adams, David Williams.

Lycoming—Dr. G. N. Cline, S. N. Williams, W. H. H. Walton.

Luzerne—First district, J. P. Hand; Second, L. C. Dante; Third, G. L. Halsey; Fourth, S. H. Bateman; Fifth, J. B. Daniels; Sixth, E. N. Williard, J. G. Noakes; Seventh, Theodore Strong; Eighth, G. S. T. Alexander.

McKean—Abram Anderson.

Mifflin—James McFarlane.

Mercer—J. C. Brown, John McElwain, Perry Williams.

Monroe—David Keller.

Montgomery—William M. Mintzer, Benjamin Thomas, Joseph E. Throppe, George Bullock, George N. Corson.

Montour—D. W. Smith.

Northampton—J. K. Dawes, Uriah N. Wenner, David Ackerman.

Northumberland—P. L. Hackenberry, W. H. M. Oram.

Perry—John Wister.

Pike—E. Pinchot.

Potter—H. J. Olmsted.

Schuylkill—First district, Dr. D. Deckert; Second, A. B. Cochran; Third, L. W. Heil; Fourth, J. M. Glick, Ed. S. Silliman, George H. Stehlin.

Snyder—William Harding.

Somerset—Ed. Scull, Wm. H. Koontz.

Sullivan—E. M. Dunham.

Susquehanna—James E. Carmalt, A. P. Stephens.

Tioga—John I. Mitchell, W. T. Humphrey.

Union—J. B. McLaughlin.

Venango—C. S. Mark, F. W. Hays, J. F. Selby.

Warren—Patrick Falconer

Washington—Joel Truesdell, John A. Harper, R. V. Johnson.

Wayne—Giles Green, Robert A. Smith.

Westmoreland—John Cursler, J. A. Ege, Dr. J. I. McCormick.

Wyoming—S. H. Briggs.

York—C. H. Bressler, Julius Kister, William Brinkman, Calvin G. Smith.

*Contested.

A Harmonsburg (Crawford county, Pa.) correspondent of the Conneautville *Courier* says: "It is rumored that W. W. Reed, of Erie, and others, will raise Conneaut Lake four feet, for the purpose of creating a water power for a woolen mill, paper mill, or some other manufactory at the foot of the lake.

DIED:

WARING—On Sunday, March 26, 1876, at 5 A. M., at Iona Station, A. V. R. R., AGGIE, wife of Henry B. Waring, and youngest daughter of Philip Rhodes, Esq., aged thirty years.

The funeral will take place from the Forty-third street Station, on the arrival of the 2:15 P. M. train on TUESDAY. Carriages will leave the office of H. Samson, 19 Seventh avenue, at 1:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

MILLER—On Monday morning, March 27th, at 12:45, ROBERT MILLER, late Foreman of Engine Company No. 3, Pittsburgh Fire Department, in the thirty-sixth year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 6 Bluff street, on THURSDAY, March 30, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $5,167,547 46.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth Ave.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS,
285 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS,
REVOLVERS,
Ammunition, Barrels, Locks, Mountings, &c., Fishing Tackle, Seines, Nets.
Repairing done. Call and examine, or send for Illustrated Price List.

Pier, Dannals & Co.,
Brewers, CORNER FORBES & STEVENSON STREETS, PITTSBURGH, offer for sale the
Best Cream Ale and Porter
AT THE
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
ORDERS BY MAIL SOLICITED.
Bottled Ale and Porter a Specialty.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD..................Managers.
TUESDAY EVENING, March 28, 1876, the Beautiful Emotional Actress,
MISS MAY HOWARD,
As MERCY MERRICK in Wilkie Collins' Dramatic Story,
The New Magdalen.
MAY HOWARD MATINEE SATURDAY.

Trimble's Varieties Theatre.
FRED. AIMS..............................Manager.
MONDAY, MARCH 27, 1876, Great Ballet Troupe, Bettie Remmelsberg and 16 Beautiful Corphyees Female Minstrels. Jas. Collins, Martha Wren, Emil Geroux, Lottie Grant, Manchester and Jennings, Cotton and Birdue. Over 50 Talented Artists.
FRIDAY, MARCH 31, AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
BENEFIT OF
MANAGER FRED. AIMS.
A HOST OF VOLUNTEERS.
Family Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

LIBRARY HALL TO-NIGHT.
Carncross & Dixey's Minstrels.
JOHN L. CARNCROSS.............Manager.
"THE SWEET BYE AND BYE,"
SOLO BY MR. J. L. CARNCROSS.
THE CENTENNIAL TABLEAUX AND IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.
The Three New Sensations Every Night.
ONLY MATINEE SATURDAY.
Seats at Hale's Music Store. Secured Seats, $1. Admission, 50 cents, 75 cents and $1.

VIENNA
Glycerine Soap,
25 Gross just received for Winter use. This Celebrated Soap contains one-third part of Sary's Pure Glycerine. Price, 3 Cakes, 50 Cents. Also, a large lot of Brecknell's Skin Soap, Low's, Lubin's, &c., all Direct Importation.
Simon Johnston,
Cor. Smithfield St. and Fourth Avenue.

We are daily receiving the Latest Novelties in
NEW CARPETS
OLIVER McCLINTOCK AND CO.,
33 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.
CARPETS Made and Laid in the Best Manner.
TThs

BARGAINS
IN
MANTELS & GRATES.
WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATE, Cleanest and Best.
Thousands of Certificates attest its Superiority to all others.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
49 Sixth Street.

PITTSBURGH HOT AIR FURNACE!
ABSOLUTELY CLEAN! DURABLE! ECONOMICAL!
ADAPTED FOR BITUMINOUS SLACK OR COKE.
INDORSED BY
Edward M. Butz, Architect,
Charles Davis, City Engineer,
John Megraw, Contractor,
William Boyd, Builder,
Samuel Hastings, Builder,
James Leitch, Builder,
J. C. Patterson, Builder,
James B. Chambers, Builder,
James Gilleand, Builder,
And Others.
MANUFACTURED BY
L. PETERSON, Jr. & Co., 187 Liberty St.

NEW SPRING GOODS!
T. & J. T. McCANCE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
NO. 196 LIBERTY STREET.

EUWER BROTHERS,
LUMBER!
Pine, YELLOW PINE and Hemlock, all sizes and qualities, Rough and Dressed. Lath and Shingles, by the 1,000 or car load.
Yard—COR. CRAIG AND KILLBUCK STREETS AND RIVER BANK, ALLEGHENY.

PITTSBURGH WIRE WORKS,
TThs 35 Market Street.

PROPOSALS:

WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, Allegheny, March 25, 1876.
SEALED PROPOSALS
will be received at this office until 6 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, 31st inst., for furnishing the following supplies for the use of the prison, viz:
FRESH BEEF, P 100 lbs., free of bone.
LUMP COAL AND COARSE COAL, to be delivered in large wagons.
Each contract for 8 months, from May 1st.
The Board of Inspectors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
EDWARD S. WRIGHT, Warden.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING
IRON RAILINGS,
For the Abutments of Hiland Avenue Bridge, over Railroad street. Also, for furnishing and erecting Iron Steps and Railing at same place, will be received at the City Engineer's Office, where plans and specifications can be seen, UNTIL APRIL 3, 1876.
W. H. DENNISTON,
JOHN BEECHER,
LEMUEL SPOHR,
S. F. STEWART,
JOHN LIGGETT,
Commissioners for the Improvement of Hiland Avenue No. 2.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., March 24, 1876.
Notice to Printers and Binders.
SEALED PROPOSALS
Will be received at this office until the 30th inst., inclusive, for Printing and Binding County Treasurer's Tax Receipts for 1876.
Samples of the above work can be seen in the office of the County Treasurer.
HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, PA., March 25, 1876.
Notice to Carpenters and Builders.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office UNTIL THE 3D DAY OF APRIL NEXT, inclusive, for Building an Office for the County Commissioners.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of E. M. Butts, Architect, 64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny.
HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR SALE
New Two-Story Frame House,
With Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall; Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c.; located on Grandview avenue Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city.
Terms easy. Inquire at the
COMMERCIAL OFFICE.

GAS FIXTURES!

We are receiving our Spring Stock of
CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c.,
Which we are offering at prices to suit the times.
WELDON & KELLY,
Plumbers and Gas Fitters,
147 WOOD STREET.
TThs

GORDON'S FOOD
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.
HORSES fed on this system are always in good and healthy condition.
COWS give as much milk as when fed on the rich Spring grass.
The Great Economical Food for Stock.

PITTSBURGH, August 30, 1875.
Dear Sir: We have used Gordon's Food for Horses and Cattle, and are pleased with its results, feeling satisfied that it is a good feed. We freely recommend its use, and shall continue to use it.
WM. LIVINGSTON,
Superintendent Citizens' Passenger R. R.
PITTSBURGH, August 30, 1875.
For the past six weeks we have fed our horses, twelve in number, with most satisfactory results, Gordon's Spice Food, and highly recommend its use to all who have the keeping of horses.
THE HOWE MACHINE COMPANY,
J. W. Wheeler, General Manager.
Send for descriptive pamphlet to
MYLER BROS.,
53 Federal street, Allegheny City.
General Agents for Western Pennsylvania.
For sale in Pittsburgh by
A. BRICKER & SONS,
Commission Merchants, 199 Liberty street.
MTuWThF

SIGNS!
For Plain or Fancy SIGNS, at the lowest rates, go to JNO. T. GRAY'S Paint Shop,
84 Diamond street,
Fourth door above Smithfield street.

AUCTION SALES.

BY JOHN D. BAILEY.
WHEATLAND
Rail Mills and Blast Furnaces,
FOR SALE.
WE WILL OFFER AT AUCTION, on the premises,
ON THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1876,
AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,
The above named valuable property, located at Wheatland, Mercer county, Pa., on the line of the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, and having track connection with A. and G. W. R. R.
The property consists of 4 Blast Furnaces, capable of producing 600 tons of Pig Metal weekly; 1 Rail Mill nearly new, with all modern improvements and capable of producing 1,000 tons of Rails weekly; some 220 Buildings, consisting of Tenant Houses, Managers' and Clerks' Houses, Brick and Frame Offices, Carpenter Shop, Store, Locomotive House, Ice House, Stables, &c., &c., together with about 325 Acres of Land, one and three-quarter miles of Railroad Track, Switch, Siding, &c., &c. The Furnaces and Rail Mills are in good order and ready for immediate use, and the Buildings in good condition, the larger portion of them having been but recently erected.
Also, 800 SHARES, BEING TWO-THIRDS INTEREST OF
Shenango Coal Company Stock,
Together with certain leases and royalties on Coal in mines now being operated by said Company, a detailed description of which will be furnished on application.
TERMS—One-half cash, $10,000 of which (either in cash or approved certified check) will be required at time of sale, remainder of cash payment on tender of deed; balance in one, two and three years with interest, and secured by bond and close mortgage, with Scire Facias clause, on the premises.
For pamphlet, giving full detailed description of Wheatland Property, Buildings, Machinery, Furnaces, &c., address
R. J. ANDERSON,
JOHN J. SPEARMAN,
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
Trustees in Bankruptcy of J. T. & C. A. Wood, 114 Water street, Pittsburgh.
JOHN D. BAILEY, Auctioneer.

BY N. WHITING & CO.
AUCTION SALE
OF
Men and Boys' Clothing,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
Gents & Boys' Underwear, &c.,
At the Store of URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.,
121 Wood Street, Corner Fifth Avenue,
Commencing on FRIDAY MORNING, March 24, and continuing until goods are all sold.
The attention of the public is invited to this sale. As we are about to remove to our new store, we are determined to close our stock now on hand.
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.
N. WHITING & CO., Auctioneers.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
Real Estate.
NO. 90 BEECH STREET, ALLEGHENY, within half square of the Parks; nearly new three-story Brick House, with all modern improvements. Lot 25x100, to 20 foot alley.
NO. 928 PENN AVENUE; modern built three-story Brick, ten rooms; lot 24x100 to paved alley. Can be adapted to business purposes at small cost. Terms easy.
NO. 47 BEECH STREET, ALLEGHENY, near the Parks. Finely finished Brick, ten rooms, marble mantels, bath room, closets, and everything complete; lot 30x100 to Buttercup alley.
NO. 5 SNYDER STREET, Pleasant Valley, Allegheny. Nearly new Frame House, six rooms and finished attic; large lot; street cars within short distance. Small cash payment required; balance on long time.
EAST LIBERTY. Elegant Building Lot near Hiland avenue, 24x107 feet. Will be sold very low for cash
F. L. STEPHENSON,
Broker and Notary Public.
No. 16 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE,
Two Fine Residences.
Those two desirable Residences, Nos. 32 and 34 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, Fifth ward, Allegheny, situated on the elevation adjoining the properties of Wm. Frazier, Robert Lea and Wm. Speer, surroundings unexcelled. Are finished in modern style throughout, with large amount of ground to each, and built but a short time ago. Have each 8 large Rooms, Marble Mantels, Finished Attics, Bath Rooms, Water Closets, Dry Cellars.
Persons in search of a home will find these among the most desirably located Residences in the two cities, and should not delay to examine, as but seldom such investments are offered or to be had.
For full particulars call on
C. BERINGER,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
116 Smithfield street.

For Sale,
THE WHEELING STEEL WORKS,
situated at Martin's Ferry, Belmont county, Ohio, opposite Wheeling, containing about 5 acres of ground, with all the buildings and machinery necessary for the manufacture of Steel thereon. Excellent shipping facilities. A splendid manufacturing site and rare chance for any one wishing to engage in this or a similar kind of manufacturing business.
If not sold before WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of APRIL, it will on that day be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, to the highest bidder.
For further information and terms apply to
JAMES KERR, President,
Martin's Ferry, Ohio.
D*

S. STUTZ,
Mining and Mechanical Engineer,
OFFICE, 96½ FOURTH AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Examines and Surveys Coal Mines and Mining Properties, furnishes working plans and estimates for Mines. The erection of Improved Coke Ovens and Washing Machinery a specialty. He also will superintend the establishment and working of Mines.

Fairbank's Standard
Scales
Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine. Also Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, improved Money Drawers, &c. Grocers' Fixtures. Scales Repaired Promptly.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
48 Wood street, Pittsburgh.